UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT
PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

October 29, 2019
Date of Report
(Date of earliest event reported)



GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation) 001-32195 (Commission File Number) 80-0873306 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

6620 West Broad Street, Richmond, VA (Address of principal executive offices)

23230 (Zip Code)

(804) 281-6000 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

 $\label{eq:NA} N/A$ (Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

	k the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is inte wing provisions (see General Instruction A.2 below):	ended to simultaneously satisfy the filing	g obligation of the registrant under any of the				
	Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)						
	Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)						
	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 1	4d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 C	FR 240.14d-2(b))				
	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 1	3e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CF	FR 240.13e-4(c))				
Secu	Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:						
occu	ities registered pursuant to section 12(0) of the rect.						
Secu	Title of Each Class	Trading Symbol	Name of each exchange on which registered				
	Ç , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	8	8				
C	Title of Each Class ass A Common Stock, par value \$.001 per	Symbol GNW growth company as defined in Rule 405	on which registered New York Stock Exchange				

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new

or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. \Box

Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On October 29, 2019, Genworth Financial, Inc. (the "Company") issued (1) a press release announcing its financial results for the quarter ended September 30, 2019, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1 and is incorporated herein by reference, and (2) a financial supplement for the quarter ended September 30, 2019, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.2 and is incorporated herein by reference.

The information contained in this Current Report on Form8-K (including the exhibits) is being furnished and shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") or otherwise subject to the liabilities under that Section and shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing of the company under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended or the Exchange Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing. The information contained in this Current Report on Form 8-K shall not be incorporated by reference into any registration statement or other document pursuant to the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in any such filing.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

The following materials are furnished as exhibits to this Current Report on Form8-K:

Exhibit Number	Description of Exhibit
99.1	Press Release dated October 29, 2019.
99.2	Financial Supplement for the quarter ended September 30, 2019.
104	Cover Page Interactive File (the cover page tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document).

SIGNATURES

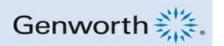
Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.

Date: October 29, 2019

By: /s/ Matthew D. Farney
Matthew D. Farney

Matthew D. Farney Vice President and Controller (Principal Accounting Officer) **News Release**



6620 West Broad Street Richmond, VA 23230

Genworth Financial Announces Third Quarter 2019 Results

Net Income Of \$18 Million And Adjusted Operating Income Of \$123 Million

- Reached Agreement To Sell Genworth's Majority Interest In Genworth MI Canada Inc. To Brookfield Business Partners L.P. With Approximately \$1.8 Billion Expected Net Proceeds
- Merger Agreement With China Oceanwide Holdings Group Co., Ltd (Oceanwide) Extended To Not Later Than December 31, 2019
- U.S. Mortgage Insurance (MI) Adjusted Operating Income Of \$137 Million With \$18.9 Billion In New Insurance Written (NIW) And Continued Strong Loss Performance
- U.S. MI's PMIERs1 Sufficiency Ratio At 129 Percent, In Excess Of \$850 Million Above Requirements
- \$62 Million Capital Returned To The Holding Company In The Quarter From Canada And Australia MI
- Continued Progress With Long Term Care Insurance (LTC) In Force Rate Actions In Line With Plan
- Annual Review Of LTC Claim Reserves Completed With No Significant Adjustments. Loss Recognition Testing And Cash Flow Testing Will Be Completed In The Fourth Quarter
- \$250 Million Dividend From U.S. MI To The Holding Company Completed In October 2019

Richmond, VA (October 29, 2019) – Genworth Financial, Inc. (NYSE: GNW) today reported results for the quarter ended September 30, 2019. The company reported net income² of \$18 million, or \$0.04 per diluted share, in the third quarter of 2019, compared with net income of \$146 million, or \$0.29 per diluted share, in the third quarter of 2018. The company reported adjusted operating income³ of \$123 million, or \$0.24 per diluted share, in the third quarter of 2019, compared with adjusted operating income of \$99 million, or \$0.20 per diluted share, in the third quarter of 2018.

With the pending sale of Genworth MI Canada Inc. (Genworth Canada), Canada MI segment results are reported as discontinued operations, and all prior periods have been re-presented accordingly. While the

- Private Mortgage Insurer Eligibility Requirements
- Unless otherwise stated, all references in this press release to net income (loss), net income per share, net income (loss) from discontinued operations, adjusted operating income (loss), adjusted operating income per share and book value per share should be read as net income (loss) available to Genworth's common stockholders, net income (loss) available to Genworth's common stockholders per diluted share, net income (loss) from discontinued operations available to Genworth's common stockholders, adjusted operating income (loss) available to Genworth's common stockholders, adjusted operating income (loss) available to Genworth's common stockholders per diluted share and book value available to Genworth's common stockholders per share, respectively.
- This is a financial measure that is not calculated based on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (Non-GAAP). See the Use of Non-GAAP Measures section of this press release for additional information.

expected net proceeds amount exceeds the balance sheet carrying value of Genworth Canada, the company recorded an estimated after-tax loss of \$164 million on the sale due to historical foreign currency translation adjustments in accumulated other comprehensive income that must be recognized upon sale. Including the estimated loss on sale, the company recognized a net loss from discontinued operations of \$110 million⁴ in the quarter.

Strategic Update

During and following the third quarter, Genworth and Oceanwide made progress towards closing their previously announced transaction.

On August 13, 2019, Genworth and Brookfield Business Partners L.P. (NYSE: BBU) (TSX: BBU.UN) (Brookfield Business Partners) announced an agreement for Brookfield Business Partners to purchase Genworth's majority interest in Genworth Canada for CAD\$48.86 per share, reflecting a total transaction value of approximately CAD\$2.4 billion (the Canada Transaction). Genworth is selling its stake in Genworth Canada to facilitate the completion of the acquisition of Genworth by Oceanwide (the Oceanwide Transaction). Genworth also believes that the sale of its stake in Genworth Canada would allow it to increase its financial flexibility, whether or not the Oceanwide Transaction is consummated. Oceanwide consented to the Canada Transaction, and in connection with the announcement, Genworth and Oceanwide entered into the 12th Waiver and Agreement extending the merger agreement deadline to not later than December 31, 2019.

On October 22, 2019, Genworth announced it received feedback from Canadian regulators with respect to the Canada Transaction. The Canadian regulators remain focused on national security matters, including data protection and, in particular, the continued protection of Canadian customer data during the period after the closing of the Canada Transaction when Genworth will be providing certain transition services to Genworth Canada before it transitions away from Genworth's information technology platforms. Genworth and Brookfield Business Partners are working to assure the regulators that Canadian customers' information has appropriate protections.

Genworth and Brookfield Business Partners have received all other required approvals to complete the sale of Genworth Canada and are targeting a closing of the Canada Transaction by the end of 2019.

The Canada Transaction value of CAD\$2.4 billion is expected to result in approximately USD\$1.8 billion of net proceeds. Proceeds received at closing will be reduced by special dividends received from Genworth Canada

4 A breakdown of the net loss from discontinued operations is provided in a table at the end of this press release.

during the period between signing and closing. Of the net proceeds, approximately USD\$500 million will be paid to Genworth's primary U.S. MI insurance subsidiary based on its ownership share of Genworth Canada. In addition, approximately USD\$445 million of proceeds will be used to repay Genworth's term loan issued March 7, 2018 as required under the terms of the loan agreement.

Previously, Oceanwide and Genworth had received approvals from all necessary U.S. regulators with respect to the Oceanwide Transaction. The parties recently provided supplemental information to certain regulators to reflect the Genworth Canada disposition and the passage of time since their prior approval of the Oceanwide Transaction. The approval of the New York Department of Financial Services (NYDFS) expired earlier in the year and the parties are in discussion with the NYDFS to secure an appropriate reapproval. In addition, Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac will need to reapprove the Oceanwide Transaction. Other regulators are still reviewing the supplemental information to determine whether it has any impact on their existing approvals. Following the receipt of all required U.S. regulatory approvals, Oceanwide will also need to receive clearance in China for the currency conversion and transfer of funds.

Genworth and Oceanwide remain committed to the capital investment plan under which Oceanwide and/or its affiliates will contribute an aggregate of \$1.5 billion to Genworth over time following the consummation of the merger, subject to the receipt of the required regulatory approvals and clearances.

"Genworth has significant expertise in implementing security protocols that satisfy data security concerns as a result of the successful implementation of our Enhanced Data Security Program," said Tom McInerney, president and CEO of Genworth Financial. "We are confident in our ability to satisfy the Canadian government's requirements in order to move forward with the sale of Genworth Canada, which is the best path forward to ultimately close the transaction with Oceanwide. The Oceanwide Transaction continues to represent the best value for Genworth's shareholders."

LU Zhiqiang, chairman of Oceanwide, added: "Oceanwide remains committed to the transaction with Genworth, as well as the \$1.5 billion contribution to Genworth over time following the consummation of the transaction, subject to the receipt of the required regulatory approvals and clearances. We look forward to closing the transaction as soon as possible."

Financial Performance

Consolidated Net Income & Adjusted Operating Income

	Thr	Three months ended September 30			
	201	19	2018		
		Per		Per	
		diluted		diluted	Total
(Amounts in millions, except per share)	Total	share	Total	share	% change
Net income available to Genworth's common stockholders	\$ 18	\$ 0.04	\$ 146	\$ 0.29	(88)%
Adjusted operating income	\$ 123	\$ 0.24	\$ 99	\$ 0.20	24%
Weighted-average diluted shares	511.2		503.3		

	As of Sep	tember 30
	2019	2018
Book value per share	\$ 28.57	\$ 25.56
Book value per share, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 21.38	\$ 21.43

Net investment gains, net of taxes and other adjustments, increased net income by \$5 million in the quarter, with net trading gains and gains on limited partnerships offset by derivative losses. Net income in the third quarter of 2018 was reduced by net investment losses, net of taxes and other adjustments, of \$11 million.

Net investment income was \$816 million in the quarter, flat to the prior quarter and up from \$780 million in the prior year. Net investment income increased versus the prior year primarily due to higher limited partnership income, favorable prepayment speed adjustments on mortgage-backed securities, and continued growth in invested assets. The reported yield and the core yield³ for the quarter were 4.93 percent and 4.80 percent, respectively, compared to 4.95 percent and 4.86 percent, respectively, in the prior quarter.

Genworth's effective tax rate on income from continuing operations was approximately 20 percent, bringing theyear-to-date effective tax rate to approximately 27 percent. The effective tax rate for the quarter was impacted by tax timing adjustments and lower taxes on foreign operations.

Adjusted operating income (loss) results by business line are summarized in the table below:

Adjusted Operating Income (Loss)			
(Amounts in millions)	Q3 19	Q2 19	Q3 18
U.S. Mortgage Insurance	\$ 137	\$ 147	\$ 118
Australia Mortgage Insurance	12	13	17
U.S. Life Insurance	(1)	66	(3)
Runoff	10	9	14
Corporate and Other	(35)	(57)	(47)
Total Adjusted Operating Income	<u>\$ 123</u>	<u>\$ 178</u>	\$ 99

Adjusted operating income (loss) represents income (loss) from continuing operations excluding theafter-tax effects of income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests, net investment gains (losses), goodwill impairments, gains (losses) on the sale of businesses, gains (losses) on the early

extinguishment of debt, gains (losses) on insurance block transactions, restructuring costs and other adjustments, net of taxes. A reconciliation of net income to adjusted operating income is included at the end of this press release.

Unless specifically noted in the discussion of results for the Australia MI business, references to percentage changes exclude the impact of translating foreign denominated activity into U.S. dollars (foreign exchange). Percentage changes that include the impact of foreign exchange are found in a table at the end of this press release.

U.S. Mortgage Insurance

Operating Metrics			
(Dollar amounts in millions)	Q3 19	Q2 19	Q3 18
Adjusted operating income	\$ 137	\$ 147	\$ 118
New insurance written			
Primary Flow	\$ 18,900	\$ 15,800	\$ 10,300
Loss ratio	11%	— %	11%

U.S. MI reported adjusted operating income of \$137 million, compared with \$147 million in the prior quarter and \$118 million in the prior year. U.S. MI's flow insurance in force increased 14 percent versus the prior year from strong NIW, driving continued growth in earned premiums, which exceeded \$215 million. The loss ratio in the current quarter was 11 percent, up 11 points sequentially and flat to the prior year. Prior quarter results included a favorable \$10 million pre-tax reserve adjustment which reduced that period's loss ratio by five points.

U.S. MI achieved \$18.9 billion in flow NIW in the quarter, up 20 percent from the prior quarter and 83 percent versus the prior year driven primarily by a larger estimated mortgage insurance market from higher refinance originations as rates declined further during the quarter. The increase in flow NIW versus the prior year was also driven by an estimated increase in market share with the market adoption of the company's proprietary risk-based pricing engine, GenRATE, and selective participation in forward commitment transactions.

Australia Mortgage Insurance

Operating Metrics			
(Dollar amounts in millions)	Q3 19	Q2 19	Q3 18
Adjusted operating income	\$ 12	\$ 13	\$ 17
New insurance written			
Flow	\$ 4,600	\$ 3,700	\$ 3,800
Bulk	\$ —	\$ 1,200	\$ —
Loss ratio	36%	34%	31%

Australia MI reported adjusted operating income of \$12 million versus \$13 million in the prior quarter and \$17 million in the prior year. Australia MI flow NIW increased 27 percent sequentially and 32 percent versus the prior year, primarily due to higher mortgage origination volume from certain key customers. The loss ratio in the quarter was 36 percent, up two points sequentially and up five points from the prior year primarily due to lower levels of earned premium from portfolio seasoning.

U.S. Life Insurance

Adjusted Operating Income (Loss)			
(Amounts in millions)	Q3 19	Q2 19	Q3 18
Long Term Care Insurance	\$ 21	\$ 37	\$ (24)
Life Insurance	(25)	10	(2)
Fixed Annuities	3	19	23
Total U.S. Life Insurance	\$ (1)	\$ 66	\$ (3)

Long Term Care Insurance

Long term care insurance reported adjusted operating income of \$21 million, compared with adjusted operating income of \$37 million in the prior quarter and an adjusted operating loss of \$24 million in the prior year. Compared to the prior quarter and prior year, results reflected higher earnings from in force rate actions, partially offset by growth in new claims. Compared to the prior quarter, results also reflected seasonally lower claim terminations.

The company completed its annual review of LTC claim reserves in the third quarter. The review concluded with no significant adjustments to its assumptions and methodologies related to LTC claim reserves, as experience in aggregate was in line with expectations. In the fourth quarter of 2019, the company will perform loss recognition and cash flow testing for all of its U.S. life insurance products. Fourth quarter annual testing will include review of assumptions, including incidence, benefit utilization, mortality, interest rates and in force rate actions, among other assumptions, and incorporate emerging claim experience in newer LTC blocks. Results of the annual testing as well as assumption reviews will be part of fourth quarter earnings disclosures.

Life Insurance

Life insurance reported an adjusted operating loss of \$25 million, compared with adjusted operating income of \$10 million in the prior quarter and an adjusted operating loss of \$2 million in the prior year. Results versus the prior quarter and prior year reflected higher amortization of deferred acquisition costs (DAC) primarily associated with higher lapses from large 20-year level-premium term life insurance blocks entering their post-level premium periods, partially offset by lower mortality. Current quarter results included an unfavorable after-tax adjustment of \$10 million for higher ceded reinsurance rates. Results in the prior quarter included a reinsurance correction and an adjustment for higher ceded reinsurance rates resulting in a net favorable after-tax impact of \$17 million.

Fixed Annuities

Fixed annuities reported adjusted operating income of \$3 million, compared with \$19 million in the prior quarter and \$23 million in the prior year. Results included unfavorable charges of \$13 million after-tax from loss recognition testing on the single premium immediate annuity block due to lower interest rates versus \$4 million in the prior quarter. Results versus the prior quarter and prior year reflected lower net spreads. Results versus the prior quarter and prior year also reflected higher reserves in fixed indexed annuities due to the decline in interest rates.

Runoff

Runoff reported adjusted operating income of \$10 million, compared with \$9 million in the prior quarter and \$14 million in the prior year. Results in the current quarter reflected unfavorable impacts in the company's variable annuity business from less favorable equity market performance and lower interest rates compared to the prior quarter and prior year, with lower mortality relative to the prior quarter.

Corporate And Other

Corporate and Other reported an adjusted operating loss of \$35 million, compared with \$57 million in the prior quarter and \$47 million in the prior year. Results in the current quarter reflected favorable tax timing adjustments and lower expenses relative to the prior quarter and prior year.

Capital & Liquidity

Genworth maintains the following capital positions in its operating subsidiaries:

Key Capital & Liquidity Metrics					
(Dollar amounts in millions)	Q3 19	Q2 19	Q3 18		
U.S. MI					
Consolidated Risk-To-Capital Ratio ⁵	11.9:1	11.8:1	12.3:1		
Genworth Mortgage Insurance Corporation Risk-To-Capital Ratio ⁵	12.1:1	12.1:1	12.6:1		
Private Mortgage Insurer Eligibility Requirements (PMIERs) Sufficiency Ratio5, 6	129%	123%	130%		
Australia MI					
Prescribed Capital Amount (PCA) Ratio ⁵	198%	208%	185%		
U.S. Life Insurance Companies					
Consolidated Risk-Based Capital (RBC) Ratio ⁵	200%	191%	268%		
Holding Company Cash and Liquid Assets ⁷ , 8	\$ 366	\$ 403	\$ 609		

Key Points

- U.S. MI's PMIERs sufficiency ratio is estimated to be 129 percent, in excess of \$850 million above requirements. Capital sufficiency increased in the quarter from continued earnings as well as from the execution of an excess of loss reinsurance transaction during the quarter;
- Australia MI's PCA ratio is estimated to be 198 percent, above the company's target operating range of 132 to 144 percent. The ratio decreased in the quarter driven primarily by lower available capital from dividends paid in the quarter;
- The U.S. Life insurance companies' consolidated RBC ratio is estimated to be approximately 200 percent, up from 191 percent in the prior quarter, as in force statutory earnings more than offset increases in required capital primarily in variable annuities from lower interest rates and growth of new claims in LTC;
- The holding company ended the quarter with \$366 million of cash and liquid assets, which is below the company's target of two times expected annual debt interest payments excluding restricted cash and assets. In fourth quarter results, holding company cash will reflect a \$250 million ordinary dividend from U.S. MI and a \$36 million special dividend from Canada MI, both of which were paid in October 2019.
- 5 Company estimate for the third quarter of 2019 due to timing of the preparation and filing of statutory statements.
- The PMIERs sufficiency ratio is calculated as available assets divided by required assets as defined within PMIERs. The current period PMIERs sufficiency ratio is an estimate due to the timing of the PMIERs filing for the U.S. mortgage insurance business. The periods ending September 30, 2019 and June 30, 2019 reflect the revised PMIERs standards effective March 31, 2019. As of September 30, 2019, June 30, 2019, and September 30, 2018, the PMIERs sufficiency ratios were in excess of \$850 million and \$750 million, respectively, of available assets above the applicable PMIERs requirements.
- Holding company cash and liquid assets comprises assets held in Genworth Holdings, Inc. (the issuer of outstanding public debt) which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Genworth Financial. Inc.
- Genworth Holdings, Inc. had \$297 million, \$358 million and \$534 million of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash as of September 30, 2019, June 30, 2019 and September 30, 2018, respectively, which included approximately \$7 million, \$7 million and \$16 million of restricted cash, respectively. Genworth Holdings, Inc. also held \$69 million, \$45 million and \$75 million in U.S. government securities as of September 30, 2019, June 30, 2019 and September 30, 2018, respectively, which included \$59 million, \$42 million and \$37 million, respectively, of restricted assets.

About Genworth Financial

Genworth Financial, Inc. (NYSE: GNW) is a Fortune 500 insurance holding company committed to helping families achieve the dream of homeownership and address the financial challenges of aging through its leadership positions in mortgage insurance and long term care insurance. Headquartered in Richmond, Virginia, Genworth traces its roots back to 1871 and became a public company in 2004. For more information, visit genworth.com.

From time to time, Genworth releases important information via postings on its corporate website. Accordingly, investors and other interested parties are encouraged to enroll to receive automatic email alerts and Really Simple Syndication (RSS) feeds regarding new postings. Enrollment information is found under the "Investors" section of genworth.com. From time to time, Genworth's publicly traded subsidiaries, Genworth MI Canada Inc. and Genworth Mortgage Insurance Australia Limited, separately release financial and other information about their operations. This information can be found at http://genworth.com.au.

Conference Call And Financial Supplement Information

This press release and the third quarter 2019 financial supplement are now posted on the company's website. Additional information regarding business results will be posted on the company's website, http://investor.genworth.com, by 7:00 a.m. on October 30, 2019. Investors are encouraged to review these materials.

Genworth will conduct a conference call on October 30, 2019 at 8:00 a.m. (ET) to discuss business results and provide an update on strategic objectives, including the pending sale of Genworth Canada and pending transaction with Oceanwide. Genworth's October 30th conference call will be accessible via telephone and the Internet. The dial-in number for the conference call is 888 208.1820 or 323 794.2110 (outside the U.S.); conference ID # 8212170. To participate in the call by webcast, register at http://investor.genworth.com at least 15 minutes prior to the webcast to download and install any necessary software.

A replay of the call will be available at 888 203.1112 or 719 457.0820 (outside the U.S.); conference ID # 8212170 through November 14, 2019. The webcast will also be archived on the company's website for one year.

Use of Non-GAAP Measures

This press release includes the non-GAAP financial measures entitled "adjusted operating income (loss)" and "adjusted operating income (loss) per share." Adjusted operating income (loss) per share is derived from adjusted operating income (loss). The chief operating decision maker evaluates segment performance and allocates resources on the basis of adjusted operating income (loss). The company defines adjusted operating income (loss) from continuing operations excluding the after-tax effects of income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests, net investment gains (losses), goodwill impairments, gains (losses) on the sale of businesses, gains (losses) on the early extinguishment of debt, gains (losses) on insurance block transactions, restructuring costs and infrequent or unusual non-operating items. Gains (losses) on insurance block transactions are defined as gains (losses) on the early extinguishment of non-recourse funding obligations, early termination fees for other financing restructuring and/or resulting gains (losses) on reinsurance restructuring for certain blocks of business. The company excludes net investment gains (losses) and infrequent or unusual non-operating items because the company's net investment them to be related to the operating performance of the company's segments and Corporate and Other activities. A component of the company's net investment gains (losses) is the result of impairments, the size and timing of which can vary significantly depending on market credit cycles. In addition, the size and timing of other investment gains (losses) can be subject to the company's discretion and are influenced by market opportunities, as well as asset-liability matching considerations. Goodwill impairments, gains (losses) on the sale of businesses, gains (losses) on the early extinguishment of debt, gains (losses) on insurance block transactions and restructuring costs are also excluded from adjusted operating income (loss) if, in the company's opinion, they are

While some of these items may be significant components of net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders in accordance with U.S. GAAP, the company believes that adjusted operating income (loss) and measures that are derived from or incorporate adjusted operating income (loss), including adjusted operating income (loss) per share on a basic and diluted basis, are appropriate measures that are useful to investors because they identify the income (loss) attributable to the ongoing operations of the business. Management also uses adjusted operating income (loss) as a basis for determining awards and compensation for senior management and to evaluate performance on a basis comparable to that used by analysts. However, the items excluded from adjusted operating income (loss) have occurred in the past and could, and in some cases will, recur in the future. Adjusted operating income (loss) and adjusted operating income (loss) per share on a basic and diluted basis are not substitutes for net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share on a basic and diluted basis determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP. In addition, the company's definition of adjusted operating income (loss) may differ from the definitions used by other companies.

In 2019, the company revised how it taxes the adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders to adjusted operating income (loss) to align the tax rate used in the reconciliation to each segment's local jurisdictional tax rate. Beginning in the first quarter of 2019, the company used a tax rate of 30 percent for its Australia Mortgage Insurance segment to tax effect its adjustments. Its domestic segments remain at a 21 percent tax rate. In 2018, the company assumed a flat 21 percent tax rate on adjustments for all of its segments to reconcile net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders and adjusted operating income (loss). These adjustments are also net of the portion attributable to noncontrolling interests and net investment gains (losses) are adjusted for DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves.

Prior year amounts have not been re-presented to reflect this revised presentation; however, the previous methodology would not have resulted in a materially different segment-level adjusted operating income (loss).

The company recorded a pre-tax expense of \$2 million in the third quarter of 2018 related to restructuring costs as it continues to evaluate and appropriately size its organizational needs and expenses. There were no infrequent or unusual items excluded from adjusted operating income during the periods presented.

The tables at the end of this press release provide a reconciliation of net income available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders to adjusted operating income for the three months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, as well as for the three months ended June 30, 2019, and reflect adjusted operating income (loss) as determined in accordance with accounting guidance related to segment reporting.

This press release includes the non-GAAP financial measure entitled "core yield" as a measure of investment yield. The company defines core yield as the investment yield adjusted for items that do not reflect the underlying performance of the investment portfolio. Management believes that analysis of core yield enhances understanding of the investment yield of the company. However, core yield is not a substitute for investment yield determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP. In addition, the company's definition of core yield may differ from the definitions used by other companies. A reconciliation of reported U.S. GAAP yield to core yield is included in a table at the end of this press release.

Definition of Selected Operating Performance Measures

The company taxes its international businesses at their local jurisdictional tax rates and its domestic businesses at the U.S. corporate federal income tax rate of 21 percent. The company's segment tax methodology applies the respective jurisdictional or domestic tax rate to the pre-tax income (loss) of each segment, which is then adjusted in each segment to reflect the tax attributes of items unique to that segment such as foreign withholding taxes and permanent differences between U.S. GAAP and local tax law. The difference between the consolidated provision for income taxes and the sum of the provision for income taxes in each segment is reflected in Corporate and Other activities.

The annually-determined tax rates and adjustments to each segment's provision for income taxes are estimates which are subject to review and could change from year to year.

The company reports selected operating performance measures including "sales" and "insurance in force" or "risk in force" which are commonly used in the insurance industry as measures of operating performance.

Management regularly monitors and reports sales metrics as a measure of volume of new business generated in a period. Sales refer to new insurance written for mortgage insurance products. The company considers new insurance written to be a measure of the company's operating performance because it represents a measure of new sales of insurance policies during a specified period, rather than a measure of the company's revenues or profitability during that period.

Management regularly monitors and reports insurance in force and risk in force. Insurance in force for the company's mortgage insurance businesses is a measure of the aggregate original loan balance for outstanding insurance policies as of the respective reporting date. Risk in force for the company's U.S. mortgage insurance business is based on the coverage percentage applied to the estimated current outstanding loan balance. Risk in force in the Australia mortgage insurance business is computed using an "effective" risk in force amount, which recognizes that the loss on any particular loan will be reduced by the net proceeds received upon sale of the property. Effective risk in force has been calculated by applying to insurance in force a factor of 35 percent that represents the highest expected average per-claim payment for any one underwriting year over the life of the company's mortgage insurance business in Australia. The company also has certain risk share arrangements in Australia where it provides pro-rata coverage of certain loans rather than 100 percent coverage. As a result, for loans with these risk share arrangements, the applicable

pro-rata coverage amount provided is used when applying the factor. The company considers insurance in force and risk in force to be measures of its operating performance because they represent measures of the size of its business at a specific date which will generate revenues and profits in a future period, rather than measures of its revenues or profitability during that period.

Management also regularly monitors and reports a loss ratio for the company's businesses. For the mortgage insurance businesses, the loss ratio is the ratio of benefits and other changes in policy reserves to net earned premiums. For the long term care insurance business, the loss ratio is the ratio of benefits and other changes in reserves less tabular interest on reserves less loss adjustment expenses to net earned premiums. The company considers the loss ratio to be a measure of underwriting performance in these businesses and helps to enhance the understanding of the operating performance of the businesses.

These operating performance measures enable the company to compare its operating performance across periods without regard to revenues or profitability related to policies or contracts sold in prior periods or from investments or other sources.

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This press release contains certain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements may be identified by words such as "expects," "intends," "anticipates," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," "will" or words of similar meaning and include, but are not limited to, statements regarding the outlook for the company's future business and financial performance. Examples of forward-looking statements include statements the company makes relating to the transactions with China Oceanwide Holdings Group Co., Ltd. (together with its affiliates, Oceanwide), the company's discussions with regulators in connection therewith and any capital contribution resulting therefrom, as well as any statements regarding the pending sale of Genworth MI Canada Inc. (Genworth Canada). Forward-looking statements are based on management's current expectations and assumptions, which are subject to inherent uncertainties, risks and changes in circumstances that are difficult to predict. Actual outcomes and results may differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements due to global political, economic, business, competitive, market, regulatory and other factors and risks, including, but not limited to, the following:

• risks related to the proposed transaction with Oceanwide including: the company's inability to complete the transaction with Oceanwide in a timely manner or at all; the parties' inability to obtain regulatory approvals, clearances or extensions, or the possibility that such regulatory approvals or clearances may further delay the transaction with Oceanwide or will not be received prior to December 31, 2019 (and either or both of the parties may not be willing to further waive their end date termination rights beyond December 31, 2019) or that materially burdensome or adverse regulatory conditions may be imposed or undesirable measures may be required in connection with any such regulatory approvals, clearances or extensions (including those conditions or measures that either or both of the parties may be unwilling to accept or undertake, as applicable) or that with continuing delays, circumstances may arise that make one or both parties unwilling to proceed with the transaction with Oceanwide or unable to comply with the conditions to existing regulatory approvals; the risk that the parties will not be able to obtain other regulatory approvals, clearances or extensions, including in connection with a potential alternative funding structure or the current geo-political environment, or that one or more regulators may rescind or fail to extend existing approvals, or that the revocation by one regulator of approvals will lead to the revocation of approvals by other regulators; the parties' inability to obtain any necessary regulatory approvals, clearances or extensions for the post-closing capital plan; the risk that a condition to the closing of the transaction with Oceanwide may not be satisfied or that a condition to closing that is currently satisfied may not remain satisfied due to the delay in closing the transaction with Oceanwide; the risk that the sale of Genworth Canada may not be completed in a timely manner or at all, which may adversely affect the company's business and the price of its common stock;

regulatory approvals; the risk that a condition to closing of the sale of Genworth Canada may not be satisfied or the risk that the transaction with Oceanwide might not close regardless of a sale of Genworth Canada; Genworth's inability to recognize the anticipated benefits of the sale of Genworth Canada; the risk that existing and potential legal proceedings may be instituted against the company in connection with the transaction with Oceanwide or the sale of Genworth Canada that may delay the transactions, make it more costly or ultimately preclude it; the risk that any cash proceeds received by Genworth Financial International Holdings, LLC from the sale of Genworth Canada may be restricted or limited as a result of pending litigation summarized in Genworth's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q; the risk that the proposed transactions disrupt the company's current plans and operations as a result of the announcement and consummation of the transactions; certain restrictions during the pendency of the transactions that may impact the company's ability to pursue certain business opportunities or strategic transactions; continued availability of capital and financing to the company before, or in the absence of, the consummation of the transactions; further rating agency actions and downgrades in the company's debt or financial strength ratings; changes in applicable laws or regulations; the company's ability to recognize the anticipated benefits of the transaction with Oceanwide; the amount of the costs, fees, expenses and other charges related to the transactions, including costs and expenses related to conditions imposed in connection with regulatory approvals or clearances, which may be material; the company's ability to attract, recruit, retain and motivate current and prospective employees may be adversely affected; and disruptions and uncertainty relating to the Oceanwide transaction, whether or not it is completed, may harm the company's relationships with its employees, customers, distributors, vendors or oth

- strategic risks in the event the proposed transaction with Oceanwide is not consummated including: the company's inability to successfully execute alternative strategic plans to effectively address its current business challenges (including with respect to stabilizing its U.S. life insurance businesses, debt obligations, cost savings, ratings and capital); the company's inability to attract buyers for any businesses or other assets it may seek to sell, or securities it may seek to issue, in each case, in a timely manner and on anticipated terms; failure to obtain any required regulatory, stockholder and/or noteholder approvals or consents for such alternative strategic plans, or the company's challenges changing or being more costly or difficult to successfully address than currently anticipated or the benefits achieved being less than anticipated; inability to achieve anticipated cost-savings in a timely manner; adverse tax or accounting charges; and the company's ability to increase the capital needed in its mortgage insurance businesses in a timely manner and on anticipated terms, including through business performance, reinsurance or similar transactions, asset sales, securities offerings or otherwise, in each case as and when required;
- risks relating to estimates, assumptions and valuations including: inadequate reserves and the need to increase reserves (including as a result of any changes the company may make to its assumptions, methodologies or otherwise in connection with periodic or other reviews, including reviews the company expects to complete and carry out in the fourth quarter of 2019); risks related to the impact of the annual review of assumptions and methodologies related to the long term care insurance margin review in the fourth quarter of 2019, including risks that additional information obtained in finalizing the margin reviews in the fourth quarter of 2019 or other changes to assumptions or methodologies materially affect the impact on margins; inaccurate models; deviations from company estimates and actuarial assumptions or other reasons in the company's long term care insurance, life insurance and/or annuity businesses; accelerated amortization of deferred acquisition costs ("DAC") and present value of future profits ("PVFP") (including as a result of any changes the company may make to assumptions, methodologies or otherwise in connection with periodic or other reviews, including reviews the company expects to complete and carry out in the fourth quarter of 2019); adverse impact on the company's financial results as a result of projected profits followed by projected losses (as is currently the case with the long-term care insurance business); adverse impact on the company's results of operations, including the outcome of annual review of the premium earnings pattern for the mortgage insurance business in Australia (which the company expects to carry out in the fourth quarter of 2019); and changes in valuation of fixed maturity and equity securities;

- risks relating to economic, market and political conditions including: downturns and volatility in global economies and equity and credit markets; interest rates and changes in rates have adversely impacted, and may continue to materially adversely impact, the company's business and profitability; deterioration in economic conditions or a decline in home prices that adversely affect the company's loss experience in mortgage insurance; political and economic instability or changes in government policies; and fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates and international securities markets;
- regulatory and legal risks including: extensive regulation of the company's businesses and changes in applicable laws and regulations (including changes to tax laws and regulations); litigation and regulatory investigations or other actions; dependence on dividends and other distributions from the company's subsidiaries (particularly its international subsidiaries) and the inability of any subsidiaries to pay dividends or make other distributions to the company, including as a result of the performance of its subsidiaries and insurance, regulatory or corporate law restrictions; adverse change in regulatory requirements, including risk-based capital; changes in regulations adversely affecting the company's international operations; inability to continue to maintain the private mortgage insurer eligibility requirements (PMIERs); inability of the company's U.S. mortgage insurance subsidiaries to meet minimum statutory capital requirements; the influence of Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac) and a small number of large mortgage lenders on the U.S. mortgage insurance market and adverse changes to the role or structure of Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac; adverse changes in regulations affecting the company's mortgage insurance businesses; inability to continue to implement actions to mitigate the impact of statutory reserve requirements; impact of additional regulations pursuant to the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act; changes in tax laws; and changes in accounting and reporting standards;
- liquidity, financial strength ratings, credit and counterparty risks including: insufficient internal sources to meet liquidity needs and limited or no access to capital (including the ability to obtain further financing under an additional secured term loan or credit facility); continued availability of capital and financing before the consummation of the sale of Genworth Canada; the amount of the costs, fees, expenses and other charges related to the commitment letter from Brookfield Business Partners L.P.; future adverse rating agency actions, including with respect to rating downgrades or potential downgrades or being put on review for potential downgrade, all of which could have adverse implications for the company, including with respect to key business relationships, product offerings, business results of operations, financial condition and capital needs, strategic plans, collateral obligations and availability and terms of hedging, reinsurance and borrowings; defaults by counterparties to reinsurance arrangements or derivative instruments; defaults or other events impacting the value of the company's fixed maturity securities portfolio; and defaults on the company's commercial mortgage loans or the mortgage loans underlying its investments in commercial mortgage-backed securities and volatility in performance;
- operational risks including: inability to retain, attract and motivate qualified employees or senior management; ineffective or inadequate risk management in identifying, controlling or mitigating risks; reliance on, and loss of, key customer or distribution relationships; competition, including in the company's mortgage insurance businesses from government and government-owned and government-sponsored enterprises (GSEs) offering mortgage insurance; the design and effectiveness of the company's disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting may not prevent all errors, misstatements or misrepresentations; and failure or any compromise of the security of the company's computer systems, disaster recovery systems and business continuity plans and failures to safeguard, or breaches of, its confidential information:
- insurance and product-related risks including: the company's inability to increase premiums and associated benefit reductions sufficiently, and in a timely manner, on in force long term care insurance policies, and charge higher premiums on policies, in each case, as currently anticipated and as may be required from time to time in the future (including as a result of the

company's failure to obtain any necessary regulatory approvals or unwillingness or inability of policyholders to pay increased premiums and/or accept reduced benefits), including to offset any impact on the company's long term care insurance margins; availability, affordability and adequacy of reinsurance to protect the company against losses; inability to realize anticipated benefits of the company's rescissions, curtailments, loan modifications or other similar programs in its mortgage insurance businesses; premiums for the significant portion of the company's mortgage insurance risk in force with high loan-to-value ratios may not be sufficient to compensate the company for the greater risks associated with those policies; decreases in the volume of high loan-to-value mortgage originations or increases in mortgage insurance cancellations; increases in the use of alternatives to private mortgage insurance and reductions in the level of coverage selected; potential liabilities in connection with the company's U.S. contract underwriting services; and medical advances, such as genetic research and diagnostic imaging, and related legislation that impact policyholder behavior in ways adverse to the company;

- other risks including: impairments of or valuation allowances against the company's deferred tax assets; the possibility that in certain circumstances the company will be obligated to make payments to General Electric Company (GE) under the tax matters agreement with GE even if its corresponding tax savings are never realized and payments could be accelerated in the event of certain changes in control; and provisions of the company's certificate of incorporation and bylaws and the tax matters agreement with GE may discourage takeover attempts and business combinations that stockholders might consider in their best interests; and
- risks relating to the company's common stock including: the continued suspension of payment of dividends; and stock price fluctuations.

The company undertakes no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise.

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Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (Amounts in millions, except per share amounts) (Unaudited)

	Three months ended September 30, 2019 2018			months ended June 30, 2019
Revenues:	2017	2010		2017
Premiums	\$ 1,015	\$ 995	\$	1,001
Net investment income	816	780		816
Net investment gains (losses)	(2)	(16)		(46)
Policy fees and other income	191	193		223
Total revenues	2,020	1,952		1,994
Benefits and expenses:			· · · · · ·	
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	1,284	1,303		1,251
Interest credited	146	151		146
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	247	231		229
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	112	72		84
Interest expense	59	60		60
Total benefits and expenses	1,848	1,817		1,770
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	172	135		224
Provision for income taxes	34	30		66
Income from continuing operations	138	105	<u></u>	158
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes	(80)	105		60
Net income	58	210		218
Less: net income from continuing operations attributable tononcontrolling interests	10	18		15
Less: net income from discontinued operations attributable tononcontrolling interests	30	46		35
Net income available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders	\$ 18	\$ 146	\$	168
Net income available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders:				
Income from continuing operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders	\$ 128	\$ 87	\$	143
Income (loss) from discontinued operations available to GenworthFinancial, Inc.'s common stockholders				
	(110)	59		25
Net income available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s commonstockholders	\$ 18	\$ 146	\$	168
Income from continuing operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share:				
Basic	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.17	\$	0.29
Diluted	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.17	\$	0.28
Net income available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share:				
Basic	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.29	\$	0.33
Diluted	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.29	\$	0.33
	0.01	0.27	Ψ	0.55
Weighted-average common shares outstanding: Basic	503.5	500.7		503.4
Diluted	511.2	503.3		508.7

Reconciliation of Net Income to Adjusted Operating Income (Amounts in millions, except per share amounts) (Unaudited)

	months	Three months ended September 30,		months ended month		Three ths ended une 30,
	2019	2018		2019		
Net income available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders	\$ 18	\$ 146	\$	168		
Add: net income from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	10	18		15		
Add: net income from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	30	46		35		
Net income	58	210		218		
Less: income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes	(80)	105		60		
Income from continuing operations	138	105		158		
Less: net income from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	10	18		15		
Income from continuing operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders	128	87		143		
Adjustments to income from continuing operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders:						
Net investment (gains) losses, net9	(5)	14		43		
Expenses related to restructuring	_	2		_		
Taxes on adjustments		(4)		(8)		
Adjusted operating income	\$ 123	\$ 99	\$	178		
Adjusted operating income (loss):						
U.S. Mortgage Insurance segment	\$ 137	\$ 118	\$	147		
Australia Mortgage Insurance segment	12	17		13		
U.S. Life Insurance segment:						
Long Term Care Insurance	21	(24)		37		
Life Insurance	(25)	(2)		10		
Fixed Annuities	3	23		19		
Total U.S. Life Insurance segment	(1)	(3)		66		
Runoff segment	10	14		9		
Corporate and Other	(35)	(47)		(57)		
Adjusted operating income	<u>\$ 123</u>	\$ 99	\$	178		
Net income available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share:						
Basic	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.29	\$	0.33		
Diluted	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.29	\$	0.33		
Adjusted operating income per share:	===					
Basic	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.20	\$	0.35		
Diluted	\$ 0.24	\$ 0.20	\$	0.35		
Weighted-average common shares outstanding:				_		
Basic	503.5	500.7		503.4		
Diluted	511.2	503.3		508.7		

For the three months ended September 30, 2019, September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2019, net investment (gains) losses were adjusted for DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves of \$(3) million in each period and adjusted for net investment gains (losses) attributable to noncontrolling interests of \$(4) million, \$1 million and zero, respectively.

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Amounts in millions) (Unaudited)

	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018	
Assets			
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and invested assets	\$ 74,539	\$ 68,165	
Deferred acquisition costs	1,881	3,142	
Intangible assets and goodwill	210	333	
Reinsurance recoverable	17,180	17,278	
Deferred tax and other assets	715	1,131	
Separate account assets	6,005	5,859	
Assets held for sale related to discontinued operations	5,123	5,015	
Total assets	\$ 105,653	\$ 100,923	
Liabilities and equity			
Liabilities:			
Future policy benefits	\$ 40,489	\$ 37,940	
Policyholder account balances	22,607	22,968	
Liability for policy and contract claims	10,780	10,295	
Unearned premiums	1,863	2,013	
Other liabilities	1,445	1,529	
Non-recourse funding obligations	311	311	
Long-term borrowings	3,706	3,707	
Separate account liabilities	6,005	5,859	
Liabilities held for sale related to discontinued operations	2,302	2,112	
Total liabilities	89,508	86,734	
Equity:			
Common stock	1	1	
Additional paid-in capital	11,986	11,987	
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss):			
Net unrealized investment gains (losses):			
Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities not other-than-temporarily impaired	1,664	585	
Net unrealized gains (losses) on other-than-temporarily impaired securities	11	10	
Net unrealized investment gains (losses)	1,675	595	
Derivatives qualifying as hedges	2,259	1,781	
Foreign currency translation and other adjustments	(312)	(332)	
Total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	3,622	2,044	
Retained earnings	1,478	1,118	
Treasury stock, at cost	(2,700)	(2,700)	
Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity	14,387	12,450	
Noncontrolling interests	1,758	1,739	
Total equity	16,145	14,189	
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 105,653	\$ 100,923	

Summary of Loss From Discontinued Operations Available to Genworth Financial Inc.'s Common Stockholders (Amounts in millions)

	Sept	nonths ended ember 30, 2019
Estimated net proceeds ¹⁰	\$	1,726
Carrying value of Genworth Canada		3,017
Less: carrying value attributable to noncontrolling interests ¹¹		(1,303)
Carrying value, excluding noncontrolling interests		1,714
Excess of estimated net proceeds above carrying value		12
Less: net deferred losses and other adjustments ¹²		(201)
Pre-tax loss on sale		(189)
Tax benefit		25
After-tax estimated loss on sale		(164)
Income from discontinued operations, excluding loss on sale		84
Less: net income from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling		
interests		(30)
Loss from discontinued operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common		
stockholders	\$	(110)

Reconciliation of Adjusted Operating Income Previously Reported to Adjusted Operating Income Re-Presented to Exclude Discontinued Operations (Amounts in millions)

	Three months ended				
	June 30, 2019	September 30 2018			
Adjusted operating income as previously reported	\$ 204	\$ 145			
Remove Canada Mortgage Insurance segment adjusted operating income reportedas					
discontinued operations	(41)	(44			
Adjustment for corporate overhead allocations, net of taxes ¹³	(5)	(4			
Adjustment for interest on debt that is required to be repaid as a result of the disposal					
transaction, net of taxes ¹⁴	6	6			
Tax adjustments ¹⁵	14	(4			
Re-presented adjusted operating income	\$ 178	\$ 99			

Net proceeds after adjusting for fees, expenses, foreign exchange, and special dividend of CAD\$1.45 announced on September 12, 2019.

¹¹ Excludes net deferred losses attributable to noncontrolling interests of \$102 million that are described in the following footnote.

Primarily driven by net deferred losses from cumulative historical foreign currency translation adjustments and deferred taxes in other comprehensive income as a result of tax law changes and change of intent regarding permanent reinvestment partially offset by unrealized net gain on investments reflected in other comprehensive income.

¹³ Expenses previously reported in the Canada MI segment and moved to Corporate and Other Activities.

¹⁴ Interest on a senior secured term loan owed by Genworth Holdings, Inc. previously reported in Corporate and Other Activities and moved to discontinued operations.

Tax impacts resulting from the classification of Genworth Canada asheld-for-sale.

Impact of Foreign Exchange on Adjusted Operating Income and Flow New Insurance Written¹⁶ Three months ended September 30, 2019

	Percentages Including Foreign Exchange	Percentages Excluding Foreign Exchange ¹⁷
Australia MI:		·
Adjusted operating income	(29)%	(24)%
Flow new insurance written	21%	32%
Flow new insurance written (3Q19 vs. 2Q19)	24%	27%

¹⁶ 17 All percentages are comparing the third quarter of 2019 to the third quarter of 2018 unless otherwise stated. The impact of foreign exchange was calculated using the comparable prior period exchange rates.

Reconciliation of Reported Yield to Core Yield

	Three				
		months en	ded		
// · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		September 30,			
(Assets - amounts in billions)	2	2019	2019		
Reported Total Invested Assets and Cash	\$	73.9	\$ 72.0		
Subtract:					
Securities lending		0.1	0.1		
Unrealized gains (losses)		7.5	5.7		
Adjusted End of Period Invested Assets and Cash	\$	66.3	\$ 66.2		
Average Invested Assets and Cash Used in Reported Yield Calculation	\$	66.2	\$ 66.0		
Subtract:					
Restricted commercial mortgage loans related to a securitization entity ¹⁸					
Average Invested Assets and Cash Used in Core Yield Calculation	\$	66.2	\$ 66.0		
(Income - amounts in millions)					
Reported Net Investment Income	\$	816	\$ 816		
Subtract:					
Bond calls and commercial mortgage loan prepayments		13	7		
Other non-core items ¹⁹		8	7		
Restricted commercial mortgage loans related to a securitization entity ¹⁸					
Core Net Investment Income	\$	795	\$ 802		
Reported Yield		4.93%	4.95%		
Core Yield		4.80%	4.86%		

¹⁸ 19 Represents the incremental assets and investment income related to restricted commercial mortgage loans. Includes cost basis adjustments on structured securities and various other immaterial items.

Third Quarter Financial Supplement

September 30, 2019



GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2019

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Note:

Unless otherwise stated, all references in this financial supplement to income (loss) from continuing operations, income (loss) from continuing operations per share, net income (loss), net income (loss) per share, adjusted operating income (loss), adjusted operating income (loss) per share, book value and book value per share should be read as income (loss) from continuing operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders, income (loss) from continuing operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share, net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders, net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders, non-GAAP adjusted operating income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share, book value available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share, book value available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share, respectively.

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2019

Dear Investor,

Beginning in the third quarter of 2019, the Canada mortgage insurance business (Genworth Canada), previously the only business in the Canada Mortgage Insurance segment, is reported as discontinued operations. Accordingly, all prior periods herein have been re-presented. During the third quarter of 2019, in connection with the plan to sell Genworth Canada, the company recorded an estimated after-tax loss of approximately \$164 million. In accordance with the accounting guidance for groups of assets that are held-for-sale, an impairment and cost to sell of \$196 million was recorded to reduce the carrying value of the business to its fair value, which was based on estimated cash proceeds of \$1.8 billion less a special declared dividend of CAD\$1.45 per common share and closing costs. Genworth Financial International Holdings, LLC and Genworth Mortgage Insurance Corporation, indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries of the company that own 40.4% and 16.5%, respectively, of the issued and outstanding shares of Genworth Canada, will receive the net cash proceeds based upon their respective ownership percentage upon deal closing. The sale is targeted to close by the end of 2019 and is subject to other customary conditions, including requisite regulatory approvals.

The following table presents a reconciliation of adjusted operating income (loss) as previously reported to adjusted operating income (loss) re-presented to reflect the Canada mortgage insurance business as discontinued operations for the periods indicated:

	2019		2018				
(Amounts in millions)	2Q	1Q	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) AS PREVIOUSLY REPORTED	\$204	\$121	\$(291)	\$145	\$200	\$125	\$ 179
Remove Canada Mortgage Insurance segment adjusted operating income reported as discontinued operations	(41)	(41)	(48)	(44)	(46)	(49)	(187)
Adjustment for corporate overhead allocations, net of taxes(1)	(5)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(3)	(4)	(15)
Adjustment for interest on debt that is required to be repaid as a result of the disposal transaction, net of taxes(2)	6	6	7	6	5	2	20
Tax adjustments(3)	14	13	31	(4)	(26)	(3)	(2)
RE-PRESENTED ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$178	\$ 95	\$(305)	\$ 99	\$130	\$ 71	\$ (5)

- (1) Expenses previously reported in the Canada Mortgage Insurance segment and moved to Corporate and Other Activities.
- (2) Interest on a senior secured term loan facility owed by Genworth Holdings, Inc. previously reported in Corporate and Other Activities and moved to discontinued operations.
- (3) Tax impacts resulting from the classification of Genworth Canada as held-for-sale.

Thank you for your continued interest in Genworth Financial, Inc.

Regards,

Investor Relations InvestorInfo@genworth.com

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2019

Use of Non-GAAP Measures

This financial supplement includes the non-GAAP financial measures entitled "adjusted operating income (loss)" and "adjusted operating income (loss) per share." Adjusted operating income (loss) per share is derived from adjusted operating income (loss). The chief operating decision maker evaluates segment performance and allocates resources on the basis of adjusted operating income (loss). The company defines adjusted operating income (loss) as income (loss) from continuing operations excluding the after-tax effects of income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests, net investment gains (losses), goodwill impairments, gains (losses) on the sale of businesses, gains (losses) on the early extinguishment of debt, gains (losses) on insurance block transactions, restructuring costs and infrequent or unusual non-operating items. Gains (losses) on insurance block transactions are defined as gains (losses) on the early extinguishment of non-recourse funding obligations, early termination fees for other financing restructuring and/or resulting gains (losses) on reinsurance restructuring for certain blocks of business. The company excludes net investment gains (losses) and infrequent or unusual non-operating items because the company does not consider them to be related to the operating performance of the company's segments and Corporate and Other activities. A component of the company's net investment gains (losses) is the result of impairments, the size and timing of which can vary significantly depending on market credit cycles. In addition, the size and timing of other investment gains (losses) can be subject to the company's discretion and are influenced by market opportunities, as well as asset-liability matching considerations. Goodwill impairments, gains (losses) on the sale of businesses, gains (losses) on the early extinguishment of debt, gains (losses) on insurance block transactions and restructuring costs are also excluded from adjusted operating income (loss) because, in t

While some of these items may be significant components of net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders in accordance with U.S. GAAP, the company believes that adjusted operating income (loss) and measures that are derived from or incorporate adjusted operating income (loss), including adjusted operating income (loss) per share on a basic and diluted basis, are appropriate measures that are useful to investors because they identify the income (loss) attributable to the ongoing operations of the business. Management also uses adjusted operating income (loss) as a basis for determining awards and compensation for senior management and to evaluate performance on a basic comparable to that used by analysts. However, the items excluded from adjusted operating income (loss) have occurred in the past and could, and in some cases will, recur in the future. Adjusted operating income (loss) and adjusted operating income (loss) per share on a basic and diluted basis are not substitutes for net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders or net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share on a basic and diluted basis determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP. In addition, the company's definition of adjusted operating income (loss) may differ from the definitions used by other companies.

In 2019, the company revised how it taxes the adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders to adjusted operating income (loss) to align the tax rate used in the reconciliation to each segment's local jurisdictional tax rate. Beginning in the first quarter of 2019, the company used a tax rate of 30% for its Australia Mortgage Insurance segment to tax effect its adjustments. Its domestic segments remain at a 21% tax rate. In 2018, the company assumed a flat 21% tax rate on adjustments for all of its segments to reconcile net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders and adjusted operating income (loss). These adjustments are also net of the portion attributable to noncontrolling interests and net investment gains (losses) are adjusted for DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves (see page 41).

Prior year amounts have not been re-presented to reflect this revised presentation; however, the previous methodology would not have resulted in a materially different segment-level adjusted operating income (loss).

The company recorded a pre-tax expense of \$4 million in the first quarter of 2019 and \$2 million in the third quarter of 2018 related to restructuring costs as it continues to evaluate and appropriately size its organizational needs and expenses. There were no infrequent or unusual items excluded from adjusted operating income (loss) during the periods presented other than fees incurred during the fourth quarter of 2018 related to Genworth Holdings, Inc.'s bond consent solicitation of \$6 million for broker, advisor and investment banking fees.

The table on page 9 of this financial supplement provides a reconciliation of net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders to adjusted operating income (loss) for the periods presented and reflects adjusted operating income (loss) as determined in accordance with accounting guidance related to segment reporting. This financial supplement includes other non-GAAP measures management believes enhances the understanding and comparability of performance by highlighting underlying business activity and profitability drivers. These additional non-GAAP measures are on pages 43 and 44 of this financial supplement.

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2019

Results of Operations and Selected Operating Performance Measures

The company's chief operating decision maker evaluates segment performance and allocates resources on the basis of adjusted operating income (loss). The table on page 9 of this financial supplement provides a reconciliation of net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders to adjusted operating income (loss) for the periods presented and reflects adjusted operating income (loss) as determined in accordance with accounting guidance related to segment reporting.

The company taxes its international businesses at their local jurisdictional tax rates and its domestic businesses at the U.S. corporate federal income tax rate of 21%. The company's segment tax methodology applies the respective jurisdictional or domestic tax rate to the pre-tax income (loss) of each segment, which is then adjusted in each segment to reflect the tax attributes of items unique to that segment such as foreign withholding taxes and permanent differences between U.S. GAAP and local tax law. The difference between the consolidated provision for income taxes and the sum of the provision for income taxes in each segment is reflected in Corporate and Other activities.

The annually-determined tax rates and adjustments to each segment's provision for income taxes are estimates which are subject to review and could change from year to year.

This financial supplement contains selected operating performance measures including "sales" and "insurance in-force" or "risk in-force" which are commonly used in the insurance industry as measures of operating performance.

Management regularly monitors and reports sales metrics as a measure of volume of new business generated in a period. Sales refer to new insurance written for mortgage insurance products. The company considers new insurance written to be a measure of the company's operating performance because it represents a measure of new sales of insurance policies during a specified period, rather than a measure of the company's revenues or profitability during that period.

Management regularly monitors and reports insurance in-force and risk in-force. Insurance in-force for the company's mortgage insurance businesses is a measure of the aggregate original loan balance for outstanding insurance policies as of the respective reporting date. Risk in-force for the company's U.S. mortgage insurance business is based on the coverage percentage applied to the estimated current outstanding loan balance. Risk in-force in the Australia mortgage insurance business is computed using an "effective" risk in-force amount, which recognizes that the loss on any particular loan will be reduced by the net proceeds received upon sale of the property. Effective risk in-force has been calculated by applying to insurance in-force a factor of 35% that represents the highest expected average per-claim payment for any one underwriting year over the life of the company's mortgage insurance business in Australia. The company also has certain risk share arrangements in Australia where it provides pro-rata coverage of certain loans rather than 100% coverage. As a result, for loans with these risk share arrangements, the applicable pro-rata coverage amount provided is used when applying the factor. The company considers insurance in-force and risk in-force to be measures of its operating performance because they represent measures of the size of its business at a specific date which will generate revenues and profits in a future period, rather than measures of its revenues or profitability during that period.

Management also regularly monitors and reports a loss ratio for the company's businesses. For the mortgage insurance businesses, the loss ratio is the ratio of benefits and other changes in policy reserves to net earned premiums. For the long-term care insurance business, the loss ratio is the ratio of benefits and other changes in reserves less tabular interest on reserves less loss adjustment expenses to net earned premiums. The company considers the loss ratio to be a measure of underwriting performance in these businesses and helps to enhance the understanding of the operating performance of the businesses.

These operating performance measures enable the company to compare its operating performance across periods without regard to revenues or profitability related to policies or contracts sold in prior periods or from investments or other sources.

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2019

Financial Highlights (amounts in millions, except per share data)

Balance Sheet Data	September 30, 2019		June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018		September 3 2018	
Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other								
comprehensive income	\$	10,765	\$10,744	\$ 10,582	\$	10,406	\$	10,731
Total accumulated other comprehensive income		3,622	3,013	2,492		2,044		2,067
Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity	\$	14,387	\$13,757	\$ 13,074	\$	12,450	\$	12,798
Book value per share	\$	28.57	\$ 27.32	\$ 25.98	\$	24.86	\$	25.56
Book value per share, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income	\$	21.38	\$ 21.34	\$ 21.03	\$	20.78	\$	21.43
Common shares outstanding as of the balance sheet date		503.5	503.5	503.3		500.8		500.8

		Twelve months ended						
	September 30,	June 30,	December 31,	September 30,				
Twelve Month Rolling Average ROE	2019	2019	2019	2018	2018			
U.S. GAAP Basis ROE	0.3%	1.5%	1.7%	1.1%	7.7%			
Operating ROE(1)	0.9%	0.6%	0.2%	— %	5.7%			

		Three months ended									
	September 30,	ptember 30, June 30, March 31,			September 30,						
Quarterly Average ROE	2019	2019	2019	2018	2018						
U.S. GAAP Basis ROE	0.7%	6.3%	6.6%	(12.5)%	5.5%						
Operating ROE(1)	4.6%	6.7%	3.6%	(11.5)%	3.7%						

	Three months ended	Nine months ended
Basic and Diluted Shares	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2019
Weighted-average common shares used in basic earnings per share calculations	503.5	502.7
Potentially dilutive securities:		
Stock options, restricted stock units and stock appreciation rights	7.7	6.8
Weighted-average common shares used in diluted earnings per share calculations	511.2	509.5

⁽¹⁾ See page 43 herein for a reconciliation of U.S. GAAP Basis ROE to Operating ROE.

Consolidated Quarterly Results

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2019

Consolidated Net Income (Loss) by Quarter (amounts in millions, except per share amounts)

	2019			2018					
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
REVENUES:									
Premiums	\$1,015	\$1,001	\$ 988	\$3,004	\$ 993	\$ 995	\$1,005	\$1,001	\$3,994
Net investment income	816	816	794	2,426	779	780	792	770	3,121
Net investment gains (losses)	(2)	(46)	75	27	22	(16)	1	(16)	(9)
Policy fees and other income	191	223	187	601	191	193	209	202	795
Total revenues	2,020	1,994	2,044	6,058	1,985	1,952	2,007	1,957	7,901
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:									
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	1,284	1,251	1,282	3,817	1,824	1,303	1,186	1,293	5,606
Interest credited	146	146	147	439	152	151	152	156	611
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	247	229	237	713	249	231	236	227	943
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	112	84	81	277	81	72	101	94	348
Interest expense	59	60	60	179	61	60	66	69	256
Total benefits and expenses	1,848	1,770	1,807	5,425	2,367	1,817	1,741	1,839	7,764
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	172	224	237	633	(382)	135	266	118	137
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	34	66	69	169	(109)	30	113	36	70
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	138	158	168	464	(273)	105	153	82	67
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes(1)	(80)	60	62	42	(54)	105	96	83	230
NET INCOME (LOSS)	58	218	230	506	(327)	210	249	165	297
Less: net income from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	10	15	20	45	8	18	27	17	70
Less: net income (loss) from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	30	35	36	101	(6)	46	32	36	108
NET INCOME (LOSS) AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON									
STOCKHOLDERS	\$ 18	\$ 168	\$ 174	\$ 360	\$ (329)	\$ 146	\$ 190	\$ 112	\$ 119
NET INCOME (LOSS) AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS:									
Income (loss) from continuing operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders	\$ 128	\$ 143	\$ 148	\$ 419	\$ (281)	\$ 87	\$ 126	\$ 65	\$ (3)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders	(110)	25	26	(59)	(48)	59	64	47	122
NET INCOME (LOSS) AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON									
STOCKHOLDERS	\$ 18	\$ 168	\$ 174	\$ 360	\$ (329)	\$ 146	\$ 190	\$ 112	\$ 119
		====			====		=====		
Earnings (Loss) Per Share Data:		4							
Income (loss) from continuing operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share									
Basic	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.83	\$ (0.56)	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.13	\$ (0.01)
Diluted	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.82	\$ (0.56)	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.13	\$ (0.01)
Net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share									
Basic	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.35	\$ 0.72	\$ (0.66)	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.38	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.24
Diluted	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.71	\$ (0.66)	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.38	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.24
Weighted-average common shares outstanding									
Basic	503.5	503.4	501.2	502.7	500.8	500.7	500.6	499.6	500.4
Diluted(2)	511.2	508.7	508.6	509.5	500.8	503.3	502.6	502.7	500.4

⁽¹⁾ Income (loss) from discontinued operations related to the Canada mortgage insurance business. Refer to page 36 for operating results of discontinued operations.

Under applicable accounting guidance, companies in a loss position are required to use basic weighted-average common shares outstanding in the calculation of diluted loss per share. Therefore, as a result of the loss from continuing operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders for the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2018, the company was required to use basic weighted-average common shares outstanding in the calculation of diluted loss per share for the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2018, as the inclusion of shares for stock options, restricted stock units and stock appreciation rights of 7.6 million and 3.8 million, respectively, would have been antidilutive to the calculation. If the company had not incurred a loss from continuing operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders for the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2018, dilutive potential weighted-average common shares outstanding would have been 508.4 million and 504.2 million, respectively.

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2019

Reconciliation of Net Income (Loss) to Adjusted Operating Income (Loss) (amounts in millions, except per share amounts)

	2019			2018					
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
NET INCOME (LOSS) AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON									
STOCKHOLDERS	\$ 18	\$ 168	\$ 174	\$ 360	\$ (329)	\$ 146	\$ 190	\$ 112	\$ 119
Add: net income from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	10	15	20	45	8	18	27	17	70
Add: net income (loss) from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	30	35	36	101	(6)	46	32	36	108
NET INCOME (LOSS)	58	218	230	506	(327)	210	249	165	297
Less: income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes	(80)	60	62	42	(54)	105	96	83	230
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	138	158	168	464	(273)	105	153	82	67
Less: net income from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	10	15	20	45	- 8	18	27	17	70
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL,									
INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	128	143	148	419	(281)	87	126	65	(3)
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO									
GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS:									
Net investment (gains) losses, net(1)	(5)	43	(71)	(33)	(36)	14	4	8	(10)
Expenses related to restructuring	_	_	4	4	<u> </u>	2	_	_	2
Fees associated with bond consent solicitation	_			_	6		_		6
Taxes on adjustments	I	(8)	14	6	6	(4)		(2)	
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 123	\$ 178	\$ 95	\$ 396	\$ (305)	\$ 99	\$ 130	\$ 71	\$ (5)
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS):									
U.S. Mortgage Insurance segment	\$ 137	\$ 147	\$ 124	\$ 408	\$ 124	\$ 118	\$ 137	\$ 111	\$ 490
Australia Mortgage Insurance segment	12	13	14	39	18	17	22	19	76
U.S. Life Insurance segment:									
Long-Term Care Insurance	21	37	(20)	38	(314)	(24)	22	(32)	(348)
Life Insurance	(25)	10	(2)	(17)	(108)	(2)	4	(1)	(107)
Fixed Annuities	3	19	17	39	(3)	23	31	28	79
Total U.S. Life Insurance segment	(1)	66	(5)	60	(425)	(3)	57	(5)	(376)
Runoff segment	10	9	20	39	(2)	14	13	10	35
Corporate and Other	(35)	(57)	(58)	(150)	(20)	(47)	(99)	(64)	(230)
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 123	<u>\$ 178</u>	\$ 95	\$ 396	\$ (305)	\$ 99	\$ 130	\$ 71	\$ (5)
		-	-	-			-		
Familian (Lass) Box Share Date.		1							
Earnings (Loss) Per Share Data: Net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share									
Basic Basic	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.35	\$ 0.72	\$ (0.66)	¢ 0.20	\$ 0.38	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.24
Diluted	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.72	\$ (0.66)		\$ 0.38	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.24
Adjusted operating income (loss) per share	φ 0.0 4	\$ 0.55	φ U.J4	φ U./I	\$ (0.00)	φ 0.29	φ 0.56	φ 0.22	φ 0.24
Basic	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.35	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.79	\$ (0.61)	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.14	\$ (0.01)
Diluted	\$ 0.24	\$ 0.35	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.78	\$ (0.61)		\$ 0.26	\$ 0.14	\$ (0.01)
Weighted-average common shares outstanding			,,	,	. ()		0		. (0.01)
Basic	503.5	503.4	501.2	502.7	500.8	500.7	500.6	499.6	500.4
Diluted(2)	511.2	508.7	508.6	509.5	500.8	503.3	502.6	502.7	500.4

⁽¹⁾ Net investment (gains) losses were adjusted for the portion attributable to noncontrolling interests and DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves (see page 41 for reconciliation).

⁽²⁾ Under applicable accounting guidance, companies in a loss position are required to use basic weighted-average common shares outstanding in the calculation of diluted loss per share. Therefore, as a result of the loss from continuing operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders for the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2018, the company was required to use basic weighted-average common shares outstanding in the calculation of diluted loss per share for the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2018, as the inclusion of shares for stock options, restricted stock units and stock appreciation rights of 7.6 million and 3.8 million, respectively, would have been antidilutive to the calculation. If the company had not incurred a loss from continuing operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders for the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2018, dilutive potential weighted-average common shares outstanding would have been 508.4 million and 504.2 million, respectively.

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2019

Consolidated Balance Sheets (amounts in millions)

	September 30, 2019		June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018		September 30 2018	
ASSETS								
Investments:								
Fixed maturity securities available-for-sale, at fair value	\$	61,233	\$ 59,491	\$ 57,153	\$	55,589	\$	55,167
Equity securities, at fair value		239	262	251		275		320
Commercial mortgage loans(1)		7,033	7,019	6,988		6,749		6,655
Policy loans		2,069	2,076	1,994		1,861		1,859
Other invested assets		1,693	1,396	1,106		1,072		1,167
Total investments		72,267	70,244	67,492		65,546		65,168
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		1,629	1,715	2,020		1,974		2,297
Accrued investment income		643	595	685		645		619
Deferred acquisition costs		1,881	1,980	2,097		3,142		3,208
Intangible assets and goodwill		210	229	250		333		340
Reinsurance recoverable		17,180	17,211	17,257		17,278		17,351
Other assets		479	516	467		395		421
Deferred tax asset		236	383	573		736		650
Separate account assets		6,005	6,187	6,210		5,859		6,745
Assets held for sale related to discontinued operations(2)		5,123	5,246	5,137		5,015		5,322
Total assets	\$	105,653	\$104,306	\$ 102,188	\$	100,923	\$	102,121

⁽¹⁾ Included restricted commercial mortgage loans of \$53 million, \$56 million, \$59 million, \$62 million and \$87 million, respectively, as of September 30, 2019, June 30, 2019, March 31, 2019, December 31, 2018 and September 30, 2018 related to a securitization entity.

⁽²⁾ The assets held for sale related to discontinued operations have been segregated in the consolidated balance sheets. The major asset categories for discontinued operations were as follows:

	September 30, 2019		June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	September 30 2018	0,
ASSETS						_	
Investments:							
Fixed maturity securities available-for-sale, at fair value	\$	4,225	\$ 4,283	\$ 4,207	\$ 4,072	\$ 4,23	7
Equity securities, at fair value		373	382	384	380	46	,3
Other invested assets		129	139	102	116	18	37
Total investments		4,727	4,804	4,693	4,568	4,88	<u>.</u> 37
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		362	223	201	203	20	18
Accrued investment income		38	31	41	30	3	8
Deferred acquisition costs		125	125	122	121	12	8.
Intangible assets and goodwill		15	15	15	14	1	15
Other assets		52	48	65	79	4	6
Assets held for sale related to discontinued operations		5,319	5,246	5,137	5,015	5,32	22
Impairment of disposal group and cost to sell		(196)					_
Total assets held for sale related to discontinued operations	\$	5,123	\$ 5,246	\$ 5,137	\$ 5,015	\$ 5,32	22

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2019

Consolidated Balance Sheets (amounts in millions)

	September 30, 2019	June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	September 30, 2018
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY					
Liabilities:					
Future policy benefits	\$ 40,489	\$ 39,583	\$ 38,369		\$ 38,018
Policyholder account balances	22,607	22,673	22,651	22,968	22,993
Liability for policy and contract claims	10,780	10,586	10,448	10,295	9,762
Unearned premiums	1,863	1,917	1,964	2,013	2,041
Other liabilities	1,445	1,604	1,564	1,529	1,672
Borrowings related to a securitization entity	_	_	_	_	20
Non-recourse funding obligations	311	311	311	311	310
Long-term borrowings	3,706	3,711	3,711	3,707	3,715
Separate account liabilities	6,005	6,187	6,210	5,859	6,745
Liabilities held for sale related to discontinued operations (1)	2,302	2,142	2,078	2,112	2,224
Total liabilities	89,508	88,714	87,306	86,734	87,500
Equity:					
Common stock	1	1	1	1	1
Additional paid-in capital	11,986	11,983	11,989	11,987	11,983
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss):					
Net unrealized investment gains (losses):					
Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities not other-than-temporarily impaired	1,664	1,294	932	585	598
Net unrealized gains (losses) on other-than-temporarily impaired securities	11	11	11	10	10
Net unrealized investment gains (losses)	1,675	1,305	943	595	608
Derivatives qualifying as hedges	2,259	1,983	1,850	1,781	1,717
Foreign currency translation and other adjustments	(312)	(275)	(301)	(332)	(258)
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	3,622	3,013	2,492	2,044	2,067
Retained earnings	1,478	1,460	1,292	1,118	1,447
Treasury stock, at cost	(2,700)	(2,700)	(2,700)	(2,700)	(2,700)
Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity	14,387	13,757	13,074	12,450	12,798
Noncontrolling interests	1,758	1,835	1,808	1,739	1,823
Total equity	16,145	15,592	14,882	14,189	14,621
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 105,653	\$104,306	\$ 102,188	\$ 100,923	\$ 102,121

⁽¹⁾ The liabilities held for sale related to discontinued operations have been segregated in the consolidated balance sheets. The major liability categories for discontinued operations were as follows:

	September 30, 2019				March 31, December 3 2019 2018		,	31, September 30, 2018	
LIABILITIES	_								
Liability for policy and contract claims	\$ 95	\$	91	\$	88	\$	84	\$	82
Unearned premiums	1,588	1	,571		1,518		1,533		1,627
Other liabilities	264		121		119		154		161
Long-term borrowings	329		333		324		318		336
Deferred tax liability	26		26		29		23		18
Liabilities held for sale related to discontinued operations	\$ 2,302	\$ 2	2,142	\$	2,078	\$	2,112	\$	2,224

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2019

Consolidated Balance Sheet by Segment (amounts in millions)

	September 30, 2019						
	U.S. Mortgage Insurance	Australia Mortgage Insurance	U.S. Life Insurance	Runoff	Corporate and Other(1)	Total	
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$ 3,995	\$ 2,179	\$ 64,213	\$3,004		\$ 74,539	
Deferred acquisition costs and intangible assets	49	58	1,809	165	10	2,091	
Reinsurance recoverable	_	_	16,450	730	_	17,180	
Deferred tax and other assets	95	153	(94)	27	534	715	
Separate account assets	_	_	_	6,005	_	6,005	
Assets held for sale related to discontinued operations					5,123	5,123	
Total assets	\$ 4,139	\$ 2,390	\$ 82,378	\$9,931	\$ 6,815	\$105,653	
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY							
Liabilities:							
Future policy benefits	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 40,487	\$ 2	\$ —	\$ 40,489	
Policyholder account balances	_	_	19,293	3,314	_	22,607	
Liability for policy and contract claims	247	204	10,311	10	8	10,780	
Unearned premiums	413	949	497	4	_	1,863	
Non-recourse funding obligations	_	_	311	_	_	311	
Other liabilities	78	199	564	43	561	1,445	
Borrowings and capital securities	_	135	_	_	3,571	3,706	
Separate account liabilities	_	_	_	6,005	_	6,005	
Liabilities held for sale related to discontinued operations					2,302	2,302	
Total liabilities	738	1,487	71,463	9,378	6,442	89,508	
Equity:							
Allocated equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	3,307	419	7,192	537	(690)	10,765	
Allocated accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	94	27	3,723	16	(238)	3,622	
Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity	3,401	446	10,915	553	(928)	14,387	
Noncontrolling interests		457			1,301	1,758	
Total equity	3,401	903	10,915	553	373	16,145	
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 4,139	\$ 2,390	\$ 82,378	\$9,931	\$ 6,815	\$105,653	

⁽¹⁾ Includes inter-segment eliminations and other businesses that are managed outside the operating segments, including discontinued operations.

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2019

Consolidated Balance Sheet by Segment (amounts in millions)

June 30, 2019 ILS. Australia Mortgage Mortgage U.S. Life Corporate and Insurance Insurance Insurance Runoff Other(1) Total ASSETS Cash and investments \$ 3,846 \$ 2,303 \$ 62,499 \$ 2.896 \$ 1 010 \$ 72,554 Deferred acquisition costs and intangible assets 50 65 1,911 173 10 2,209 16,474 17,211 Reinsurance recoverable 2 735 81 519 Deferred tax and other assets 154 118 2.7 899 Separate account assets 6,187 6,187 5,246 Assets held for sale related to discontinued operations 5,246 3,977 2,524 Total assets \$ 81,002 \$10,018 6,785 \$104,306 LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Liabilities: Future policy benefits \$ 39,581 \$ 39,583 Policyholder account balances 19,434 3,239 22.673 254 Liability for policy and contract claims 209 10,102 13 8 10,586 419 997 497 1,917 Unearned premiums 4 Non-recourse funding obligations 311 311 Other liabilities 79 185 560 52 728 1,604 Borrowings and capital securities 140 3,571 3,711 Separate account liabilities 6,187 6,187 Liabilities held for sale related to discontinued operations 2,142 2,142 7<u>52</u> Total liabilities 1,531 70,485 9,497 6,449 88,714 Equity: 453 Allocated equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 3,148 7,419 515 (791)10,744 77 40 3,098 (208)3,013 Allocated accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 6 3,225 493 10,517 521 (999)13,757 Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity 500 1,335 Noncontrolling interests 1,835 3,225 Total equity 993 10,517 521 336 15,592 6,785 Total liabilities and equity 3,977 2,524 \$ 81,002 \$10,018 \$104,306

⁽¹⁾ Includes inter-segment eliminations and other businesses that are managed outside the operating segments, including discontinued operations.

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2019

Deferred Acquisition Costs Rollforward (amounts in millions)

	Mor	.S. tgage rance	Mor	tralia tgage rance	U.S. Life Insurance	Runoff	Total
Unamortized balance as of June 30, 2019	\$	28	\$	37	\$ 3,260	\$ 184	\$ 3,509
Costs deferred		3		3	_	_	6
Amortization, net of interest accretion		(2)		(2)	(82)	(9)	(95)
Impact of foreign currency translation		_		(2)			(2)
Unamortized balance as of September 30, 2019		29		36	3,178	175	3,418
Effect of accumulated net unrealized investment (gains) losses					(1,519)	(18)	(1,537)
Balance as of September 30, 2019	\$	29	\$	36	\$ 1,659	\$ 157	\$ 1,881

U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2019

Adjusted Operating Income and Sales—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment (amounts in millions)

			201	9					2018				
	3Q	3Q		3Q		1Q	Total	4Q	3Q		2Q	1Q	Total
REVENUES:													
Premiums	\$ 219	1	\$ 206	\$ 194	\$ 619	\$ 193	\$ 1	90	\$ 184	\$ 179	\$ 746		
Net investment income	31		28	28	87	26		23	23	21	93		
Net investment gains (losses)	_		_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_		
Policy fees and other income	1		1	1	3			1	1		2		
Total revenues	251		235	223	709	219	2	14	208	200	841		
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:													
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	23		_	16	39	14		20	(14)	16	15,800		
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	51		44	46	141	44		41	45	39	169		
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	3		4	4	11	3		4	3	4	14		
Total benefits and expenses	77		48	66	191	61		65	34	59	219		
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	174	.	187	157	518	158	1	49	174	141	622		
Provision for income taxes	37		40	33	110	34		31	37	30	132		
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	137		147	124	408	124	1	18	137	111	490		
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:													
Net investment (gains) losses	_		_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_		
Taxes on adjustments								_					
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME	\$ 137		\$ 147	\$ 124	\$ 408	\$ 124	\$ 1	18	\$ 137	\$ 111	\$ 490		
SALES:		_											
Flow New Insurance Written (NIW)	\$18,900	1	\$15,800	\$9,600	\$44,300	\$9,300	\$10,3	00	\$11,400	\$9,000	\$40,000		

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT **THIRD QUARTER 2019**

Flow New Insurance Written Metrics—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment (amounts in millions)

	2019						2018											
	3Q		2Q		1Q		4Q		3Q		2Q)				
	Flow	% of Flow	Flow	% of Flow	Flow	% of Flow	Flow	% of Flow	Flow	% of Flow	Flow	% of Flow	Flow	% of Flow				
	NIW	NIW	NIW	NIW	NIW	NIW	NIW	NIW	NIW	NIW	NIW	NIW	NIW	NIW				
Product														_				
Monthly(1)	\$16,800	89%	\$13,900	88%	\$8,400	87%	\$7,900	85%	\$ 8,400	82%	\$ 9,700	85%	\$7,300	81%				
Single	2,100	11	1,900	12	1,200	13	1,400	15	1,900	18	1,700	15	1,700	19				
Total Flow	\$18,900	100%	\$15,800	100%	\$9,600	100%	\$9,300	100%	\$10,300	100%	\$11,400	100%	\$9,000	100%				
FICO Scores																		
Over 735	\$11,300	60%	\$ 9,200	58%	\$5,500	57%	\$5,200	56%	\$ 6,000	58%	\$ 6,900	60%	\$5,300	59%				
680-735	6,300	33	5,500	35	3,300	35	3,200	35	3,300	32	3,700	32	3,000	33				
660-679(2)	700	4	600	4	400	4	500	5	500	5	400	4	400	5				
620-659	600	3	500	3	400	4	400	4	500	5	400	4	300	3				
<620																		
Total Flow	\$18,900	100%	\$15,800	100%	\$9,600	100%	\$9,300	100%	\$10,300	100%	\$11,400	100%	\$9,000	100%				
Loan-To-Value Ratio																		
95.01% and above	\$ 2,900	16%	\$ 2,900	18%	\$1,800	19%	\$2,000	21%	\$ 2,000	19%	\$ 2,400	21%	\$1,600	18%				
90.01% to 95.00%	8,000	42	6,900	44	4,200	44	4,000	43	4,500	44	4,900	43	3,900	43				
85.01% to 90.00%	5,500	29	4,300	27	2,500	26	2,300	25	2,800	27	2,900	25	2,500	28				
85.00% and below	2,500	13	1,700	11	1,100	11	1,000	11	1,000	10	1,200	11	1,000	11				
Total Flow	\$18,900	100%	\$15,800	100%	\$9,600	100%	\$9,300	100%	\$10,300	100%	\$11,400	100%	\$9,000	100%				
Origination																		
Purchase	\$14,900	79%	\$13,900	88%	\$8,600	90%	\$8,800	95%	\$ 9,800	95%	\$10,700	94%	\$8,000	89%				
Refinance	4,000	21	1,900	12	1,000	10	500	5	500	5	700	6	1,000	11				
Total Flow	\$18,900	100%	\$15,800	100%	\$9,600	100%	\$9,300	100%	\$10,300	100%	\$11,400	100%	\$9,000	100%				

⁽¹⁾

Includes loans with annual and split payment types.

Loans with unknown FICO scores are included in the 660-679 category. (2)

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2019

Other Metrics—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment (dollar amounts in millions)

		201	9		2018									
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total					
Net Premiums Written	\$ 213	\$ 204	\$ 193	\$ 610	\$ 192	\$ 195	\$ 191	\$ 185	\$ 763					
Flow New Risk Written	\$ 4,647	\$ 3,931	\$ 2,403	\$10,981	\$ 2,300	\$ 2,559	\$ 2,866	\$ 2,247	\$9,972					
Primary Insurance In-Force(1)	\$186,300	\$178,500	\$170,400		\$166,700	\$163,200	\$159,500	\$154,900						
Risk In-Force														
Flow(2)	\$ 44,885	\$ 42,917	\$ 41,020		\$ 40,115	\$ 39,304	\$ 38,433	\$ 37,252						
Bulk(3)	160	167	173		178	188	195	202						
Total Primary	45,045	43,084	41,193		40,293	39,492	38,628	37,454						
Pool	59	62	66		69	72	75	80						
Total Risk In-Force	\$ 45,104	\$ 43,146	\$ 41,259		\$ 40,362	\$ 39,564	\$ 38,703	\$ 37,534						
Primary Risk In-Force That Is GSE Conforming	93%	93%	93%		94%	94%	94%	94%						
Expense Ratio (Net Earned Premiums) (4)	24%	24%	25%	24%	24%	23%	26%	24%	25%					
Expense Ratio (Net Premiums Written)(5)	25%	24%	26%	25%	25%	23%	25%	23%	24%					
Flow Persistency	75%	82%	86%		86%	84%	83%	84%						
Risk To Capital Ratio(6)	11.9:1	11.8:1	11.9:1		12.2:1	12.3:1	12.6:1	12.5:1						
PMIERs Sufficiency Ratio (7)	129%	123%	123%		129%	130%	129%	124%						
Average Primary Loan Size (in thousands)	\$ 221	\$ 218	\$ 215		\$ 213	\$ 211	\$ 209	\$ 207						

The expense ratios included above were calculated using whole dollars and may be different than the ratios calculated using the rounded numbers included herein.

⁽¹⁾ Primary insurance in-force represents aggregate loan balances for outstanding insurance policies and is used to determine premiums. Original loan balances are presented for policies with level renewal premiums. Amortized loan balances are presented for policies with annual, amortizing renewal premiums.

⁽²⁾ Flow risk in-force represents current loan balances as provided by servicers, lenders and investors and conforms to the presentation under the Private Mortgage Insurer Eligibility Requirements (PMIERs)

⁽³⁾ As of September 30, 2019, 88% of the bulk risk in-force was related to loans financed by lenders who participated in the mortgage programs sponsored by the Federal Home Loan Banks.

⁽⁴⁾ The ratio of an insurer's general expenses to net earned premiums. In the business, general expenses consist of acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals, and amortization of DAC and intangibles.

⁽⁵⁾ The ratio of an insurer's general expenses to net premiums written. In the business, general expenses consist of acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals, and amortization of DAC and intangibles.

⁽⁶⁾ Certain states limit a private mortgage insurer's risk in-force to 25 times the total of the insurer's policyholders' surplus plus the statutory contingency reserve, commonly known as the "risk to capital" requirement. The current period risk to capital ratio is an estimate due to the timing of the filing of statutory statements and is prepared consistent with the presentation of the statutory financial statements in the combined annual statement of the U.S. mortgage insurance business.

⁽⁷⁾ The PMIERs sufficiency ratio is calculated as available assets divided by required assets as defined within PMIERs. The current period PMIERs sufficiency ratio is an estimate due to the timing of the PMIERs filing for the U.S. mortgage insurance business. As of September 30, 2019, June 30, 2019 and March 31, 2019, the PMIERs sufficiency ratios were in excess of \$850 million, \$650 million and \$600 million, respectively, of available assets above the PMIERs requirements. As of December 31, 2018, September 30, 2018, June 30, 2018 and March 31, 2018, the PMIERs sufficiency ratios were in excess of \$750 million, \$750 million, \$700 million,

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2019

Loss Metrics—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment (amounts in millions)

		201	9		2018							
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total			
Paid claims												
Flow												
Direct	\$ 28	\$ 24	\$ 30	\$ 82	\$ 34	\$ 52	\$ 45	\$ 53	\$ 184			
Assumed(1)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	1			
Ceded		_			_	_	_	(1)	(1)			
Loss adjustment expenses	1	2	2	5		3	2	2	7			
Total Flow	29	26	32	87	34	55	47	55	191			
Bulk						1		1	2			
Total Primary	29	26	32	87	34	56	47	56	193			
Pool	1			1			1		1			
Total Paid Claims	\$ 30	\$ 26	\$ 32	\$ 88	\$ 34	\$ 56	\$ 48	\$ 56	\$ 194			
Average Paid Claim (in thousands)	\$44.2	\$45.4	\$49.0		\$41.4	\$45.9	\$43.1	\$47.5				
Average Reserve Per Delinquency (in thousands)												
Flow	\$15.5	\$16.5	\$17.4		\$17.3	\$18.8	\$19.6	\$20.2				
Bulk loans with established reserve	\$13.3	\$14.1	\$13.8		\$14.6	\$17.6	\$18.4	\$17.6				
Reserves:												
Flow direct case	\$ 216	\$ 222	\$ 246		\$ 261	\$ 280	\$ 314	\$ 372				
Bulk direct case	4	4	4		5	7	8	8				
Assumed(1)	1	1	1		2	2	2	2				
All other(2)	26	27	29		28	28	28	33				
Total Reserves	\$ 247	\$ 254	\$ 280		\$ 296	\$ 317	\$ 352	\$ 415				
Beginning Reserves	\$ 254	\$ 280	\$ 296	\$ 296	\$ 317	\$ 352	\$ 415	\$ 455	\$ 455			
Paid claims	(30)	(26)	(32)	(88)	(34)	(56)	(48)	(57)	(195)			
Increase (decrease) in reserves	23	<u> </u>	16	39	13	21	(15)	17	36			
Ending Reserves	\$ 247	\$ 254	\$ 280	\$ 247	\$ 296	\$ 317	\$ 352	\$ 415	\$ 296			
Beginning Reinsurance Recoverable (3)	\$	\$ <i>-</i>	\$ <i>-</i>	\$ —	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ <i>-</i>	\$ <i>-</i>	\$ 1	\$ 1			
Ceded paid claims					_=_	_=_		(1)	(1)			
Ending Reinsurance Recoverable	\$	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>—</u>	\$ <u> </u>			
Loss Ratio(4)	11%	- %	8%	6%	7%	11%	(8)%	9%	5%			

The loss ratio included above was calculated using whole dollars and may be different than the ratio calculated using the rounded numbers included herein.

⁽¹⁾ Assumed is comprised of reinsurance arrangements with state governmental housing finance agencies.

⁽²⁾ Other includes loss adjustment expenses, pool and incurred but not reported reserves.

⁽³⁾ Reinsurance recoverable excludes ceded unearned premium recoveries and amounts for which cash proceeds have not yet been received.

The ratio of benefits and other changes in policy reserves to net earned premiums. During the second quarter of 2019, the company recorded a favorable reserve adjustment of \$10 million, which reduced the loss ratio by five percentage points for the three months ended June 30, 2019. During the second quarter of 2018, the company recorded a favorable reserve adjustment of \$28 million, which reduced the loss ratio by four percentage points for the twelve months ended December 31, 2018 and 15 percentage points for the three months ended June 30, 2018.

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT **THIRD QUARTER 2019**

Delinquency Metrics—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment (dollar amounts in millions)

		2019						2018					
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total				
Number of Primary Delinquencies													
Flow	15,575	15,070	15,764		16,670	16,367	17,505	20,007					
Bulk loans with an established reserve	375	347	360		403	415	445	494					
Bulk loans with no reserve(1)	55	65	82		86	92	101	101					
Total Number of Primary Delinquencies	16,005	15,482	16,206		17,159	16,874	18,051	20,602					
Beginning Number of Primary Delinquencies	15,482	16,206	17,159	17,159	16,874	18,051	20,602	23,188	23,188				
New delinquencies	8,650	7,705	8,539	24,894	8,719	7,884	7,049	8,409	32,061				
Delinquency cures	(7,451)	(7,872)	(8,835)	(24,158)	(7,601)	(7,857)	(8,488)	(9,840)	(33,786)				
Paid claims	(676)	(557)	(657)	(1,890)	(833)	(1,204)	(1,112)	(1,155)	(4,304)				
Ending Number of Primary Delinquencies	16,005	15,482	16,206	16,005	17,159	16,874	18,051	20,602	17,159				
Composition of Cures													
Reported delinquent and cured-intraquarter	1,803	1,621	2,342		1,767	1,651	1,514	2,288					
Number of missed payments delinquent prior to cure:													
3 payments or less	4,280	4,567	4,862		4,131	3,951	4,568	5,413					
4 - 11 payments	1,132	1,434	1,345		1,382	1,943	2,070	1,719					
12 payments or more	236	250	286		321	312	336	420					
Total	7,451	7,872	8,835		7,601	7,857	8,488	9,840					
Primary Delinquencies by Missed Payment Status													
3 payments or less	8,398	7,807	7,873		8,578	7,853	7,539	8,335					
4 - 11 payments	4,411	4,243	4,755		4,689	4,745	5,657	6,875					
12 payments or more	3,196	3,432	3,578		3,892	4,276	4,855	5,392					
Primary Delinquencies	16,005	15,482	16,206		17,159	16,874	18,051	20,602					
		CtI	20, 2010										
Flow Delinquencies and Percentage	·	Direct Case	er 30, 2019	Reserves as % of									
Reserved by Payment Status	Delinquencies	Reserves(2)	Risk In-Force	Risk In-Force									
3 payments or less in default	8,201	\$ 29	\$ 369	RISK III-FOFCE									
4 - 11 payments in default	4,319	76	199	38%									
12 payments or more in default	3.055	111	155	72%									

5 payments of less in default	8,201	•	29	Ф	309	8%
4 - 11 payments in default	4,319		76		199	38%
12 payments or more in default	3,055		111		155	72%
Total	15,575	\$	216	\$	723	30%
			Decemb	er 31, 2	018	
Flow Delinquencies and Percentage		Dire	ct Case			Reserves as % of
Reserved by Payment Status	Delinquencies		ct Case rves(2)	Risk	In-Force	Reserves as % of Risk In-Force
	Delinquencies 8,360			Risk \$	In-Force 365	
Reserved by Payment Status			rves(2)	Risk \$		Risk In-Force
Reserved by Payment Status 3 payments or less in default	8,360		31	Risk \$	365	Risk In-Force 8%
Reserved by Payment Status 3 payments or less in default 4 - 11 payments in default	8,360 4,591		31 88	Risk \$	365 208	Risk In-Force 8% 42%

Reserves were not established on loans where the company was in a secondary loss position due to an existing deductible and the company believes they currently have no risk for claim. Direct flow case reserves exclude loss adjustment expenses, incurred but not reported and reinsurance reserves.

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2019

Portfolio Quality Metrics—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment

		2019					
	3Q	2Q	1Q	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q
Primary Loans							· <u> </u>
Primary loans in-force	842,692	818,358	792,800	783,288	773,290	762,727	749,145
Primary delinquent loans	16,005	15,482	16,206	17,159	16,874	18,051	20,602
Primary delinquency rate	1.90%	1.89%	2.04%	2.19%	2.18%	2.37%	2.75%
Flow loans in-force	831,586	806,739	780,733	770,657	759,965	748,497	734,411
Flow delinquent loans	15,575	15,070	15,764	16,670	16,367	17,505	20,007
Flow delinquency rate	1.87%	1.87%	2.02%	2.16%	2.15%	2.34%	2.72%
Bulk loans in-force	11,106	11,619	12,067	12,631	13,325	14,230	14,734
Bulk delinquent loans	430	412	442	489	507	546	595
Bulk delinquency rate	3.87%	3.55%	3.66%	3.87%	3.80%	3.84%	4.04%
A minus and sub-prime loans in-force	13,450	14,180	14,712	15,348	16,087	16,928	17,964
A minus and sub-prime delinquent loans	2,339	2,367	2,530	2,727	2,817	3,058	3,557
A minus and sub-prime delinquency rate	17.39%	16.69%	17.20%	17.77%	17.51%	18.06%	19.80%
Pool Loans							
Pool loans in-force	4,261	4,331	4,470	4,535	4,636	4,774	4,961
Pool delinquent loans	168	177	187	220	215	204	220
Pool delinquency rate	3.94%	4.09%	4.18%	4.85%	4.64%	4.27%	4.43%
Primary Risk In-Force by Credit Quality							
Over 735	57%	57%	57%	57%	57%	57%	57%
680-735	33%	32%	32%	32%	32%	32%	32%
660-679(1)	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%
620-659	4%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%
<620	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%

⁽¹⁾ Loans with unknown FICO scores are included in the 660-679 category.

Policy Year

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2019

Portfolio Quality Metrics—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment (amounts in millions)

September 30, 2019 Delinquency Rate Average % of Total Primary Insurance Primary Risk Rate(1) Reserves(2) In-Force % of Total In-Force % of Total

2004 and prior	6.12%	8.0%	\$ 1,436	0.8%	\$ 271	0.6%	11.27%
2005 to 2008	5.47%	54.6	16,534	8.9	3,797	8.4	8.17%
2009 to 2012	4.29%	2.3	3,525	1.9	813	1.8	1.92%
2013	4.29%	2.0	4,276	2.3	1,043	2.3	1.60%
2014	4.12%	4.1	7,630	4.1	1,854	4.1	1.80%
2015	4.45%	6.2	15,529	8.3	3,753	8.4	1.40%
2016	4.15%	7.9	28,607	15.3	6,894	15.3	1.08%
2017	3.89%	8.5	31,414	16.9	7,634	17.0	1.08%
2018	4.25%	5.6	34,328	18.4	8,388	18.6	0.76%
2019	4.77%	0.8	42,976	23.1	10,598	23.5	0.12%
Total	4.41%	100.0%	\$ 186,255	100.0%	\$ 45,045	100.0%	1.90%
	Sentember 30	2010	June 30 2	1010	Sentember	20. 2010	

	September	30, 2019	June 30, 2	019		September	30, 2018	
		Primary Delinquency Rate	I	•	Primary Delinquency Rate			Primary Delinquency Rate
\$			\$			\$		2.18%
\$	13,474	2.04%	\$	12,597		\$	11,196	2.56%
\$	17,647	1.88%	\$	16,729	2.03%	\$	15,005	2.51%
\$	8,238	3.19%	\$	7,837	3.16%	\$	6,857	3.88%
	23,314	1.53%		22,389	1.49%		20,527	1.62%
	13,340	1.54%		12,699	1.59%		11,931	1.86%
	153	2.42%		159	2.43%		177	2.73%
\$	45,045	1.90%	\$	43,084	1.89%	\$	39,492	2.18%
==								
\$	44,572	1.65%	\$	42,587	1.63%	\$	38,930	1.86%
	473	17.39%		497	16.69%		562	17.51%
\$	45,045	1.90%	\$	43,084	1.89%	\$	39,492	2.18%
		Primary Risk In-Force \$ 45,045 \$ 13,474 \$ 17,647 \$ 8,238 23,314 13,340 153 \$ 45,045 \$ 44,572 473	Primary Risk In-Force Delinquency Rate \$ 45,045 1.90% \$ 13,474 2.04% \$ 17,647 1.88% \$ 8,238 3.19% 23,314 1.53% 13,340 1.54% 153 2.42% \$ 45,045 1.90% \$ 44,572 1.65% 473 17.39%	Primary Risk In-Force Primary Delinquency Rate In-Force \$ 45,045 1.90% \$ \$ 13,474 2.04% \$ \$ 17,647 1.88% \$ \$ 8,238 3.19% \$ 23,314 1.53% 13,340 153 2.42% \$ \$ 45,045 1.90% \$ \$ 44,572 1.65% \$ 473 17.39% \$	Primary Risk In-Force Primary Pelinquency Rate Primary Risk In-Force \$ 45,045 1.90% \$ 43,084 \$ 13,474 2.04% \$ 12,597 \$ 17,647 1.88% \$ 16,729 \$ 8,238 3.19% \$ 7,837 23,314 1.53% 22,389 13,340 1.54% 12,699 153 2.42% 159 \$ 45,045 1.90% \$ 43,084 \$ 44,572 1.65% \$ 42,587 473 17.39% 497	Primary Risk In-Force Primary Delinquency Rate Primary Risk In-Force Primary Delinquency Rate \$ 13,474 2.04% \$ 12,597 2.11% 2.03% \$ 8,238 3.19% \$ 7,837 3.16% 2.03% \$ 23,314 1.53% 22,389 1.49% 13,340 1.54% 12,699 1.59% 153 2.42% 159 2.43% \$ 45,045 1.90% \$ 43,084 1.89% \$ 44,572 1.65% \$ 42,587 1.63% 473 17.39% 497 16.69%	Primary Risk In-Force Primary Rate Rate Primary Risk In-Force Primary Delinquency Rate Primary Risk In-Force Primary Risk In-Forc	Primary Risk In-Force Primary Rate Primary Risk In-Force Prim

⁽¹⁾

Average Annual Mortgage Interest Rate.

Total reserves were \$247 million as of September 30, 2019. (2)

Australia Mortgage Insurance Segment

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT **THIRD QUARTER 2019**

Adjusted Operating Income and Sales—Australia Mortgage Insurance Segment (amounts in millions)

			20	19				2018		
	3Q	2	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
REVENUES:										
Premiums	\$ 77	\$	80	\$ 83	\$ 240	\$ 82	\$ 87	\$ 106	\$ 98	\$ 373
Net investment income	13		15	16	44	15	17	18	17	67
Net investment gains (losses)	(9))	1	12	4	(19)	1	12	(9)	(15)
Policy fees and other income	1			(1)		1			1	2
Total revenues	82		96	110	288	79	105	136	107	427
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:										
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	28		26	28	82	24	27	29	30	110
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	17		17	17	51	16	15	17	17	65
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	9		9	9	27	10	10	12	11	43
Interest expense	2	l	2	2	6	2	3	2	2	9
Total benefits and expenses	56	l	54	56	166	52	55	60	60	227
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	26		42	54	122	27	50	76	47	200
Provision for income taxes	8		13	16	37	8	15	23	14	60
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	18		29	38	85	19	35	53	33	140
Less: net income from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	10		15	20	45	8	18	27	17	70
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S	s									
COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	8		14	18	40	11	17	26	16	70
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTE FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS:	ł									
Net investment (gains) losses, net(1)	5		(1)	(6)	(2)	10	_	(6)	4	8
Taxes on adjustments	(1)			2	1	(3)		2	(1)	(2)
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME ⁽²⁾	\$ 12	\$	13	\$ 14	\$ 39	\$ 18	\$ 17	\$ 22	\$ 19	\$ 76
SALES:										
New Insurance Written (NIW)		_								
Flow	\$4,600		,700	\$3,400	\$11,700	\$4,000	\$3,800	\$3,700	\$3,400	\$14,900
Bulk		1	,200	500	1,700	800		900		1,700
Total Australia NIW ^{(3),(4)}	\$4,600	\$4	,900	\$3,900	\$13,400	\$4,800	\$3,800	\$4,600	\$3,400	\$16,600
(1) Net investment (gains) losses were adjusted for the portion of net investment gains (losses) attributable to	noncontro	lling ii	nterest	s as recon	ciled below	:				
Net investment (gains) losses, gross	\$ 9	\$		\$ (12)			\$ (1)	\$ (12)	\$ 9	\$ 15
Adjustment for net investment gains (losses) attributable to noncontrolling interests	(4))		6	2	(9)	1	6	(5)	(7)
Net investment (gains) losses, net	\$ 5	\$	(1)	\$ (6)	\$ (2)		<u>s</u> —	\$ (6)		\$ 8

Adjusted operating income for the Australian platform adjusted for foreign exchange as compared to the prior year period was \$13 million and \$43 million for the three and nine months ended (2) September 30, 2019, respectively.

New insurance written for the Australian platform adjusted for foreign exchange as compared to the prior year period was \$5,000 million and \$14,600 million for the three and nine months ended (3) September 30, 2019, respectively.

The business currently has structured insurance transactions with three lenders where it is in a secondary loss position. The new insurance written associated with these arrangements is excluded from

⁽⁴⁾ these metrics.

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2019

Selected Key Performance Measures—Australia Mortgage Insurance Segment (amounts in millions)

			20													
	30)	2Q		1Q		tal	4Q		3Q		2Q		1Q		Total
Net Premiums Written	\$	70	\$ 58	\$	52	\$	180	\$	70	\$	56	\$	56	\$	60	\$242
Loss Ratio(1)		36%	34%	6	34%		34%		29%		31%		28%		30%	30%
Expense Ratio (Net Earned Premiums)(2)		34%	33%	6	31%		32%		32%		29%		27%		29%	29%
Expense Ratio (Net Premiums Written)(3)		38%	44%	6	50%		43%		38%		46%		50%		47%	45%
Primary Insurance In-Force ⁽⁴⁾	\$206,	,400	\$215,600	\$2	19,200			\$218,	,200	\$222	500	\$229	,400	\$246	,300	
Primary Risk In-Force ^{(4),(5)}																
Flow	\$ 66,	,400	\$ 69,100	\$	70,600			\$ 70,	,300	\$ 71.	900	\$ 74	,000	\$ 79	,600	
Bulk	5,	,500	6,000		5,700			5,	,700	5,	600	5	,900	6	,100	
Total	\$ 71,	,900	\$ 75,100	\$	76,300			\$ 76,		\$ 77.	500	\$ 79	,900	\$ 85		

	Sej	otember 30, 20	119		June 30, 2019				
Risk In-Force by Loan-To-Value Ratio (4),(6)	Primary	Flow	Bulk	Primary	Flow	Bulk			
95.01% and above	\$ 9,986	\$ 9,985	\$ 1	\$ 10,624	\$ 10,624	\$ —			
90.01% to 95.00%	20,195	20,190	5	20,938	20,932	6			
80.01% to 90.00%	22,171	22,112	59	22,722	22,656	66			
80.00% and below	19,544	14,160	5,384	20,809	14,924	5,885			
Total	\$ 71,896	\$ 66,447	\$ 5,449	\$ 75,093	\$ 69,136	\$ 5,957			

The loss and expense ratios included above were calculated using whole dollars and may be different than the ratios calculated using the rounded numbers included herein.

- (1) The ratio of benefits and other changes in policy reserves to net earned premiums.
- (2) The ratio of an insurer's general expenses to net earned premiums. In the business, general expenses consist of acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals, and amortization of DAC and intangibles.
- (3) The ratio of an insurer's general expenses to net premiums written. In the business, general expenses consist of acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals, and amortization of DAC and intangibles.
- (4) The business currently has structured insurance transactions with three lenders where it is in a secondary loss position. The insurance in-force and risk in-force associated with these arrangements are excluded from these metrics. The risk in-force on these transactions was approximately \$152 million, \$157 million, \$157 million, \$154 million, \$158 million, \$159 million and \$160 million as of September 30, 2019, June 30, 2019, March 31, 2019, December 31, 2018, September 30, 2018, June 30, 2018 and March 31, 2018, respectively.
- (5) The business currently provides 100% coverage on the majority of the loans the company insures. For the purpose of representing the risk in-force, Australia has computed an "effective risk in-force" amount which recognizes that the loss on any particular loan will be reduced by the net proceeds received upon sale of the property. Effective risk in-force has been calculated by applying to insurance in-force a factor that represents the highest expected average per-claim payment for any one underwriting year over the life of the business. This factor was 35% for all periods presented. Australia also has certain risk share arrangements where it provides pro-rata coverage of certain loans rather than 100% coverage. As a result, for loans with these risk share arrangements, the applicable pro-rata coverage amount provided is used when applying the factor.
- (6) Loan amount in loan-to-value ratio calculation includes capitalized premiums, where applicable.

 $\label{eq:primary_insurance} \textbf{Primary Insurance}(1)$

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2019

Selected Key Performance Measures—Australia Mortgage Insurance Segment (dollar amounts in millions)

June 30, 2019

September 30, 2019

March 31, 2019

December 31, 2018

September 30, 2018

Insured loans in-force	1,293,961	1,308,811	1,323,172	1,332,906	1,335,133	
Insured delinquent loans	7,713	7,891	7,490	7,145	7,350	
Insured delinquency rate	0.60%	0.60%	0.57%	0.54%	0.55%	
Flow loans in-force	1,192,282	1,200,603	1,217,050	1,226,219	1,229,558	
Flow delinquent loans	7,469	7,642	7,265	6,931	7,133	
Flow delinquency rate	0.63%	0.64%	0.60%	0.57%	0.58%	
Bulk loans in-force	101,679	108,208	106,122	106,687	105,575	
Bulk delinquent loans	244	249	225	214	217	
Bulk delinquency rate	0.24%	0.23%	0.21%	0.20%	0.21%	
Loss Metrics	September 30, 2019	June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	September 30, 2018	
Beginning Reserves	\$ 209	\$ 204	\$ 196	\$ 201	\$ 206	
Paid claims (2)	(24)	(20)	(22)	(25)	(27)	
Increase in reserves	27	27	28	25	26	
Impact of changes in foreign exchange rates	(8)	(2)	2	(5)	(4)	
Ending Reserves	\$ 204	\$ 209	\$ 204	\$ 196	\$ 201	
	Septemb	er 30, 2019	June	30, 2019	September	30, 2018
	% of Primary	Primary	% of Primary	Primary	% of Primary	Primary
State and Territory(1)	Risk In-Force	Delinquency Rate	Risk In-Force	Delinquency Rate	Risk In-Force	Delinquency Rate
New South Wales	28%	0.45%	27%	0.45%	28%	0.38%
Queensland	23	0.80%	23	0.81%	23	0.73%
Victoria	22	0.439/-	22	0.45%	22	0.429/-

State and Territory (1)	% of Primary	Primary	% of Primary	Primary	% of Primary	Primary
	Risk In-Force	Delinquency Rate	Risk In-Force	Delinquency Rate	Risk In-Force	Delinquency Rate
New South Wales	28%	0.45%	27%	0.45%	28%	0.38%
Queensland	23	0.80%	23	0.81%	23	0.73%
Victoria	22	0.43%	23	0.45%	23	0.42%
Western Australia	13	1.06%	13	1.10%	12	1.01%
South Australia	6	0.69%	6	0.68%	6	0.70%
Australian Capital Territory	3	0.26%	3	0.25%	3	0.15%
Tasmania	2	0.31%	2	0.31%	2	0.35%
New Zealand	2	0.02%	2	0.02%	2	0.05%
Northern Territory	1	0.85%	1	0.83%	1	0.70%
Total	100%	0.60%	100%	0.60%	100%	0.55%
By Policy Year(1)						
2010 and prior	43%	0.51%	44%	0.52%	46%	0.50%
2011	4	0.77%	4	0.80%	5	0.75%
2012	6	1.04%	6	1.11%	6	0.93%
2013	6	1.13%	7	1.10%	7	0.92%
2014	8	1.01%	8	0.97%	9	0.84%
2015	7	0.86%	7	0.82%	8	0.64%
2016	7	0.60%	7	0.60%	7	0.42%
2017	7	0.41%	7	0.36%	7	0.19%
2018	7	0.22%	7	0.15%	5	0.02%
2019	5	0.01%	3	0.01%		— %
Total	100%	0.60%	100%	0.60%	100%	0.55%

⁽¹⁾ The business currently has structured insurance transactions with three lenders where it is in a secondary loss position. The loans in-force, including delinquent loans, and risk in-force associated with these arrangements are excluded from these metrics.

⁽²⁾ Paid claims exclude adjustments for expected recoveries related to loss reserves and prior paid claims.

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2019

Selected Key Performance Measures—Australia Mortgage Insurance Segment (Australian dollar amounts in millions)

		201	9		2018							
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total			
Paid Claims(1)												
Flow	<u>\$ 35</u>	\$ 28	<u>\$ 30</u>	<u>\$ 93</u>	<u>\$ 34</u>	<u>\$ 38</u>	<u>\$ 33</u>	<u>\$ 44</u>	\$ 149			
Total Paid Claims	\$ 35	\$ 28	\$ 30	\$ 93	\$ 34	\$ 38	\$ 33	\$ 44	\$ 149			
Average Paid Claim (in thousands)	\$97.9	\$94.1	\$94.2		\$104.2	\$117.2	\$110.1	\$119.5				
Average Reserve Per Delinquency (in thousands)	\$39.2	\$37.8	\$38.4		\$ 39.0	\$ 37.9	\$ 38.2	\$ 39.4				
Loss Metrics												
Beginning Reserves	\$ 298	\$ 288	\$ 279	\$279	\$ 278	\$ 279	\$ 274	\$ 280	\$ 280			
Paid claims(1)	(35)	(28)	(30)	(93)	(34)	(38)	(33)	(44)	(149)			
Increase in reserves	39	38	39	116	35	37	38	38	148			
Ending Reserves	\$ 302	\$ 298	\$ 288	\$302	\$ 279	\$ 278	\$ 279	\$ 274	\$ 279			
Loan Amount(2).(3)												
Over \$550K	19%	19%	18%		18%	18%	17%	17%				
\$400K to \$550K	22	21	21		21	21	21	20				
\$250K to \$400K	33	33	34		34	34	34	35				
\$100K to \$250K	21	22	22		22	22	23	23				
\$100K or Less	5	5	5		5	5	5	5				
Total	100%	100%	100%		100%	100%	100%	100%				
Average Primary Loan Size (in thousands)(3)	\$ 236	\$ 235	\$ 233		\$ 232	\$ 231	\$ 229	\$ 228				

All amounts presented in Australian dollars.

⁽¹⁾ Paid claims exclude adjustments for expected recoveries related to loss reserves and prior paid claims.

⁽²⁾ The percentages in this table are based on the amount of primary insurance in-force in each loan band as a percentage of total insurance in-force.

⁽³⁾ The business currently has structured insurance transactions with three lenders where it is in a secondary loss position. The loans in-force associated with these arrangements are excluded from these metrics.

U.S. Life Insurance Segment

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2019

Adjusted Operating Income (Loss)—U.S. Life Insurance Segment (amounts in millions)

		20	19		2018						
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total		
REVENUES:											
Premiums	\$ 717	\$ 713	\$ 709	\$2,139	\$ 716	\$ 717	\$ 712	\$ 722	\$2,867		
Net investment income	722	724	701	2,147	690	696	707	688	2,781		
Net investment gains (losses)	11	(36)	84	59	38	(7)	(10)	8	29		
Policy fees and other income	152	187	151	490	154	155	169	163	641		
Total revenues	1,602	1,588	1,645	4,835	1,598	1,561	1,578	1,581	6,318		
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:											
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	1,225	1,211	1,236	3,672	1,767	1,248	1,163	1,238	5,416		
Interest credited	106	106	106	318	113	113	116	119	461		
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	158	142	148	448	153	144	146	141	584		
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	89	67	66	222	55	53	78	71	257		
Interest expense	4	4	5	13	4	4	4	4	16		
Total benefits and expenses	1,582	1,530	1,561	4,673	2,092	1,562	1,507	1,573	6,734		
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	20	58	84	162	(494)	(1)	71	8	(416)		
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	10	19	24	53	(101)	6	21	6	(68)		
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	10	39	60	109	(393)	(7)	50	2	(348)		
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:											
Net investment (gains) losses, net(1)	(14)	35	(86)	(65)	(41)	6	9	(9)	(35)		
Expenses related to restructuring	_	(1)	4	3	_	_	_	_	_		
Taxes on adjustments	3	(7)	17	13	9	(2)	(2)	2	7		
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	<u>\$ (1)</u>	\$ 66	\$ (5)	\$ 60	\$ (425)	\$ (3)	\$ 57	\$ (5)	\$ (376)		
] ====	====			=		=	====		
(1) Net investment (gains) losses were adjusted for DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit	fit reserves as reco	nciled belo	w:								

(1) Net investment (gains) losses were adjusted for DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit i	reserves as reconcile	ed below:							
Net investment (gains) losses, gross	\$ (11) \$	36 \$	(84) \$	(59) \$	(38) \$	7 \$	10 \$	(8)	\$ (29)
Adjustment for DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves	(3)	(1)	(2)	(6)	(3)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(6)
Net investment (gains) losses, net	<u>\$ (14)</u> \$	35 \$	(86) \$	(65)	<u>(41)</u> \$	6 \$	9 \$	(9)	\$ (35)

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2019

Adjusted Operating Income (Loss)—U.S. Life Insurance Segment—Long-Term Care Insurance (amounts in millions)

	2019 2018								
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
REVENUES:									
Premiums	\$ 652	\$ 640	\$ 628	\$1,920	\$ 650	\$ 648	\$ 632	\$ 631	\$2,561
Net investment income	432	428	406	1,266	398	397	399	382	1,576
Net investment gains (losses)	28	(15)	80	93	46	4	3	6	59
Policy fees and other income	(2)	2				(1)	1	1	1
Total revenues	1,110	1,055	1,114	3,279	1,094	1,048	1,035	1,020	4,197
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:									
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	916	896	927	2,739	1,311	944	874	928	4,057
Interest credited	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	106	93	101	300	105	99	101	93	398
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	25	26	25	76	25	24	22	27	98
Interest expense									
Total benefits and expenses	1,047	1,015	1,053	3,115	1,441	1,067	997	1,048	4,553
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	63	40	61	164	(347)	(19)	38	(28)	(356)
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	19	15	19	53	(69)	1	14	(1)	(55)
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	44	25	42	111	(278)	(20)	24	(27)	(301)
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:									
Net investment (gains) losses	(28)	15	(80)	(93)	(46)	(4)	(3)	(6)	(59)
Expenses related to restructuring	_	(1)	2	1	_	_	_	_	_
Taxes on adjustments	5	(2)	16	19	10		1	1	12
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 21	\$ 37	\$ (20)	\$ 38	\$ (314)	\$ (24)	\$ 22	\$ (32)	\$ (348)
	====	====							====
RATIOS:									
Loss Ratio(1)	76%	74%	81%	77%	138%	83%	75%	84%	95%
Gross Benefits Ratio (2)	140%	140%	148%	143%	202%	146%	138%	147%	158%

⁽¹⁾ The loss ratio was calculated by dividing benefits and other changes in policy reserves less tabular interest on reserves less loss adjustment expenses by net earned premiums.

The gross benefits ratio was calculated by dividing benefits and other changes in policy reserves by net earned premiums.

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2019

Adjusted Operating Income (Loss)—U.S. Life Insurance Segment—Life Insurance (amounts in millions)

		20	019		2018						
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total		
REVENUES:											
Premiums	\$ 65	\$ 73	\$ 81	\$ 219	\$ 66	\$ 69	\$ 80	\$ 91	\$ 306		
Net investment income	133	130	133	396	127	128	125	124	504		
Net investment gains (losses)	(2)	(3)	10	5	(5)	(4)	(2)	5	(6)		
Policy fees and other income	151	182	148	481	151	152	164	159	626		
Total revenues	347	382	372	1,101	339	345	367	379	1,430		
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:											
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	228	244	242	714	367	239	225	247	1,078		
Interest credited	60	58	58	176	61	59	60	61	241		
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	40	37	34	111	35	33	33	35	136		
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	50	28	27	105	14	16	42	29	101		
Interest expense	4	4	5	13	4	4	4	4	16		
Total benefits and expenses	382	371	366	1,119	481	351	364	376	1,572		
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(35)	11	6	(18)	(142)	(6)	3	3	(142)		
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(8)	3	1	(4)	(30)	(1)	1		(30)		
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	(27)	8	5	(14)	(112)	(5)	2	3	(112)		
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:											
Net investment (gains) losses	2	3	(10)	(5)	5	4	2	(5)	6		
Expenses related to restructuring	—	_	1	1	_	_	_	_	_		
Taxes on adjustments		(1)	2	1	(1)	(1)		1	(1)		
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ (25)	\$ 10	\$ (2)	\$ (17)	<u>\$(108)</u>	\$ (2)	\$ 4	\$ (1)	<u>\$ (107)</u>		

REVENUES: Premiums

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2019

Adjusted Operating Income (Loss)—U.S. Life Insurance Segment—Fixed Annuities (amounts in millions)

2019 2Q 1Q Total 4Q 3Q

2Q

Total

			ъ —	3 —		• —	э —	
157	166	162	485	165	171	183	182	701
(15)	(18)	(6)	(39)	(3)	(7)	(11)	(3)	(24)
3	3	3	9	3	4	4	3	14
145	151	159	455	165	168	176	182	691
81	71	67	219	89	65	64	63	281
46	48	48	142	52	54	56	58	220
12	12	13	37	13	12	12	13	50
14	13	14	41	16	13	14	15	58
153	144	142	439	170	144	146	149	609
(8)	7	17	16	(5)	24	30	33	82
(1)	1	4	4	(2)	6	6	7	17
(7)	6	13	12	(3)	18	24	26	65
12	17	4	33	_	6	10	2	18
_	_	1	1	_	_	_	_	_
(2)	(4)	(1)	(7)		(1)	(3)		(4)
\$ 3	\$ 19	\$ 17	\$ 39	\$ (3)	\$ 23	\$ 31	\$ 28	\$ 79
]							
recerves os	reconciled l	alow.						
			\$ 20	¢ 2	¢ 7	¢ 11	¢ 2	\$ 24
	3 18 (1)			g 3	φ / (1)	φ 11 (1)	φ <i>3</i>	
	(1)	(2)		(3)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(6)
\$ 12	\$ 17	\$ 4	\$ 33	<u>s </u>	\$ 6	\$ 10	\$ 2	\$ 18
	157 (15) 3 145 81 46 12 14 153 (8) (1) (7) 12 - (2) § 3	157 166 (15) (18) 3 3 3 145 151 (14) (15) (18) (15) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16)	157	157	157	157 166 162 485 165 171 (15) (18) (6) (39) (3) (7) 3 3 3 9 3 4 145 151 159 455 165 168 81 71 67 219 89 65 46 48 48 142 52 54 12 12 13 37 13 12 14 13 14 41 16 13 153 144 142 439 170 144 (8) 7 17 16 (5) 24 (1) 1 4 4 (2) 6 (7) 6 13 12 (3) 18 12 17 4 33 6 1 1 (2) (4) (1) (7) (1) \$\frac{3}{2}\$ \$\frac{3}{2}\$ \$\frac{3}{2}\$ \$\frac{3}{2}\$ \$\frac{3}{2}\$ \$\frac{1}{2}\$ (4) (1) (7) -	157 166 162 485 165 171 183 (15) (18) (6) (39) (3) (7) (11) 3 3 3 9 3 4 4 415 151 159 455 165 168 176 81 71 67 219 89 65 64 46 48 48 142 52 54 56 12 12 13 37 13 12 12 14 13 14 41 16 13 14 153 144 142 439 170 144 146 (8) 7 17 16 (5) 24 30 (1) 1 4 4 (2) 6 6 (7) 6 13 12 (3) 18 24 12 17 4 33 6 10 - 1 1 (2) (4) (1) (7) (1) (3	157 166 162 485 165 171 183 182 (15) (18) (6) (39) (3) (7) (11) (3) 3 3 3 9 3 4 4 3 145 151 159 455 165 168 176 182 81 71 67 219 89 65 64 63 46 48 48 142 52 54 56 58 12 12 13 37 13 12 12 13 14 13 14 41 16 13 14 15 153 144 142 439 170 144 146 149 (8) 7 17 16 (5) 24 30 33 (1) 1 4 4 (2) 6 6 7 (7) 6 13 12 (3) 18 24 26 treserves as reconciled below: ** Style="text-align: right;"> ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** *

Runoff Segment

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2019

Adjusted Operating Income (Loss)—Runoff Segment (amounts in millions)

		201		2018					
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
REVENUES:									
Net investment income	\$ 48	\$ 47	\$ 47	\$142	\$ 45	\$ 44	\$ 43	\$ 42	\$174
Net investment gains (losses)	(9)	(4)	_	(13)	(15)	(3)	(1)	(14)	
Policy fees and other income	35	35	35	105	37	38	38	40	153
Total revenues	74	78	82	234	67	79	80	68	294
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:									
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	8	13	1	22	17	7	7	8	39
Interest credited	40	40	41	121	39	38	36	37	150
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	13	13	13	39	14	14	14	15	57
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	10	4	2	16	13	5	8	7	33
Total benefits and expenses	71	70	57	198	83	64	65	67	279
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	3	8	25	36	(16)	15	15	1	15
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	_	1	5	6	(3)	2	3	_	2
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	3	7	20	30	(13)	13	12	1	13
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:									
Net investment (gains) losses, net(1)	9	2	_	11	13	1	1	12	27
Taxes on adjustments	(2)	_	_	(2)	(2)	_	_	(3)	(5)
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 10	\$ 9	\$ 20	\$ 39	\$ (2)	\$ 14	\$ 13	\$ 10	\$ 35

(1)	Net investment (gains) losses were adjusted for DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit res	erves as re	econci	iled t	elow:						
	Net investment (gains) losses, gross	\$ 9	\$	4	\$	\$ 13	\$ 15	\$ 3	\$ 1	\$ 14 \$ 33	
	Adjustment for DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves			(2)		(2)	(2)	(2)		(2) (6)	<u>,</u>)
	Net investment (gains) losses, net	\$ 9	\$	2	\$	\$ 11	\$ 13	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 12 \$ 27	1

Corporate and Other

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2019

$\begin{tabular}{ll} {\bf Adjusted\ Operating\ Loss--Corporate\ and\ Other}^{(1),(2)}\\ {\bf (amounts\ in\ millions)} \end{tabular}$

		20	19		2018						
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total		
REVENUES:											
Premiums	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 6	\$ 2	\$ 1	\$ 3	\$ 2	\$ 8		
Net investment income	2	2	2	6	3	_	1	2	6		
Net investment gains (losses)	5	(7)	(21)	(23)	18	(7)	_	(1)	10		
Policy fees and other income	2		1	3	(1)	(1)	1	(2)	(3)		
Total revenues	11	(3)	(16)	(8)	22	(7)	5	1	21		
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:											
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	l –	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	5		
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	8	13	13	34	22	17	14	15	68		
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	1	_	_	1	_	_	_	1	1		
Interest expense	53	54	53	160	55	53	60	63	231		
Total benefits and expenses	62	68	67	197	79	71	75	80	305		
LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(51)	(71)	(83)	(205)	(57)	(78)	(70)	(79)	(284)		
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(21)	(7)	(9)	(37)	(47)	(24)	29	(14)	(56)		
LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	(30)	(64)	(74)	(168)	(10)	(54)	(99)	(65)	(228)		
ADJUSTMENTS TO LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:											
Net investment (gains) losses	(5)	7	21	23	(18)	7	_	1	(10)		
Expenses related to restructuring	_	1	_	1	_	2	_	_	2		
Fees associated with bond consent solicitation	_	_	_	_	6	_	_	_	6		
Taxes on adjustments		(1)	(5)	(6)	2	(2)					
ADJUSTED OPERATING LOSS	\$ (35)	\$ (57)	\$ (58)	\$ (150)	\$ (20)	\$ (47)	\$ (99)	\$ (64)	\$ (230)		

(1) Includes inter-segment eliminations and the results of other businesses that are managed outside the operating segments, including certain smaller international mortgage insurance businesses.
(2) Income (loss) from discontinued operations is considered part of Corporate and Other Activities but is excluded from the above table. Operating results of the Canada mortgage insurance business presented as discontinued operations on pages 8 and 9 herein were as follows:

	2019			2018					
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
REVENUES:									
Premiums	\$ 130	\$125	\$126	\$ 381	\$ 128	\$ 127	\$ 131	\$ 139	\$ 52
Net investment income	37	36	35	108	36	35	36	34	14
Net investment gains (losses)	(12)	1	(1)	(12)	(136)	29	(15)	(15)	(13
Total revenues	155	162	160	477	28	191	152	158	52
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:									
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	23	19	19	61	23	18	19	18	
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	20	18	14	52	12	12	17	13	
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	11	11	10	32	11	11	11	10	
Interest expense	12	13	12	37	13	12	11	7	
Total benefits and expenses	66	61	55	182	59	53	58	48	2
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES AND LOSS ON SALE	89	101	105	295	(31)	138	94	110	3
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	5	41	43	89	23	33	(2)	27	
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE LOSS ON SALE	84	60	62	206	(54)	105	96	83	2:
Loss on sale, net of taxes	(164)	_	_	(164)		_	_	_	_
INCOME (LOSS) FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS, NET OF TAXES	(80)	60	62	42	(54)	105	96	83	2:
Less: net income (loss) from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	30	35	36	101	(6)	46	32	36	1
INCOME (LOSS) FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	\$(110)	\$ 25	\$ 26	\$ (59)	\$ (48)	\$ 59	\$ 64	\$ 47	\$ 1

Additional Financial Data

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT **THIRD QUARTER 2019**

Investments Summary (amounts in millions)

	Sep	tember 3	30, 2019	June 30, 2019		March 31	, 2019	December 31, 2018		Septemb 2018	
		rrying	% of	Carrying	% of	Carrying	% of	Carrying	% of	Carrying	% of
		mount	Total	Amount	Total	Amount	Total	Amount	Total	Amount	Total
Composition of Investment Portfolio										,	
Fixed maturity securities:											
Investment grade:											
Public fixed maturity securities	\$	34,280	46%	\$ 32,958	46%	\$ 31,497	46%	\$ 30,588	45%	\$ 30,341	45%
Private fixed maturity securities		13,411	18	13,091	18	12,566	18	11,790	18	11,438	17
Residential mortgage-backed securities(1)		2,335	3	2,395	3	2,498	4	2,572	4	2,687	4
Commercial mortgage-backed securities		3,051	4	2,970	4	2,943	4	3,007	4	3,146	5
Other asset-backed securities		3,337	5	3,287	5	3,021	4	3,024	4	2,647	4
State and political subdivisions		2,729	4	2,636	4	2,546	4	2,552	4	2,795	4
Non-investment grade fixed maturity securities		2,090	3	2,154	3	2,082	3	2,056	3	2,113	3
Equity securities:				Ź				ĺ			
Common stocks and mutual funds		107	_	111	_	103	_	141	_	171	_
Preferred stocks		132	_	151	_	148	_	134	_	149	_
Commercial mortgage loans		6,980	10	6,963	10	6,929	10	6.687	10	6,568	10
Restricted commercial mortgage loans related to a securitization entity		53	_	56	_	59	_	62	_	87	_
Policy loans		2,069	3	2.076	3	1,994	3	1,861	3	1,859	3
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and short-term investments		1,839	2	1,907	3	2,117	3	2,169	3	2,594	4
Securities lending		62		113	_	106	_	102	_	166	
		565	1	512	1	462	1	409	1	372	1
		303	1	312	1	402	1	409		3/2	1
Derivatives:		402		144	_	50	_	10	_	36	_
Interest rate swaps		402 10	1	144	_	59 3		42	_	2	
Foreign currency swaps			_					6			_
Equity index options		62	_	65	_	60	_	39	_	80	_
Other foreign currency contracts		13	_	8	_	5	_	10		2	_
Other	l	369		357		314		269	1	212	
Total invested assets and cash	\$	73,896	100%	\$ 71,959	100%	\$ 69,512	100%	\$ 67,520	100%	\$ 67,465	100%
Public Fixed Maturity Securities—Credit											
Quality:											
NRSRO(2) Designation											
AAA	\$	10,561	25%	\$ 10,195	24%	\$ 9,995	25%	\$ 10,031	25%	\$ 10,790	27%
	3	3,758	9	3,674	9	3,558	9	3,608	9	3,820	10
AA		12.040									
A		,	28	11,690	28	11,431	28	11,177	28	11,095	28
BBB		15,418	35	14,768	36	13,872	35	13,306	35	12,627	32
ВВ		1,093	3	1,128	3	1,081	3	1,149	3	1,156	3
В		53	_	76		76	_	93	_	130	_
CCC and lower	l	25		25		25		25		27	
Total public fixed maturity securities	\$	42,948	100%	\$ 41,556	100%	\$ 40,038	100%	\$ 39,389	100%	\$ 39,645	100%
Private Fixed Maturity Securities—Credit Quality:											
NRSRO(2) Designation											
AAA	S	1,594	9%	\$ 1,504	8%	\$ 1,480	9%	0 1 521	0.07	\$ 1,138	7%
	3								9%		
AA		2,254	12	2,315	13	2,165	13	1,994	12	1,999	13
A		5,296	29	5,286	30	5,032	29	4,670	29	4,494	29
BBB		8,222	45	7,905	44	7,538	44	7,216	45	7,091	46
BB		851	5	865	5	839	5	733	5	720	5
В		66	_	58	_	59	_	54	_	78	_
CCC and lower	I	2		2		2		2		2	
Total private fixed maturity securities	\$	18,285	100%	\$ 17,935	100%	\$ 17,115	100%	\$ 16,200	100%	\$ 15,522	100%
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The company does not have any material exposure to residential mortgage-backed securities collateralized debt obligations (CDOs). Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations.

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2019

Fixed Maturity Securities Summary (amounts in millions)

	September 30, 2019		June 30,		March 31				September		
	Fai	ir Value	% of Total	Fair Value	% of Total						
Fixed Maturity Securities—Security Sector:											
U.S. government, agencies and government-sponsored enterprises	\$	5,254	9%	\$ 4,987	8%	\$ 4,731	8%	\$ 4,631	8%	\$ 5,181	9%
State and political subdivisions		2,729	4	2,636	4	2,546	4	2,552	5	2,795	5
Foreign government		1,359	2	1,336	2	1,311	2	1,268	2	1,217	2
U.S. corporate		32,424	54	31,329	53	29,872	53	28,698	52	27,494	50
Foreign corporate		10,656	17	10,462	18	10,149	19	9,770	18	9,940	18
Residential mortgage-backed securities		2,375	4	2,436	4	2,540	4	2,618	5	2,731	5
Commercial mortgage-backed securities		3,071	5	2,989	5	2,962	5	3,016	5	3,156	6
Other asset-backed securities		3,365	5	3,316	6	3,042	5	3,036	5	2,653	5
Total fixed maturity securities	\$	61,233	100%	\$ 59,491	100%	\$ 57,153	100%	\$ 55,589	100%	\$ 55,167	100%
Corporate Bond Holdings—Industry Sector:											
Investment Grade:											
Finance and insurance	\$	9,995	22%	\$ 9,669	23%	\$ 9,255	24%	\$ 8,731	23%	\$ 8,347	22%
Utilities		5,868	14	5,697	14	5,491	14	5,445	14	5,451	15
Energy		3,801	9	3,732	9	3,596	9	3,294	9	3,192	9
Consumer—non-cyclical		6,293	15	6,043	14	5,735	14	5,534	14	5,180	
Consumer—cyclical		2,003	5	1,836	4	1,731	4	1,693	4	1,645	
Capital goods		3,243	8	3,108	7	2,956	7	2,833	7	2,751	7
Industrial		2,188	5	2,093	5	1,981	5	1,915	5	1,870	
Technology and communications		3,919	9	3,821	10	3,580	9	3,443	9	3,282	9
Transportation		2,189	5	2,121	5	2,051	5	1,907	5	1,830	5
Other		1,691	4	1,719	4	1,770	4	1,806	5	1,977	5
Subtotal		41,190	96	39,839	95	38,146	95	36,601	95	35,525	95
Non-Investment Grade:											
Finance and insurance		208	_	216	1	200	1	183	_	177	_
Utilities		85	_	100	_	94	_	51	_	57	_
Energy		346	1	331	1	308	1	339	1	357	1
Consumer—non-cyclical		138	_	155	_	168	_	192	1	193	1
Consumer—cyclical		233	1	243	1	237	1	217	1	220	1
Capital goods		137	_	157	_	146	_	130	_	154	_
Industrial		224	1	207	_	189	_	222	1	215	1
Technology and communications		425	1	465	2	452	2	438	1	448	1
Transportation		8	_	8	_	13	_	23	_	13	_
Other		86	_	70	_	68	_	72		75	_
Subtotal		1,890	4	1,952	5	1,875	5	1,867	5	1,909	5
Total	\$	43,080	100%	\$ 41,791	100%	\$ 40,021	100%	\$ 38,468	100%	\$ 37,434	100%
Fixed Maturity Securities—Contractual Maturity Dates:											
Due in one year or less	\$	1,587	3%	\$ 1,684	3%	\$ 1,777	3%	\$ 1,653	3%	\$ 1,496	3%
Due after one year through five years		9,655	16	9,689	16	9,380	16	9,298	17	9,311	17
Due after five years through ten years		12,387	20	11,985	20	11,554	20	11,294	20	11,312	21
Due after ten years		28,793	47	27,392	46	25,898	46	24,674	44	24,508	44
Subtotal		52,422	86	50,750	85	48,609	85	46,919	84	46,627	85
Mortgage and asset-backed securities		8,811	14	8,741	15	8,544	15	8,670	16	8,540	
Total fixed maturity securities	•	61,233	100%		100%	\$ 57,153	100%	\$ 55,589	100%	\$ 55,167	100%
rotal fixed maturity securities	<u> </u>	01,233	100%	\$ 59,491	100%	a 37,133	100%	a 22,289	100%	3 33,16/	100%

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2019

General Account U.S. GAAP Net Investment Income Yields (amounts in millions)

		201	19							
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	
U.S. GAAP Net Investment Income										
Fixed maturity securities—taxable	\$ 631	\$ 634	\$ 613	\$1,878	\$ 617	\$ 613	\$ 621	\$ 605	\$2,456	
Fixed maturity securities—non-taxable	2	2	2	6	2	3	3	3	11	
Commercial mortgage loans	86	84	81	251	80	81	77	82	320	
Restricted commercial mortgage loans related to a										
securitization entity	1	1	1	3	2	1	2	2	7	
Equity securities	4	5	4	13	4	6	5	5	20	
Other invested assets	49	47	44	140	49	41	42	37	169	
Limited partnerships	13	12	15	40	(4)	3	11	2	12	
Policy loans	47	45	46	138	44	41	41	43	169	
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and short-term										
investments	8	11	11	30	<u>11</u>	12	13	12	48	
Gross investment income before expenses and fees	841	841	817	2,499	805	801	815	791	3,212	
Expenses and fees	(25)	(25)	(23)	(73)	(26)	(21)	(23)	(21)	(91)	
Net investment income	\$ 816	\$ 816	\$ 794	\$2,426	\$ 779	\$ 780	\$ 792	\$ 770	\$3,121	
Annualized Yields										
Fixed maturity securities—taxable	4.7%	4.7%	4.6%	4.7%	4.6%	4.6%	4.7%	4.6%	4.6%	
Fixed maturity securities—non-taxable	6.1%	6.1%	6.1%	6.1%	3.7%	3.9%	3.8%	3.7%	4.0%	
Commercial mortgage loans	4.9%	4.8%	4.8%	4.9%	4.8%	5.0%	4.8%	5.2%	4.9%	
Restricted commercial mortgage loans related to a										
securitization entity	7.3%	7.0%	6.7%	7.0%	10.8%	4.5%	8.4%	7.8%	7.9%	
Equity securities	6.4%	7.8%	6.1%	6.8%	5.0%	7.5%	5.9%	5.9%	6.3%	
Other invested assets(1)	54.0%	56.1%	65.7%	59.3%	99.0%	107.9%	150.0%	129.8%	111.9%	
Limited partnerships(2)	9.7%	9.9%	13.8%	11.0%	(4.1)%	3.4%	13.8%	2.9%	3.6%	
Policy loans	9.1%	8.8%	9.5%	9.2%	9.5%	8.8%	9.0%	9.6%	9.2%	
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and short-term										
investments	1.7%	2.2%	2.1%	2.0%	1.8%	1.8%	1.7%	1.4%	1.7%	
Gross investment income before expenses and fees	5.1%	5.1%	5.0%	5.1%	4.9%	4.9%	5.0%	4.8%	4.9%	
Expenses and fees	(0.2)%	(0.1)%	(0.2)%	(0.2)%	(0.1)%	(0.1)%	(0.2)%	(0.1)%	(0.1)%	
Net investment income	4.9%	5.0%	4.8%	4.9%	4.8%	4.8%	4.8%	4.7%	4.8%	

Yields are based on net investment income as reported under U.S. GAAP and are consistent with how the company measures its investment performance for management purposes. Yields are annualized, for interim periods, and are calculated as net investment income as a percentage of average quarterly asset carrying values except for fixed maturity securities, derivatives and derivative counterparty collateral, which exclude unrealized fair value adjustments and securities lending activity, which is included in other invested assets and is calculated net of the corresponding securities lending liability. See page 44 herein for average invested assets and cash used in the yield calculation.

⁽¹⁾ Investment income for other invested assets includes amortization of terminated cash flow hedges, which have no corresponding book value within the yield calculation.

⁽²⁾ Limited partnership investments are primarily equity-based and do not have fixed returns by period.

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2019

Net Investment Gains (Losses), Net—Detail (amounts in millions)

		201	19		2018						
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total		
Net realized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities:											
Fixed maturity securities:											
U.S. corporate	\$ 11	\$ (16)	\$ 30	\$ 25	\$ 10	\$ (6)	\$ (7)	\$ (3)	\$ (6)		
U.S. government, agencies and government-sponsored enterprises		2	33	35	54	1	_	_	55		
Foreign corporate	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(6)	_	(1)	(3)	(10)		
Foreign government	2	2	—	4	(4)	(2)	_	_	(6)		
State and political subdivisions	_	_	—	—	(1)	_	_	_	(1)		
Mortgage-backed securities	1	1	(2)	—	(5)	(2)	2	(2)	(7)		
Asset-backed securities	_	_	(1)	(1)	—	_	(1)	_	(1)		
Foreign exchange	1	1	(1)	1	1				1		
Total net realized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities	16	(11)	58	63	49	<u>(9)</u>	(7)	(8)	25		
Net realized gains (losses) on equity securities sold	6	_	3	9	1	_	8	2	11		
Net unrealized gains (losses) on equity securities still held	(4)	5	12	13	(23)	(2)	4	(13)	(34)		
Limited partnerships	6	(11)	15	10	3	3	(2)	7	11		
Commercial mortgage loans	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	_	_	_	_	_		
Derivative instruments	(29)	(30)	(12)	(71)	(8)	(8)	(2)	(4)	(22)		
Other	4			4							
Net investment gains (losses), gross	(2)	(46)	75	27	22	(16)	1	(16)	(9)		
Adjustment for DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves	3	3	2	8	5	3	1	3	12		
Adjustment for net investment (gains) losses attributable to noncontrolling interests	4		(6)	(2)	9	(1)	(6)	5	7		
Net investment gains (losses), net	\$ 5	\$ (43)	\$ 71	\$ 33	\$ 36	\$ (14)	\$ (4)	\$ (8)	\$ 10		

Reconciliations of Non-GAAP Measures

Twelve Month Rolling Average ROE

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2019

Reconciliation of Operating ROE (amounts in millions)

Twelve months ended

Twelve Month Rolling Average ROE	1 weive months ended										
	Se	ptember 30, 2019	June 30, 2019	М	arch 31, 2019	Dec	cember 31, 2018	Sep	tember 30,		
U.S. GAAP Basis ROE							,				
Net income available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders for the twelve months ended(1)	\$	31	\$ 159	\$	181	\$	119	\$	801		
Quarterly average Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income(2)	\$	10.646	\$10,609	¢	10,539	\$	10,500	\$	10,426		
U.S. GAAP Basis ROE(1)/(2)	Þ	0.3%	1.5%	Ф	1.7%	Þ	1.1%	Ф	7.79		
Operating ROE											
Adjusted operating income (loss) for the twelve months ended(1)	\$	91	\$ 67	\$	19	\$	(5)	\$	590		
Quarterly average Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other											
comprehensive income ⁽²⁾	\$	10,646	\$10,609	\$	10,539	\$	10,500	\$	10,426		
Operating ROE(1)/(2)		0.9%	0.6%		0.2%		— %		5.79		
Quarterly Average ROE	Three months ended										
	Sep	tember 30, 2019	June 30, 2019]	March 31, 2019	D	ecember 31, 2018	Se	9tember 30, 2018		
U.S. GAAP Basis ROE		2015		_	2015	_	2010		2010		
Net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders for the period ended(3)	\$	18	\$ 168	\$	174	\$	(329)	\$	146		
Quarterly average Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity for the period, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income(4)	\$	10,755	\$10,663	\$	10,494	s	10,569	\$	10,657		
Annualized U.S. GAAP Quarterly Basis ROE(3)/(4)	•	0.7%	6.3%		6.6%		(12.5)%	•	5.5		
Operating ROE											
Adjusted operating income (loss) for the period ended(3)	\$	123	\$ 178	\$	95	\$	(305)	\$	99		
Quarterly average Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity for the period, excluding											
accumulated other comprehensive income(4)	\$	10,755	\$10,663	\$	10,494	\$	10,569	\$	10,657		
Annualized Operating Quarterly Basis ROE(3)/(4)		4.6%	6.7%		3.6%		(11.5)%		3.79		

Non-GAAP Definition for Operating ROE

The company references the non-GAAP financial measure entitled "operating return on equity" or "operating ROE." The company defines operating ROE as adjusted operating income (loss) divided by average ending Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in average ending Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity. Management believes that analysis of operating ROE enhances understanding of the efficiency with which the company deploys its capital. However, operating ROE is not a substitute for net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders divided by average ending Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

⁽¹⁾ The twelve months ended information is derived by adding the four quarters of net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders and adjusted operating income (loss) from page 9 herein.

⁽²⁾ Quarterly average Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income, is derived by averaging ending Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income, for the most recent five quarters.

⁽³⁾ Net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders and adjusted operating income (loss) from page 9 herein.

⁽⁴⁾ Quarterly average Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income, is derived by averaging ending Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income.

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2019

Reconciliation of Core Yield

		2019					2018						
	(Assets—amounts in billions)	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total			
	Reported—Total Invested Assets and Cash	\$73.9	\$72.0	\$69.5	\$ 73.9	\$67.5	\$67.5	\$68.2	\$69.6	\$ 67.5			
	Subtract:												
	Securities lending	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1			
	Unrealized gains (losses)	7.5	5.7	3.7	7.5	1.8	2.1	2.6	3.5	1.8			
	Adjusted end of period invested assets and cash	\$66.3	\$66.2	\$65.7	\$ 66.3	\$65.6	\$65.2	\$65.4	\$65.9	\$ 65.6			
(A)	Average Invested Assets and Cash Used in Reported Yield Calculation	\$66.2	\$66.0	\$65.7	\$ 66.0	\$65.4	\$65.3	\$65.6	\$65.7	\$ 65.5			
	Subtract:												
	Restricted commercial mortgage loans related to a securitization entity(1)			0.1					0.1				
(B)	Average Invested Assets and Cash Used in Core Yield Calculation	\$66.2	\$66.0	\$65.6	\$ 66.0	\$65.4	\$65.3	\$65.6	\$65.6	\$ 65.5			
	(Income—amounts in millions)	===											
(C)	Reported—Net Investment Income	\$ 816	\$ 816	\$ 794	\$2,426	\$ 779	\$ 780	\$ 792	\$ 770	\$3,121			
	Subtract:												
	Bond calls and commercial mortgage loan prepayments	13	7	6	26	8	8	9	11	36			
	Other non-core items(2)	8	7	2	17	2	1	2	(2)	3			
	Restricted commercial mortgage loans related to a securitization entity(1)					1	1	_=_	1	3			
(D)	Core Net Investment Income	<u>\$ 795</u>	\$ 802	\$ 786	\$2,383	\$ 768	<u>\$ 770</u>	<u>\$ 781</u>	<u>\$ 760</u>	\$3,079			
(C) / (A)	Reported Yield	4.93%	4.95%	4.83%	4.90%	4.76%	4.78%	4.83%	4.69%	4.76%			
(D) / (B)	Core Yield	4.80%	4.86%	4.79%	4.82%	4.70%	4.72%	4.76%	4.63%	4.70%			

Note: Yields have been annualized.

Non-GAAP Definition for Core Yield

The company references the non-GAAP financial measure entitled "core yield" as a measure of investment yield. The company defines core yield as the investment yield adjusted for items that do not reflect the underlying performance of the investment portfolio. Management believes that analysis of core yield enhances understanding of the investment yield of the company. However, core yield is not a substitute for investment yield determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

⁽¹⁾ Represents the incremental assets and investment income related to restricted commercial mortgage loans.

⁽²⁾ Includes cost basis adjustments on structured securities and various other immaterial items.

Corporate Information

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2019

Financial Strength Ratings As Of October 28, 2019

	Standard & Poor's Financial	Moody's Investors Service,	A.M. Best Company, Inc.
Company	Services LLC (S&P)	Inc. (Moody's)	(A.M. Best)
Genworth Mortgage Insurance Corporation	BB+ (Marginal)	Baa3 (Adequate)	N/A
Genworth Financial Mortgage Insurance Pty Limited (Australia)(1)	A (Strong)	N/A	N/A
Genworth Life Insurance Company	B- (Weak)	B3 (Poor)	C++ (Marginal)
Genworth Life and Annuity Insurance Company	B- (Weak)	B1 (Poor)	B (Fair)
Genworth Life Insurance Company of New York	B- (Weak)	B3 (Poor)	C++ (Marginal)

The S&P, Moody's, A.M. Best, Fitch Rating Service (Fitch) and HR Ratings ratings included are not designed to be, and do not serve as, measures of protection or valuation offered to investors. These financial strength ratings should not be relied on with respect to making an investment in the company's securities.

S&P states that an insurer rated "A" (Strong) has strong financial security characteristics that outweigh any vulnerabilities and is highly likely to have the ability to meet financial commitments. Insurers rated "A" (Strong), "BB" (Marginal) or "B" (Weak) have strong, marginal or weak financial security characteristics, respectively. The "A," "BB" and "B" ranges are the third-, fifth- and sixth-highest of nine financial strength rating ranges assigned by S&P, which range from "AAA" to "R." A plus (+) or minus (-) shows relative standing within a rating category. These suffixes are not added to ratings in the "AAA" category or to ratings below the "CCC" category. Accordingly, the "A," "BB+" and "B-" ratings are the sixth-, eleventh- and sixteenth-highest of S&P's 21 ratings categories.

Moody's states that insurance companies rated "Baa" (Adequate) offer adequate financial security and those rated "B" (Poor) offer questionable financial security. The "Baa" (Adequate) and "B" (Poor) ranges are the fourth- and sixth-highest, respectively, of nine financial strength rating ranges assigned by Moody's, which range from "Aaa" to "C." Numeric modifiers are used to refer to the ranking within the groups, with 1 being the highest and 3 being the lowest. These modifiers are not added to ratings in the "Aaa" category or to ratings below the "Caa" category. Accordingly, the "Baa3," "B1" and "B3" ratings are the tenth-, fourteenth- and sixteenth-highest, respectively, of Moody's 21 ratings categories.

A.M. Best states that its "B" (Fair) rating is assigned to companies that have, in its opinion, a fair ability to meet their ongoing insurance obligations while "C++" (Marginal) is assigned to those companies that have, in its opinion, a marginal ability to meet their ongoing insurance obligations. The "B" (Fair) and "C++" (Marginal) ratings are the seventh- and ninth-highest of 15 ratings assigned by A.M. Best, which range from "A++" to "F."

The Australian mortgage insurance subsidiary also solicits a rating from Fitch. Fitch states that "A" (Strong) rated insurance companies are viewed as possessing strong capacity to meet policyholder and contract obligations. The "A" rating category is the third-highest of nine financial strength rating categories, which range from "AAA" to "C." The symbol (+) or (-) may be appended to a rating to indicate the relative position of a credit within a rating category. These suffixes are not added to ratings in the "AAA" category or to ratings below the "B" category. Accordingly, the "A+" rating is the fifth-highest of Fitch's 21 ratings categories.

The company also solicits a rating from HR Ratings on a local scale for Genworth Seguros de Credito a la Vivienda S.A. de C.V., its Mexican mortgage insurance subsidiary, with a short-term rating of "HR1" and long-term rating of "HR AA." For short-term ratings, HR Ratings states that "HR1" rated companies are viewed as exhibiting high capacity for timely payment of debt obligations in the short-term and maintain low credit risk. The "HR1" short-term rating category is the highest of six short-term rating categories, which range from "HR1" to "HR D." For long-term ratings, HR Ratings states that "HR AA" rated companies are viewed as having high credit quality and offer high safety for timely payment of debt obligations and maintain low credit risk under adverse economic scenarios. The "HR AA" long-term rating is the second-highest of HR Rating's eight long-term rating categories, which range from "HR AAA" to "HR D."

S&P, Moody's, A.M. Best, Fitch and HR Ratings review their ratings periodically and the company cannot assure you that it will maintain the current ratings in the future. These and other agencies may also rate the company or its insurance subsidiaries on a solicited or an unsolicited basis.

⁽¹⁾ Genworth Financial Mortgage Insurance Pty Limited (Australia) is also rated "A+" by Fitch.