UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT
PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

November 5, 2014

Date of Report
(Date of earliest event reported)



GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation) 001-32195 (Commission File Number) 80-0873306 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

6620 West Broad Street, Richmond, VA (Address of principal executive offices)

23230 (Zip Code)

(804) 281-6000 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

 $\label{eq:NA} N/A$ (Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Fo	orm 8-K filing is intended to sim	ultaneously satisfy the filing obligat	tion of the registrant under any of t	the following provisions (see
General Instruction A.2 below):				

☐ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR	230.425)
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- \square Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- □ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- □ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On November 5, 2014, Genworth Financial, Inc. issued (1) a press release announcing its financial results for the quarter ended September 30, 2014, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1 and is incorporated herein by reference, and (2) a financial supplement for the quarter ended September 30, 2014, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.2 and is incorporated herein by reference.

The information contained in this Current Report on Form 8-K (including the exhibits) is being furnished and shall not be deemed "filed" for the purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that Section. The information contained in this Current Report on Form 8-K shall not be incorporated by reference into any registration statement or other document pursuant to the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in any such filing.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

The following materials are furnished as exhibits to this Current Report on Form 8-K:

Exhibit Number	Description of Exhibit
99.1	Press Release dated November 5, 2014.
99.2	Financial Supplement for the quarter ended September 30, 2014.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.

Date: November 5, 2014 By: \(\sigma_s \setminus \text{Kelly L. Groh}\)

Kelly L. Groh Vice President and Controller (Principal Accounting Officer)

Exhibit Index

Exhibit Number Description of Exhibit

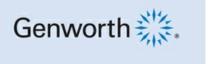
99.1 Press Release dated November 5, 2014.

99.2 Financial Supplement for the quarter ended September 30, 2014.

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News Release

6620 West Broad Street



Genworth Financial Announces Third Quarter 2014 Earnings Results

Richmond, VA (November 5, 2014) - Genworth Financial, Inc. (NYSE: GNW) today reported results for the period ended September 30, 2014.

Third Quarter Financial and Operational Developments

- Completes long term care insurance (LTC) comprehensive claim reserve review, resulting in a reserve increase of \$531 million and an after-tax earnings charge of \$345 million
- Announces annual goodwill results and records noncash charge of \$517 million after-tax
- Solid capital positions retained across all businesses and significant holding company liquidity
- · Strong loss performance in Canada and Australia

The company reported a net loss¹ of \$844 million, or \$1.70 per diluted share, compared with net income of \$108 million, or \$0.22 per diluted share, in the third quarter of 2013. The net operating loss² for the third quarter of 2014 was \$317 million, or \$0.64 per diluted share, compared with net operating income of \$139 million, or \$0.28 per diluted share, in the third quarter of 2013. The net loss and net operating loss in the quarter reflected the completion of the company's review of its LTC claim reserves that resulted in an increase to claim reserves of \$531 million pre-tax or \$345 million after-tax. The net loss in the quarter also reflected the completion of the company's annual goodwill impairment analysis that resulted in after-tax goodwill impairments of \$517 million in its life and long term care insurance businesses.

"While we remain encouraged by our Global Mortgage Insurance Division performance, which continues to show strength, we are very disappointed by our U.S. Life Insurance Division results. We continue to believe our LTC strategy is the best option for Genworth, but the turnaround in this business will be more difficult and prolonged because of the poor performance of the older generation products," said Tom McInerney, President and CEO. "Despite this setback, we remain steadfast in our commitment to transform this business."

Unless otherwise stated, all references in this press release to net income (loss), net income (loss) per share, book value, book value per share and stockholders' equity should be read as net income (loss) available to Genworth's common stockholders, net income (loss) available to Genworth's common stockholders per share, book value available to Genworth's common stockholders, equity available to Genworth's common stockholders, respectively.

² This is a financial measure not calculated based on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (Non-GAAP). See the Use of Non-GAAP Measures section of this press release for additional information.

Consolidated Net Income (Loss) & Net Operating Income (Loss)

	(Unaudited)				
	2014 2013				
	_	Per diluted		Per diluted	Total
(Amounts in millions, except per share)	Total	share	Total	share	% change
Net income (loss) available to Genworth's common stockholders	\$ (844)	\$ (1.70)	\$ 108	\$ 0.22	NM 3
Adjustment: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in Australia MI	23	0.05	N/A	N/A	N/A
Net income (loss) available to Genworth's common stockholders before net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in Australia MI ²	\$ (821)	\$ (1.65)	\$ 108	\$ 0.22	NM 3
Net operating income (loss)	\$ (317)	\$ (0.64)	\$ 139	\$ 0.28	NM 3
Adjustment: Net operating income attributable to noncontrolling interests in Australia MI	23	0.05	N/A	N/A	N/A
Net operating income (loss) before net operating income attributable to noncontrolling interests in Australia MI^2	\$ (294)	\$ (0.59)	\$ 139	\$ 0.28	NM ³
Weighted average diluted shares ⁴	496.6		499.3		
Book value per share	\$30.54		\$ 29.55		
Book value per share, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	\$22.62		\$ 23.60		

Three months ended September 30

During the third quarter of 2014, the company completed its annual goodwill impairment analysis. As a result of the company's focus on transitioning to higher return permanent products, including universal life, indexed universal life and linked benefit products, which are expected to ramp up over time, and reducing its dependence on lower margin, capital intensive term life insurance products resulting in lower projected overall sales, the company recorded an after-tax goodwill impairment of \$350 million in the life insurance business, and has a remaining goodwill balance of \$145 million in that business. Additionally, as a result of a reduced overall market size, the company's transition to new products, higher expected use of LTC reinsurance on new business as well as higher expected claim costs, the company recorded an after-tax goodwill impairment of \$167 million in the long term care insurance business, and has a remaining goodwill balance of \$154 million in that business.

³ The company defines "NM" as not meaningful for increases or decreases greater than 200 percent.

⁴ Under applicable accounting guidance, companies in a loss position are required to use basic weighted average common shares outstanding in the calculation of diluted loss per share. Therefore, as a result of the company's loss for the three months ended September 30, 2014, the company was required to use basic weighted average common shares outstanding in the calculation of diluted loss per share, as the inclusion of shares for stock options, restricted stock units and stock appreciation rights would have been antidilutive to the calculation. If the company had not incurred a loss during the quarter, dilutive potential weighted average common shares outstanding would have been 502.0 million.

Net investment losses, net of taxes and other adjustments, were \$10 million in the quarter, compared to \$13 million in the prior year. Total investment impairments, net of taxes, were \$4 million in the current quarter and \$3 million in the prior year.

On May 21, 2014, the company completed the minority initial public offering (IPO) of 33.8 percent of its Australian mortgage insurance (MI) business and as a result, net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in the Australian MI business was \$23 million in the current quarter and \$11 million in the prior quarter. The company's net loss before net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in the Australia MI business was \$821 million, or \$1.65 per diluted share, in the third quarter of 2014 compared with net income available to Genworth's common stockholders of \$108 million, or \$0.22 per diluted share, in the third quarter of 2013. The company's net operating loss before net operating income attributable to noncontrolling interests in the Australia MI business for the third quarter of 2014 was \$294 million, or \$0.59 per diluted share, compared with net operating income of \$139 million, or \$0.28 per diluted share, in the third quarter of 2013.

Net operating income (loss) results are summarized in the table below:

Net Operating Income (Loss)	Net	Operating	Income	(Loss)
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(Amounts in millions)	Q3 14	Q2 14	Q3 13
U.S. Life Insurance Division:			
U.S. Life Insurance	<u>\$ (322)</u>	<u>\$ 69</u>	\$ 111
Total U.S. Life Insurance Division	(322)	69	111
Global Mortgage Insurance Division:			
International Mortgage Insurance	875	975	90
U.S. Mortgage Insurance (U.S. MI)	(2)	39	(3)
Total Global Mortgage Insurance Division	85	136	87
Corporate and Other Division:			
International Protection	3	2	4
Runoff	5	15	25
Corporate and Other	(88)	(64)	(88)
Total Corporate and Other Division	(80)	<u>(47</u>)	<u>(59</u>)
Total Net Operating Income (Loss)	<u>\$ (317)</u>	<u>\$ 158</u>	<u>\$ 139</u>

Net operating income (loss) excludes net investment gains (losses), goodwill impairments, gains (losses) on the sale of businesses, gains (losses) on the early extinguishment of debt, gains (losses) on insurance block transactions and other adjustments, net of taxes. A reconciliation of net operating income (loss) of segments and Corporate and Other activities to net income (loss) is included at the end of this press release.

⁵ Excludes net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in the Australia MI business of \$23 million and \$11 million, respectively, in the third quarter of 2014 and second quarter of 2014 related to the Australia MI IPO completed on May 21, 2014.

Unless specifically noted in the discussion of results for the International Mortgage Insurance and International Protection segments, references to percentage changes exclude the impact of translating foreign denominated activity into U.S. dollars (foreign exchange). Percentage changes, which include the impact of foreign exchange, are found in a table at the end of this press release. The impact of foreign exchange on net operating income in the third quarter of 2014 was a favorable impact of \$1 million versus the prior quarter and an unfavorable impact of \$1 million versus the prior year.

U.S. Life Insurance Division

U.S. Life Insurance Division net operating loss was \$322 million, compared with net operating income of \$69 million in the prior quarter and \$111 million a year ago.

U.S. Life Insurance Division
Net Operating Income (Loss)

Net Operating Income (Loss) (Amounts in millions)	Q3 14	Q2 14	Q3 13
U.S. Life Insurance	<u> </u>	<u>Q2 14</u>	<u>Q3 13</u>
Life Insurance	\$ 13	\$ 39	\$ 54
Long Term Care Insurance	(361)	6	41
Fixed Annuities	26	24	16
Total U.S. Life Insurance	(322)	69	111
Total U.S. Life Insurance	<u>\$ (322)</u>	\$ 69	\$ 111
Sales			
(Amounts in millions)	<u>Q3 14</u>	Q2 14	Q3 13
U.S. Life Insurance			
Life Insurance			
Term Life	\$ 13	\$ 14	\$ 5
Term Universal Life	_	_	_
Universal Life	11	7	5
Linked Benefits	4	5	2
Long Term Care Insurance			
Individual	28	24	37
Group	1	2	3
Fixed Annuities	371	429	760
Account Value			
(Amounts in millions)	Q3 14	Q2 14	Q3 13
Fixed Annuities	\$19,156	\$19,209	\$18,367

U.S. Life Insurance Division

Key Points

- U.S. Life Insurance Division net operating loss was \$322 million, compared with net operating income of \$69 million in the prior quarter and \$111 million a year ago. The net operating loss reflects the completion of the company's review of its long term care insurance claim reserves that resulted in an increase to claim reserves of \$531 million pre-tax or \$345 million after-tax.
- Compared to the prior quarter, sales of life insurance and individual LTC products were higher but fixed annuities were lower.
- The consolidated risk-based capital (RBC) ratio is estimated to be approximately 445 percent⁶, down from approximately 490 percent at the end of the second quarter of 2014.
- As of October 31, 2014, 47 states have approved the initial round of premium rate increases as part of the 2012 in force premium rate action. The company continues to expect to achieve \$250 to \$300 million of premium increases when fully implemented.
- In September 2013, the company announced that it began filing for LTC premium rate increases on certain Privileged Choice® and Classic Select® policies sold between 2003 and 2012. As of October 31, 2014, 22 states have approved these rate increases.

Life Insurance

Life insurance net operating income was \$13 million, compared with \$39 million in the prior quarter and \$54 million in the prior year. Mortality performance was \$16 million unfavorable compared to the prior quarter and \$19 million unfavorable compared to the prior year. Results in the quarter included lower variable investment income, driven mainly by a current quarter impact of \$8 million after-tax from prepayment speed assumption updates related to holdings of residential mortgage backed securities. During the quarter, the company performed its annual assumption unlocking of mortality and interest assumptions for its term universal and universal life insurance products, which benefitted earnings in the quarter by \$7 million primarily impacting reserves and deferred acquisition costs. Results in the quarter were also negatively impacted by \$9 million from charges related to three items, including a reinsurance treaty recapture, an incurred but not reported reserve correction and a deferred premium asset write-off. Prior year results included a net benefit of \$17 million from favorable unlocking and other adjustments.

Sales of \$28 million increased versus the prior quarter and prior year. The company is transitioning to a broader portfolio of competitive permanent products, with a greater focus on universal life, indexed universal life and linked benefit products. The company has experienced sales growth in these products, along with the industry, and expects sales to continue growing over time. Linked benefit product deposits were \$47 million in the quarter, up from \$42 million in the prior quarter and \$26 million in the prior year.

⁶ Company estimate for the third quarter of 2014, due to timing of the filing of statutory statements.

During the third quarter of 2014, the company completed its annual goodwill impairment analysis. As a result of the company's focus on transitioning to higher return permanent products, including universal life, indexed universal life and linked benefit products, which are expected to ramp up over time, and reducing its dependence on lower margin, capital intensive term life insurance products resulting in lower projected overall sales, the company recorded an after-tax goodwill impairment of \$350 million in the life insurance business, and has a remaining goodwill balance of \$145 million in that business.

Long Term Care Insurance

Long term care insurance net operating loss was \$361 million, compared with net operating income of \$6 million in the prior quarter and \$41 million in the prior year. During the quarter, the company completed a comprehensive review of its long term care insurance claim reserves conducted over the past few months. The company made changes to its assumptions and methodologies primarily impacting claim terminations, most significantly in later duration claims, and benefit utilization reflecting that claimants are staying on claim longer and utilizing more of their available benefits in aggregate than had previously been assumed in the company's reserve calculations. As a result of these changes, claim reserves were increased \$531 million pre-tax or \$345 million after-tax. Results in the quarter also include an unfavorable \$35 million after-tax correction of a claim reserve calculation of benefit utilization for policies with a benefit inflation option.

In the fourth quarter of 2014 the company is conducting its annual review of active life margins and as part of this review it will review the associated assumptions and methodologies. Based on the work done in connection with the recently completed claim reserve review that resulted in changes to claim terminations and benefit utilization assumptions and associated methodologies, the company expects these changes will materially reduce its active life margins. However, the company is developing related management actions, that it expects will offset much, or possibly most, of the reduction on margins from the claim reserve review. Separately, the company tests its acquired LTC blocks for recoverability as part of its loss recognition testing margin review. Given the age of those blocks, the results of this review are less likely to benefit from management actions, and therefore are more likely to be negatively impacted by the updated claim reserve assumptions and methodologies. The company may also make changes to its other active life margin assumptions and methodologies, but currently cannot predict with more specificity the nature, extent or margin impact of any of the assumption and methodology changes it may make in completing its annual margin review, and whether or not the resulting impact will be material.

Results also included lower benefits from premium increases and reduced benefit options of \$3 million versus the prior quarter and a favorable benefit of \$21 million versus the prior year related to the premium increases approved and implemented to date.

Benefits and other changes in policy reserves increased \$376 million after-tax versus the prior quarter and increased \$425 million after-tax versus the prior year. Benefits and other changes in policy reserves decreased \$9 million after-tax versus the prior quarter primarily from lower incurred losses resulting from higher closed pending claims and increased \$54 million after-tax versus the prior year primarily from higher severity and frequency on new claims and higher paid benefits on existing claims, in each case when excluding the after-tax impacts of the increase to claim reserves from the completion of the review of long term care insurance claim reserves, the correction of a calculation of benefit utilization for policies with a benefit inflation option and the reduced benefits options from premium rate increases approved and implemented to date.

Individual LTC sales of \$28 million were higher than the prior quarter and lower than the prior year. In July 2014, the company launched its Privileged Choice Flex 3.0 product in 42 states. Sales are expected to trend down in the near term due to the introduction of this higher priced product. The company is evaluating market trends and sales and investing in the development of products that will help expand the market and meet

middle income consumer needs. In addition to product development, the company is investing in key distribution and marketing areas to grow profitable new sales over time and better serve the company's distribution partners and their clients.

During the third quarter of 2014, the company completed its annual goodwill impairment analysis. As a result of a smaller overall market size, the company's transition to new products, higher expected use of LTC reinsurance on new business as well as higher expected claim costs, the company recorded an after-tax goodwill impairment of \$167 million in the long term care insurance business, and has a remaining goodwill balance of \$154 million in that business.

Fixed Annuities

Fixed annuities net operating income was \$26 million, compared with \$24 million in the prior quarter and \$16 million in the prior year. Results in the quarter include favorable investment income from bond calls and limited partnerships versus the prior year. Results also reflect spread income from a higher level of customer account values versus the prior year. Sales in the quarter totaled \$371 million, down sequentially and versus the prior year given the lower interest rate environment.

U.S. Life Division Capital

The consolidated RBC ratio is estimated to be approximately 445 percen6, down from approximately 490 percent at the end of the second quarter of 2014, and the consolidated U.S. life insurance companies unassigned surplus is estimated to be \$290 million6, down from approximately \$560 million at the end of the second quarter of 2014. The review of LTC insurance claim reserves adversely impacted statutory capital in total by approximately \$545 million after-tax, with approximately \$260 million after-tax impacting the U.S. life insurance companies.

Global Mortgage Insurance Division

Global Mortgage Insurance Division had net operating income of \$85 million, compared with \$136 million in the prior quarter and \$87 million a year ago.

Global Mortgage I	nsurance Division
Net Operating Inc	ome (Loss)

(Amounts in millions)	Q3 14	Q2 14	Q3 13
International Mortgage Insurance			
Canada	\$ 46	\$ 47	\$ 41
Australia	48 5	57 5	61
Other Countries	(7)	(7)	(12)
Total International Mortgage Insurance	87	97	90
U.S. Mortgage Insurance	(2)	39	(3)
Total Global Mortgage Insurance	\$ 85	\$ 136	\$ 87
Sales			

(Amounts in billions)	Q3 14	Q2 14	Q3 13
International Mortgage Insurance			
Flow			
Canada	\$ 6.8	\$ 5.0	\$ 6.0
Australia	8.1	7.9	8.0
Other Countries	0.4	0.5	0.5
Bulk			
Canada	5.6	7.5	3.9
Australia	1.0	_	0.1
Other Countries	_	_	_
U.S. Mortgage Insurance			
Primary Flow	7.5	6.1	6.4
Primary Bulk	_	_	_

International Mortgage Insurance Segment

Key Points

Reported International Mortgage Insurance segment net operating income was \$87 million, compared with \$97 million in the prior quarter and \$90 million a year ago. Results in the quarter reflected a \$12 million decrease in net operating income versus the prior quarter and a \$23 million decrease versus the prior year as a result of the minority IPO of 33.8 percent of the Australia MI business which was completed on May 21, 2014. Results were impacted by favorable taxes of \$10 million versus the prior year. The loss ratio in both Canada and Australia was 21 percent for the quarter.

- In Canada, flow new insurance written (NIW) was up 34 percent? sequentially and up 18 percent? year over year. In addition, in the current quarter, the company completed \$5.6 billion of bulk transactions, consisting of low loan-to-value prime loans.
- In Australia, flow NIW was up one percent? sequentially and flat? year over year. In addition, in the current quarter, the company completed a \$1.0 billion bulk transaction, consisting of low loan-to-value prime loans.
- The Canadian and Australian businesses continue to maintain sound capital positions.

Canada Mortgage Insurance

Canada reported net operating income of \$46 million versus \$47 million in the prior quarter and \$41 million in the prior year. The loss ratio in the quarter was 21 percent, up nine points from the prior quarter from higher new delinquencies, net of cures, and down one point from the prior year reflecting the strong credit quality of recent books and the overall stable economic environment. Results included more favorable taxes of \$7 million versus the prior year and lower expenses versus the prior quarter and prior year. Flow NIW was up 34 percent⁷ sequentially primarily from a seasonally larger originations market and up 18 percent⁸ year over year from a larger originations market. In addition, the company completed several bulk transactions in the quarter of approximately \$5.6 billion in total, consisting of low loan-to-value prime loans, reflecting its selective participation in this market. At quarter end, the Canada mortgage insurance business had a minimum capital test (MCT) ratio of 224 percent⁶, in excess of the targeted level

Australia Mortgage Insurance

Australia reported net operating income of \$48 million versus \$57 million in the prior quarter and \$61 million in the prior year. Results in the quarter reflected a \$12 million decrease in net operating income versus the prior quarter and a \$23 million decrease versus the prior year as a result of the minority IPO of 33.8 percent of the Australia MI business, which was completed on May 21, 2014. The loss ratio in the quarter was 21 percent, down two points sequentially from seasonally lower new delinquencies and strong cure rates as home prices increased during the quarter and down 10 points from the prior year primarily from lower paid claims and the overall stable economic environment. Flow NIW was up one percent? sequentially and flat? year over year. In addition, the company completed a bulk transaction in the quarter, consisting of approximately \$1.0 billion low loan-to-value prime loans, reflecting its selective participation in this market. At quarter end, the Australia mortgage insurance business had a prescribed capital amount (PCA) ratio of 156 percent⁶, in excess of the targeted range.

⁷ Percent change excludes the impact of foreign exchange.

Other Countries Mortgage Insurance

Other Countries had a net operating loss of \$7 million, compared to net operating losses of \$7 million in the prior quarter and \$12 million in the prior year.

U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment

Key Points

- U.S. MI net operating loss was \$2 million, compared with net operating income of \$39 million in the prior quarter and a net operating loss of \$3 million in the prior year. Results in the current quarter included \$34 million of after-tax accruals recorded principally in connection with the settlement agreement with Bank of America as well as discussions with another servicer in an effort to resolve pending disputes over loss mitigation activities. The loss ratio in the quarter was 97 percent. Results in the quarter also included \$4 million of favorable tax benefits from a prior year true-up.
- Flow NIW increased 23 percent from the prior quarter and increased 17 percent from the prior year to \$7.5 billion.
- The risk-to-capital ratio for Genworth Mortgage Insurance Corporation (GMICO) is estimated at 14.8:16 and the combined risk-to-capital ratio is estimated at 15.4:16 as of September 30, 2014.

Total flow delinquencies decreased three percent sequentially and 25 percent versus the prior year. New flow delinquencies increased approximately nine percent from the prior quarter from normal seasonal variation and decreased approximately 19 percent from the prior year, reflecting the continued burn through of delinquencies from the 2005 to 2008 book years. The flow average reserve per delinquency was \$30,700, up slightly from the prior quarter.

Total losses were up \$79 million versus the prior quarter reflecting pre-tax accruals of approximately \$53 million principally in connection with the settlement agreement with Bank of America as well as discussions with another servicer in an effort to resolve pending disputes over loss mitigation activities. Subject to consent by the government sponsored enterprises (GSEs), the settlement agreement with Bank of America to resolve claims curtailment together with the rescission settlement agreement previously executed will resolve the pending arbitrations. Versus the prior quarter, losses were also impacted from seasonally higher new delinquency development and less favorable net cures and aging of existing delinquencies. The charges of \$53 million pre-tax increased the loss ratio by 37 percentage points in the quarter. Loss mitigation savings were \$67 million in the quarter.

Flow NIW of \$7.5 billion increased 23 percent from the prior quarter and increased 17 percent versus the prior year primarily from a larger purchase origination market and market share gains. Overall private mortgage insurance market penetration was up approximately one point compared with the prior quarter and up

approximately four points year over year as the originations market shifted from refinances to a purchase market. The company's estimate of its market share at the end of the quarter is approximately 15 percent. Flow persistency was 80 percent. In addition, the Home Affordable Refinance Program (HARP) accounted for about \$0.3 billion in the quarter of insurance that is treated as a modification of the coverage on existing insurance in force rather than NIW, bringing the total current risk-in-force under the HARP program to \$4.9 billion.

The combined U.S. MI statutory risk-to-capital ratio is estimated at 15.4:16 at the end of the third quarter with the risk-to-capital ratio for GMICO estimated at 14.8:16.

On July 10, 2014, the Federal Housing Finance Agency (FHFA) released publicly a draft of the revised GSE private mortgage insurer eligibility requirements (PMIERs guidelines). The company currently intends that its U.S. mortgage insurance business will meet the additional capital requirements contained in the PMIERs guidelines by the anticipated effective date of June 30, 2015, primarily through reinsurance (or similar) transactions, together with cash available at the holding company. The company will seek to utilize the transition period provided for in the draft guidelines if it does not comply by the anticipated effective date (subject to GSE approval). The company and its U.S. MI business believe that they are well positioned to meet the draft version of the operational and financial requirements contained in the guidelines within the prescribed transition period and expect the business to maintain its strong presence in the private mortgage insurance market.

The company previously disclosed its preliminary estimates of the additional capital required to meet the PMIERs guidelines in their current form and operate its business as being between \$450 million and \$550 million as of June 30, 2015 and less than \$175 million as of December 31, 2016. The company now estimates that the amount of additional capital required to meet these guidelines and operate its business will be between \$500 million and \$700 million as of June 30, 2015. The revised estimate is a result of, among other factors, changes in the company's estimate of available assets and risk-based required assets amounts as calculated under the PMIERs guidelines due to, among other things, the accrual recorded in connection with the settlement agreement with Bank of America and discussions with another servicer in an effort to resolve pending disputes over loss mitigation activities and declines in the value of the shares of the company's Canadian mortgage insurance subsidiary that are owned by the U.S. mortgage insurance business (primarily as a result of the impact of foreign exchange movements on the value of those shares), as well as changes in calculations and the company's interpretation of the guidelines. The company's estimate is based on the current draft guidelines as it understands them and is subject to change.

The company is no longer estimating, and withdraws its prior estimate of, the amount of additional capital needed as of December 31, 2016 (the end of the proposed transition period for compliance) in order to meet these guidelines and operate its business, both because the company intends to comply with the new PMIERs guidelines by June 30, 2015 and because of the increased uncertainties involved in providing an estimate for such an extended time period.

Corporate and Other Division

Corporate and Other Division net operating loss was \$80 million, compared with \$47 million in the prior quarter and \$59 million in the prior year.

Corporate a	nd Othe	r Division
Net Operati	ng Incor	ne (Loss)

(Amounts in millions)	O3	14	O2	14	03 13
International Protection	\$	3	\$	2	\$ 4
Runoff		5		15	25
Corporate and Other		(88)		(64)	 (88)
Total Corporate and Other	\$	(80)	\$	(47)	\$ (59)

Account Value

(Amounts in millions)	Q3 14	Q2 14	Q3 13
Variable Annuities	\$ 7,566	\$ 7,884	\$ 7,966
Guaranteed Investment Contracts, Funding Agreements Backing Notes and Funding Agreements	526	667	1,036

International Protection Segment

International Protection reported net operating income of \$3 million, compared with \$2 million in the prior quarter and \$4 million in the prior year. At quarter end, the lifestyle protection business had a regulatory capital ratio of approximately 352 percent⁶, well in excess of regulatory requirements.

Runoff Segment

The Runoff segment's net operating income was \$5 million, compared with \$15 million in the prior quarter and \$25 million in the prior year. Results in the current quarter reflect lower equity market performance versus the prior quarter and prior year primarily impacting variable annuity products. Taxes were more favorable in the prior quarter and prior year. Results in the current quarter also include a favorable impact from refinement of deferred acquisition costs assumptions related to the company's annual review of assumptions in variable annuity products.

Corporate and Other

Corporate and Other's net operating loss was \$88 million, compared with \$64 million in the prior quarter and \$88 million in the prior year. Results in the current quarter reflect unfavorable taxes versus the prior quarter.

Investment Portfolio Performance

Net investment income decreased to \$805 million, compared to \$813 million in the prior quarter primarily from an unfavorable prepayment speed adjustment on structured securities. The reported yield for the current quarter was approximately 4.57 percent. The core yield² was up slightly compared to the prior quarter at approximately 4.46 percent.

Net investment losses, net of taxes and other adjustments, were \$10 million in the quarter, compared to \$13 million in the prior year. Total investment impairments, net of taxes, were \$4 million in the current quarter and \$3 million in the prior year.

Net unrealized investment gains were \$2.1 billion, net of taxes and other items, as of September 30, 2014 compared with \$1.1 billion as of September 30, 2013 and \$2.1 billion as of June 30, 2014. The fixed maturity securities portfolio had gross unrealized investment gains of \$5.0 billion compared with \$3.7 billion as of September 30, 2013 and gross unrealized investment losses of \$0.3 billion compared with \$1.0 billion as of September 30, 2013.

Holding Company

Genworth's holding company⁸ ended the quarter with approximately \$1.1 billion⁹ of cash and liquid assets, down approximately \$85 million compared to the prior quarter, from \$63 million of debt interest payments and \$22 million of net other expenses. The holding company targets maintaining cash balances of at least one and a half times its annual debt service expense plus a risk buffer of \$350 million. The company ended the quarter with a buffer of approximately \$720 million in excess of one and a half times annual debt service.

About Genworth Financial

Genworth Financial, Inc. (NYSE: GNW) is a leading Fortune 500 insurance holding company committed to helping families become more financially secure, self-reliant and prepared for the future. Genworth has leadership positions in long term care insurance and mortgage insurance and competitive offerings in life insurance and fixed annuities that assist consumers in solving their insurance, retirement and home ownership needs.

- 8 Holding company cash and liquid assets comprises assets held in Genworth Holdings, Inc. (the issuer of outstanding public debt) which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Genworth Financial, Inc.
- 9 Comprises cash and cash equivalents of \$988 million and U.S. government bonds of \$150 million.

Genworth operates through three divisions: U.S. Life Insurance, which includes life insurance, long term care insurance and fixed annuities; Global Mortgage Insurance, containing U.S. Mortgage Insurance and International Mortgage Insurance segments; and the Corporate and Other Division, which includes the International Protection and Runoff segments. Products and services are offered through financial intermediaries, advisors, independent distributors and sales specialists. Genworth, headquartered in Richmond, Virginia, traces its roots back to 1871 and became a public company in 2004. For more information, visit genworth.com. From time to time, Genworth releases important information via postings on its corporate website. Accordingly, investors and other interested parties are encouraged to enroll to receive automatic email alerts and Really Simple Syndication (RSS) feeds regarding new postings. Enrollment information is found under the "Investors" section of genworth.com. From time to time, Genworth's publicly traded subsidiaries, Genworth MI Canada Inc. and Genworth Mortgage Insurance Australia Limited, separately release financial and other information about their operations. This information can be found at https://genworth.com.nu.

Conference Call and Financial Supplement Information

This press release and the third quarter 2014 financial supplement are now posted on the company's website. Additional information regarding business results and the long term care insurance claim reserve review will be posted on the company's website, http://investor.genworth.com, by 7:30 a.m. on November 6, 2014. Investors are encouraged to review these materials.

Genworth will conduct a 90-minute conference call on November 6, 2014 at 8:00 a.m. (ET) to discuss third quarter 2014 results as well as its review of claim reserves for its long term care insurance business. The conference call will be accessible via telephone and the Internet. The dial-in number for the conference call is 877 888.4034 or 913 489.5101 (outside the U.S.); conference ID # 5758633. To participate in the call by webcast, register at http://investor.genworth.com at least 15 minutes prior to the webcast to download and install any necessary software.

Replays of the call will be available through November 20, 2014 at 888 203.1112 or 719 457.0820 (outside the U.S.); conference ID # 5758633. The webcast will also be archived on the company's website.

Use of Non-GAAP Measures

This press release includes the non-GAAP financial measures entitled "net operating income (loss)" and "operating earnings per share." Operating earnings per share is derived from net operating income (loss). The chief operating decision maker evaluates segment performance and allocates resources on the basis of net

operating income (loss). The company defines net operating income (loss) as income (loss) from continuing operations excluding the after-tax effects of income attributable to noncontrolling interests, net investment gains (losses), goodwill impairments, gains (losses) on the sale of businesses, gains (losses) on the early extinguishment of debt, gains (losses) on insurance block transactions are defined as gains (losses) on the early extinguishment of non-recourse funding obligations, early termination fees for other financing restructuring and/or resulting gains (losses) on reinsurance restructuring for certain blocks of business. The company excludes net investment gains (losses) and infrequent or unusual non-operating items because the company does not consider them to be related to the operating performance of the company's segments and Corporate and Other activities. A component of the company's net investment gains (losses) is the result of impairments, the size and timing of which can vary significantly depending on market credit cycles. In addition, the size and timing of other investment gains (losses) can be subject to the company's discretion and are influenced by market opportunities, as well as asset-liability matching considerations. Goodwill impairments, gains (losses) on the sale of businesses, gains (losses) on the early extinguishment of debt and gains (losses) on insurance block transactions are also excluded from net operating income (loss) because, in the company's opinion, they are not indicative of overall operating trends. Other non-operating items are also excluded from net operating income (loss) if, in the company's opinion, they are not indicative of overall operating trends.

In the third quarter of 2014, the company recorded goodwill impairments of \$350 million, net of taxes, in the life insurance business and \$167 million, net of taxes, in the long term care insurance business.

The following transactions were excluded from net operating income (loss) for the periods presented as they related to the loss on the early extinguishment of debt. In the second quarter of 2014, the company paid an early redemption payment of approximately \$2 million, net of taxes and portion attributable to noncontrolling interests, related to the early redemption of Genworth MI Canada Inc.'s notes that were scheduled to mature in 2015. In the third quarter of 2013, the company paid a make-whole expense of approximately \$20 million, net of taxes, related to the early redemption of Genworth Holdings' notes that were scheduled to mature in 2015.

There were no infrequent or unusual items excluded from net operating income (loss) during the periods presented.

While some of these items may be significant components of net income (loss) available to Genworth's common stockholders in accordance with GAAP, the company believes that net operating income (loss) and measures that are derived from or incorporate net operating income (loss), including net operating income (loss) per common share on a basic and diluted basis, are appropriate measures that are useful to investors because they identify the income (loss) attributable to the ongoing operations of the business.

Management also uses net operating income (loss) as a basis for determining awards and compensation for senior

management and to evaluate performance on a basis comparable to that used by analysts. However, the items excluded from net operating income (loss) have occurred in the past and could, and in some cases will, recur in the future. Net operating income (loss) and net operating income (loss) per common share on a basic and diluted basis are not substitutes for net income (loss) available to Genworth's common stockholders per common share on a basic and diluted basis determined in accordance with GAAP. In addition, the company's definition of net operating income (loss) may differ from the definitions used by other companies.

The tables at the end of this press release reflect net operating income (loss) as determined in accordance with accounting guidance related to segment reporting, and a reconciliation of net operating income (loss) of the company's segments and Corporate and Other activities to net income (loss) available to Genworth's common stockholders for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, as well as for the three months ended June 30, 2014.

Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) attributable to Genworth's common stockholders and net operating income (loss) assume a 35 percent tax rate and are net of the portion attributable to noncontrolling interests. Net investment gains (losses) are also adjusted for deferred acquisition costs and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves.

This press release also includes non-GAAP financial measures entitled "net income (loss) before net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in the Australia MI business." The company defines net income (loss) before net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in the Australia MI business." The company defines net income (loss) before net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in the Australia MI business as net income (loss) or net operating income (loss), as applicable, adjusted for net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in the Australia MI business but before noncontrolling interests in the Canada MI business. These measures are presented as they are comparable to net income (loss) and net operating income (loss) for the third quarter of 2013 and the second quarter of 2014. However, net income (loss) before net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in the Australia MI business and net operating income (loss) before net operating income attributable to noncontrolling interests in the Australia MI business and net operating income (loss) determined in accordance with GAAP. A reconciliation of net income (loss) before net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in the Australia MI business and net operating income (loss) before net operating income attributable to noncontrolling interests in the Australia MI business and net operating income (loss) before net operating income attributable to noncontrolling interests in the Australia MI business and net operating income (loss) before net operating income attributable to noncontrolling interests in the Australia MI business and net operating income (loss) before net operating income attributable to noncontrolling interests in the Australia MI business and net operating income (loss) before net operating income attributable to noncontrolling interests in the Australia MI business and net operating income (loss) before net operating income attributable to noncontrolling interests in the Australia MI

This press release includes a non-GAAP financial measure that excludes from benefits and other changes in policy reserves, net of taxes, for the long term care insurance business: the increase to claim reserves from the completion of a comprehensive review of the company's long term care insurance claim reserves conducted over the past few months, the impacts of the correction of a calculation of benefit utilization for policies with a benefit inflation option and the impacts from premium increases approved and implemented to date, net of taxes. Management believes that analysis of benefits and other changes in policy reserves excluding those items enhances understanding of the underlying claims experience in the current period. However, benefits and other changes in policy reserves excluding those items are not substitutes for benefits and other changes in policy reserves, net of taxes, determined in accordance with GAAP. A reconciliation of benefits and other changes in policy reserves excluding those items to reported GAAP benefits and other changes in policy reserves, net of taxes, is included in a table at the end of this press release.

This press release includes the non-GAAP financial measure entitled "core yield" as a measure of investment yield. The company defines core yield as the investment yield adjusted for those items that are not recurring in nature. Management believes that analysis of core yield enhances understanding of the investment yield of the company. However, core yield is not a substitute for investment yield determined in accordance with GAAP. In addition, the company's definition of core yield may differ from the definitions used by other companies. A reconciliation of core yield to reported GAAP yield is included in a table at the end of this press release.

Definition of Selected Operating Performance Measures

The company reports selected operating performance measures including "sales" and "insurance in force" or "risk in force" which are commonly used in the insurance industry as measures of operating performance.

Management regularly monitors and reports sales metrics as a measure of volume of new and renewal business generated in a period. Sales refer to: (1) annualized first-year premiums for term life and long term care insurance products; (2) annualized first-year deposits plus five percent of excess deposits for universal and term universal life insurance products; (3) 10 percent of premium deposits for linked-benefits products; (4) new and additional premiums/deposits for fixed annuities; (5) new insurance written for mortgage insurance; and (6) net premiums written for the lifestyle protection insurance business. Sales do not include renewal premiums on policies or contracts written during prior periods. The company considers annualized first-year premiums/deposits, premium equivalents, new premiums/deposits, new insurance written, and net premiums written to be a measure of the company's operating performance because they represent a measure of new sales of insurance policies or contracts during a specified period, rather than a measure of the company's revenues or profitability during that period.

Management regularly monitors and reports insurance in force and risk in force. Insurance in force for the life, international mortgage and U.S. mortgage insurance businesses is a measure of the aggregate face value of

outstanding insurance policies as of the respective reporting date. For risk in force in the international mortgage insurance business, the company has computed an "effective" risk in force amount, which recognizes that the loss on any particular loan will be reduced by the net proceeds received upon sale of the property. Effective risk in force has been calculated by applying to insurance in force a factor of 35 percent that represents the highest expected average per-claim payment for any one underwriting year over the life of the company's businesses in Canada and Australia. Risk in force for the U.S. mortgage insurance business is the obligation that is limited under contractual terms to the amounts less than 100 percent of the mortgage loan value. The company considers insurance in force and risk in force to be measures of the company's operating performance because they represent measures of the size of the business at a specific date which will generate revenues and profits in a future period, rather than measures of the company's revenues or profitability during that period.

This press release also includes information related to loss mitigation activities for the U.S. mortgage insurance business. The company defines loss mitigation activities as rescissions, cancellations, borrower loan modifications, repayment plans, lender- and borrower-titled presales, claims administration and other loan workouts. Estimated savings related to rescissions are the reduction in carried loss reserves, net of premium refunds and reinstatement of prior rescissions. Estimated savings related to loan modifications and other cure related loss mitigation actions represent the reduction in carried loss reserves. Estimated savings related to claims mitigation activities represent amounts deducted or "curtailed" from claims due to acts or omissions by the insured or the servicer with respect to the servicing of an insured loan that is not in compliance with obligations under the company's master policy. For non-cure related actions, including presales, the estimated savings represent the difference between the full claim obligation and the actual amount paid. Loans subject to the company's loss mitigation actions, the results of which have been included in the company's reported estimated loss mitigation savings, are subject to re-default and may result in a potential claim in future periods, as well as potential future loss mitigation savings depending on the resolution of the re-defaulted loan. The company believes that this information helps to enhance the understanding of the operating performance of the U.S. mortgage insurance business as loss mitigation activities specifically impact current and future loss reserves and level of claim payments.

Management also regularly monitors and reports a loss ratio for the company's businesses. For the long term care insurance business, the loss ratio is the ratio of benefits and other changes in reserves less tabular interest on reserves less loss adjustment expenses to net earned premiums. For the mortgage and lifestyle protection insurance businesses, the loss ratio is the ratio of incurred losses and loss adjustment expenses to net earned premiums. The company considers the loss ratio to be a measure of underwriting performance in these businesses and helps to enhance the understanding of the operating performance of the businesses.

An assumed tax rate of 35 percent is utilized in certain adjustments to net operating income (loss) and in the explanation of specific variances of operating performance and investment results.

These operating performance measures enable the company to compare its operating performance across periods without regard to revenues or profitability related to policies or contracts sold in prior periods or from investments or other sources.

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This press release contains certain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements may be identified by words such as "expects," "intends," "anticipates," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," "will" or words of similar meaning and include, but are not limited to, statements regarding the outlook for the company's future business and financial performance. Forward-looking statements are based on management's current expectations and assumptions, which are subject to inherent uncertainties, risks and changes in circumstances that are difficult to predict. Actual outcomes and results may differ materially due to global political, economic, business, competitive, market, regulatory and other factors and risks, including, but not limited to, the following:

• Risks relating to the company's businesses, including downturns and volatility in global economies and equity and credit markets; downgrades or potential downgrades, being placed on negative outlook or being put on review for potential downgrade of the company's financial strength or credit ratings; interest rate fluctuations and levels; adverse capital and credit market conditions; the valuation of fixed maturity, equity and trading securities; defaults or other events impacting the value of the company's fixed maturity securities portfolio; defaults on the company's commercial mortgage loans or the mortgage loans underlying the company's investments in commercial mortgage-backed securities and volatility in performance; the availability, affordability and adequacy of reinsurance to meet the company's needs; defaults by counterparties to reinsurance arrangements or derivative instruments; an adverse change in risk-based capital and other regulatory requirements; insufficiency of reserves and required increases to reserve liabilities (including as a result of any changes the company may make to its assumptions, methodologies or otherwise in connection with its active life margin review in the fourth quarter of 2014); legal and regulatory constraints on dividend distributions by the company's subsidiaries; competition, including from government-owned and government-sponsored enterprises (GSEs) offering mortgage insurance; loss of key distribution partners; regulatory restrictions on the company's operations and changes in applicable laws and regulations; legal or regulatory investigations or actions; the failure of or any compromise of the security of the company's computer systems and confidential information contained therein; the occurrence of natural or man-made disasters or a pandemic; the effect of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act; ineffective or inadequate risk management program; changes in accounting and reporting standards; goodwill impairments; impairments of or valuatio

future profits (including as a result of any changes the company may make to its assumptions, methodologies or otherwise in connection with its active life margin review in the fourth quarter of 2014); inability (including as a result of the company's failure to obtain any necessary regulatory approvals) to increase premiums on in force and future long term care insurance products (including any current rate actions and any future rate actions, such as rate actions resulting from any changes the company may make to its assumptions, methodologies or otherwise in connection with its active life margin review in the fourth quarter of 2014) in a timely manner and sufficient amount; the company's inability to reflect future premium increases and other management actions in its active life margin calculation (including in connection with its active life margin review in the fourth quarter of 2014); the company's inability to successfully implement the management actions it has and is developing to offset adverse impacts resulting from its claim reserves review completed in the third quarter of 2014, its active life margin review being conducted in the fourth quarter of 2014 or otherwise; the failure of demand for life insurance, long term care insurance and fixed annuity products to increase; the capital needs in the U.S. life insurance and U.S. mortgage insurance businesses being higher than it anticipates and its inability to increase its capital on the anticipated timetable and terms or at all, and with the anticipated benefits; medical advances, such as genetic research and diagnostic imaging, and related legislation; ability to continue to implement actions to mitigate the impact of statutory reserve requirements; political and economic instability or changes in government policies; fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates and international securities markets; the significant portion of the company's international mortgage insurance risk in force with high loan-to-value ratios; increases in U.S. mortgage insurance default rates; failure to meet, or have waived to the extent needed, the company's U.S. mortgage insurance subsidiaries' minimum statutory capital requirements and hazardous financial condition standards; the influence of Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac) and a small number of large mortgage lenders and investors and changes to the role or structure of Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac; inability to meet the proposed private mortgage insurance eligibility requirements (PMIERs) guidelines on the contemplated timetable with the contemplated funding (including (a) if reinsurance or similar transactions are not available due to adverse market conditions, costs and other terms of such transactions, the GSE's approach to and capital treatment for such transactions and the performance of the company's U.S. mortgage insurance business, among other factors, and (b) the capital required to meet the PMIERs guidelines and operate the company's business is higher than anticipated due to, among other things, (i) the PMIERs guidelines adopted differing materially from the current draft; (ii) the way the guidelines are applied and interpreted by the GSEs and the Federal Housing Finance Agency (FHFA); (iii) the future performance of the U.S. housing market; (iv) the company generating and having expected U.S. mortgage insurance business earnings, available assets and riskbased required assets (including as they relate to the value of the shares of the company's Canadian mortgage insurance subsidiary that are owned by the U.S. mortgage insurance business as a result of share price and foreign exchange movements or otherwise), reducing risk in force and reducing delinquencies as anticipated, and writing anticipated amounts and types of new U.S. mortgage insurance business; and (v) the company's projected overall financial performance, capital and liquidity levels being as anticipated); inability to realize the benefits of the company's rescissions and curtailments as anticipated; the extent to which loan modifications and other similar programs may provide benefits to the company; deterioration in economic conditions or a decline in home prices in the United States; problems associated with foreclosure process defects in the United States that may defer claim payments; decreases in the volume of high loan-tovalue mortgage originations or increases in mortgage insurance cancellations in the United States; increases in the use of alternatives to private mortgage insurance in the United States and reductions by lenders in the level of coverage they select; the impact of the use of reinsurance with reinsurance companies affiliated with the company's U.S. mortgage lending customers; and potential liabilities in connection with the company's U.S. contract underwriting services;

- Other risks, including the risk that the anticipated benefits of the announced expense reduction are not realized and the company may lose key personnel related to actions like this as well as general uncertainty in the timing of the company's turnaround; the possibility that in certain circumstances the company will be obligated to make payments to General Electric Company (GE) under the tax matters agreement with GE even if the company's corresponding tax savings are never realized and payments could be accelerated in the event of certain changes in control; and provisions of the company's certificate of incorporation and bylaws and the tax matters agreement with GE may discourage takeover attempts and business combinations that stockholders might consider in their best interests; and
- Risks relating to the company's common stock, including the suspension of dividends and stock price fluctuations.

The company undertakes no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise.

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Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (Amounts in millions, except per share amounts)

	Three mor Septem	
	2014	2013
Revenues:		
Premiums	\$ 1,395	\$ 1,291
Net investment income	805	801
Net investment gains (losses)	(27)	(23)
Insurance and investment product fees and other	231	248
Total revenues	2,404	2,317
Benefits and expenses:		
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	1,986	1,169
Interest credited	185	184
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	398	407
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	143	182
Goodwill impairment	550	_
Interest expense	114	124
Total benefits and expenses	3,376	2,066
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	(972)	251
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(185)	105
Income (loss) from continuing operations	(787)	146
Income from discontinued operations, net of taxes		2
Net income (loss)	(787)	148
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	57	40
Net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders	\$ (844)	\$ 108
Income (loss) from continuing operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per common share:		
Basic	\$ (1.70)	\$ 0.21
Diluted	<u>\$ (1.70)</u>	\$ 0.21
Net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per common share:		
Basic	<u>\$ (1.70)</u>	\$ 0.22
Diluted	<u>\$ (1.70)</u>	\$ 0.22
Weighted average shares outstanding:		
Basic	496.6	494.0
Diluted ⁴	496.6	499.3

Reconciliation of Net Operating Income (Loss) to Net Income (Loss) (Amounts in millions, except per share amounts)

	month: Septen	Three months ended September 30,	
Not consisting the constitution of the No.	2014	2013	2014
Net operating income (loss): U.S. Life Insurance Division			
U.S. Life Insurance segment			
Life Insurance	\$ 13	\$ 54	\$ 39
Long Term Care	(361)	41	6
Fixed Annuities	26	16	24
Total U.S. Life Insurance segment	(322)	111	69
Total U.S. Life Insurance Division	(322)	111	69
Global Mortgage Insurance Division	(322)		
International Mortgage Insurance segment			
Canada	46	41	47
Australia	48 5	61	57 5
Other Countries	(7)	(12)	(7)
Total International Mortgage Insurance segment	87	90	97
U.S. Mortgage Insurance segment	(2)	(3)	39
Total Global Mortgage Insurance Division	85	87	136
Corporate and Other Division			150
International Protection segment	3	4	2
Runoff segment	5	25	15
Corporate and Other	(88)	(88)	(64)
Total Corporate and Other Division	(80)	(59)	(47)
Net operating income (loss)	(317)	139	158
Adjustments to net operating income (loss):	(317)	139	136
Net investment gains (losses), net	(10)	(13)	20
Goodwill impairment, net	(517)	(13)	_
Gains (losses) on early extinguishment of debt, net	—	(20)	(2)
Income from discontinued operations, net of taxes	_	2	
Net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders	(844)	108	176
Add: net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	57	40	52
Net income (loss)	\$ (787)	\$ 148	\$ 228
Net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per common share:			
Basic	<u>\$ (1.70)</u>	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.35
Diluted	\$(1.70)	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.35
Net operating income (loss) per common share:	====	====	=====
Basic	\$ (0.64)	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.32
Diluted	\$ (0.64)	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.31
Weighted average shares outstanding:			
Basic	496.6	494.0	496.6
Diluted ⁴	496.6	499.3	503.6
Share	150.0		303.0

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Amounts in millions)

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013	
Assets			
Cash, cash equivalents and invested assets	\$ 77,309	\$ 73,505	
Deferred acquisition costs	5,085	5,278	
Intangible assets	300	399	
Goodwill	316	867	
Reinsurance recoverable	17,374	17,219	
Other assets	710	639	
Separate account assets	9,420	10,138	
Total assets	<u>\$ 110,514</u>	\$ 108,045	
Liabilities and stockholders' equity			
Liabilities:			
Future policy benefits	\$ 34,697	\$ 33,705	
Policyholder account balances	25,827	25,528	
Liability for policy and contract claims	7,987	7,204	
Unearned premiums	4,085	4,107	
Deferred tax and other liabilities	4,480	4,302	
Borrowings related to securitization entities	225	242	
Non-recourse funding obligations	2,010	2,038	
Long-term borrowings	4,662	5,161	
Separate account liabilities	9,420	10,138	
Total liabilities	93,393	92,425	
Stockholders' equity:			
Common stock	1	1	
Additional paid-in capital	11,991	12,127	
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss):			
Net unrealized investment gains (losses):			
Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities not other-than-temporarily impaired	2,047	914	
Net unrealized gains (losses) on other-than-temporarily impaired securities	20	12	
Net unrealized investment gains (losses)	2,067	926	
Derivatives qualifying as hedges	1,753	1,319	
Foreign currency translation and other adjustments	114	297	
Total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	3,934	2,542	
Retained earnings	1,939	2,423	
Treasury stock, at cost	(2,700)	(2,700)	
Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity	15,165	14,393	
Noncontrolling interests	1,956	1,227	
Total stockholders' equity	17,121	15,620	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 110,514	\$ 108,045	

Reconciliation of Long Term Care Insurance Benefits And Other Changes In Policy Reserves (Amounts in millions)

	Thr months Septem	ended	Three months ended June 30,	Change September to Septem	30, 2014	Septeml	nge from ber 30, 2014 une 30,
	2014	2013	2014	201:	3		2014
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	\$1,313	\$ 659	\$ 735	\$	654	\$	578
Adjustments for:							
Increase in claim reserves from review	(531)	_	_		(531)		(531)
Correction of a calculation of benefit utilization for policies with a							
benefit inflation option	(54)	_	_		(54)		(54)
Impact from the premium increases approved and implemented to date	36	23	44		13		(8)
Taxes	(267)	(239)	(273)		(28)		6
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves excluding the increase in claim reserves from review, the correction of a calculation of benefit utilization for policies with a benefit inflation option and the impact from the premium increases approved and implemented to date, net	\$ <u>497</u>	<u>\$ 443</u>	\$ 506	\$	54	\$	(9)

$\label{lem:condition} \begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{Impact of Foreign Exchange on Operating Results} \\ \textbf{Inree months ended September 30, 2014} \\ \end{tabular}$

	Percentages Including Foreign Exchange	Percentages Excluding Foreign Exchange ¹¹
Canada Mortgage Insurance (MI):		
Flow new insurance written	13%	18%
Flow new insurance written (3Q14 vs. 2Q14)	36%	34%
Australia MI:		
Flow new insurance written	1%	— %
Flow new insurance written (3Q14 vs. 2Q14)	3%	1%

¹⁰ All percentages are comparing the third quarter of 2014 to the third quarter of 2013 unless otherwise stated. The impact of foreign exchange was calculated using the comparable prior period exchange rates.

¹¹

Reconciliation of Net Investment Gains (Losses) (Amounts in millions)

	Three months ended September 30,		T	nree
			months ended June 30,	
	2014	2013	2	014
Net investment gains (losses), gross	\$ (27)	\$ (23)	\$	34
Adjustments for:				
Deferred acquisition costs and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves	9	6		3
Net investment gains (losses) attributable to noncontrolling interests	3	(4)		(5)
Taxes	5	8		(12)
Net investment gains (losses), net of taxes and other adjustments	<u>\$ (10)</u>	<u>\$ (13)</u>	\$	20

Reconciliation of Net Income (Loss) Before Net Income Attributable To Noncontrolling Interests In The Australia MI Business to Net Income (Loss) Available To Genworth's Common Stockholders and Net Operating Income (Loss) Before Net Operating Income Attributable To Noncontrolling Interests In The Australia MI Business to Net Operating Income (Loss) (Amounts in millions)

	Three months ended September 30,		months ended mont	
	2014	2013	2	014
Net income (loss) before net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	\$(787)	\$ 148	\$	228
Adjustments for:				
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in the Australia MI business	23	N/A		11
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in the Canada MI business	34	40		41
Net income (loss) available to Genworth's common stockholders	<u>\$(844)</u>	\$ 108	\$	176
Net operating income (loss) before net operating income attributable to noncontrolling interests	\$(258)	\$ 176	\$	208
Adjustments for:				
Net operating income attributable to noncontrolling interests in the Australia MI business	23	N/A		11
Net operating income attributable to noncontrolling interests in the Canada MI business	36	37		39
Net operating income (loss)	\$(317)	\$ 139	\$	158

Reconciliation of Core Yield to Reported Yield

For the three

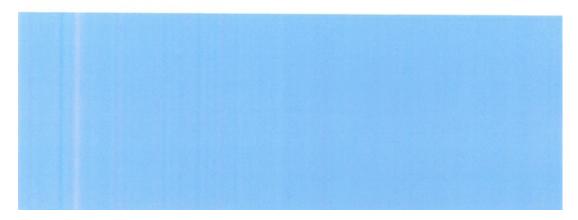
(Assets - amounts in billions)	Septer	months ended September 30, 2014	
Reported Total Invested Assets and Cash	\$	76.6	
Subtract:	Ψ	70.0	
Securities lending		0.3	
Unrealized gains (losses)		5.4	
Derivative counterparty collateral		0.5	
Adjusted end of period invested assets	\$	70.4	
Average Invested Assets Used in Reported Yield Calculation	\$	70.5	
Subtract:			
Restricted commercial mortgage loans and other invested assets related to securitization entities 2		0.2	
Average Invested Assets Used in Core Yield Calculation	\$	70.3	
(Income - amounts in millions)			
Reported Net Investment Income	\$	805	
Subtract:			
Bond calls and commercial mortgage loan prepayments		17	
Reinsurance ¹³		19	
Other non-core items ¹⁴		(18)	
Restricted commercial mortgage loans and other invested assets related to securitization entities 2		3	
Core Net Investment Income	\$	784	
Reported Yield		4.57%	
Core Yield		4.46%	

¹² Represents the incremental assets and investment income related to restricted commercial mortgage loans and other invested assets.

Represents imputed investment income related to reinsurance agreements in the lifestyle protection insurance business. Includes cost basis adjustments on structured securities, preferred stock income and various other immaterial items.

¹⁴





GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2014

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Note:

Unless otherwise noted, references in this financial supplement to income (loss) from continuing operations, income (loss) from continuing operations per share, net income (loss), net income (loss) per share, book value and book value per common share should be read as income (loss) from continuing operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders, income (loss) from continuing operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share, net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share, book value available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share, respectively.

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2014

Dear Investor.

Thank you for your continued interest in Genworth Financial.

During the third quarter of 2014, the company completed a comprehensive review of its long-term care insurance claim reserves conducted over the past few months. The company made changes to its assumptions and methodologies primarily impacting claim terminations, most significantly in later duration claims, and benefit utilization reflecting that claimants are staying on claim longer and utilizing more of their available benefits in aggregate than had previously been assumed in the company's reserve calculations. As a result of these changes, claim reserves were increased \$531 million pre-tax, or \$345 million after-tax. Results in the quarter also included an unfavorable \$35 million after-tax correction of a claim reserve calculation of benefit utilization for policies with a benefit inflation option.

The company also completed its annual goodwill impairment analysis during the third quarter of 2014. As a result of the company's focus on transitioning to higher return permanent products, including universal life, indexed universal life and linked benefit products, which are expected to ramp up over time, and reducing its dependence on lower margin, capital intensive term life insurance products resulting in lower projected overall sales, the company recorded an after-tax goodwill impairment of \$350 million in the life insurance business, and has a remaining goodwill balance of \$145 million in that business. Additionally, as a result of a reduced overall market size, the company's transition to new products, higher expected use of reinsurance on new business as well as a change related to expected claim costs, the company recorded an after-tax goodwill impairment of \$167 million in the long-term care insurance business, and has a remaining goodwill balance of \$154 million in that business.

Please feel free to call with any questions or comments.

Regards,

Amy Corbin Investor Relations 804 662.2685

Use of Non-GAAP Measures

This financial supplement includes the non-GAAP (1) financial measure entitled "net operating income (loss)." The chief operating decision maker evaluates segment performance and allocates resources on the basis of net operating income (loss). The company defines net operating income (loss) as income (loss) as income (loss) as income (loss). The continuing operations excluding the after-tax effects of income attributable to noncontrolling interests, net investment gains (losses) on insurance block transactions and infrequent or unusual non-operating items. Gains (losses) on insurance block transactions are defined as gains (losses) on the early extinguishment of non-recourse funding obligations, early termination fees for other financing restructuring and/or resulting gains (losses) on reinsurance restructuring for certain blocks of business. The company excludes net investment gains (losses) and infrequent or unusual non-operating items because the company does not consider them to be related to the operating performance of the company's segments and Corporate and Other activities. A component of the company's eigenificantly depending on market credit cycles. In addition, the size and timing of other investment gains (losses) can be subject to the company's discretion and are influenced by market opportunities, as well as asset-liability matching considerations. Goodwill impairments, gains (losses) on the sale of businesses, gains (losses) on the early extinguishment of debt and gains (losses) on insurance block transactions are also excluded from net operating income (loss) because, in the company's opinion, they are not indicative of overall operating trends. Other non-operating items are also excluded from net operating income (loss) if, in the company's opinion, they are not indicative of overall operating trends.

In the third quarter of 2014, the company recorded goodwill impairments of \$350 million, net of taxes, in the life insurance business and \$167 million, net of taxes, in the long-term care insurance business.

The following transactions were excluded from net operating income (loss) for the periods presented as they related to the loss on the early extinguishment of debt. In the second quarter of 2014, the company paid an early redemption payment of approximately \$2 million, net of taxes and portion attributable to noncontrolling interests, related to the early redemption of Genworth MI Canada Inc.'s notes that were scheduled to mature in 2015. In the third quarter of 2013, the company paid a make-whole expense of approximately \$20 million, net of taxes, related to the early redemption of Genworth Holdings' notes that were scheduled to mature in 2015.

There were no infrequent or unusual items excluded from net operating income (loss) during the periods presented other than a \$13 million, net of taxes, expense recorded in the second quarter of 2013 related to restructuring costs.

While some of these items may be significant components of net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders in accordance with GAAP, the company believes that net operating income (loss) and measures that are derived from or incorporate net operating income (loss), including net operating income (loss) per common share on a basic and diluted basis, are appropriate measures that are useful to investors because they identify the income (loss) attributable to the ongoing operations of the business. Management also uses net operating income (loss) as a basis for determining awards and compensation for senior management and to evaluate performance on a basis comparable to that used by analysts. However, the items excluded from net operating income (loss) have occurred in the past and could, and in some cases will, recur in the future. Net operating income (loss) and net operating income (loss) per common share on a basic and diluted basis are not substitutes for net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders or net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per common share on a basic and diluted basis determined in accordance with GAAP. In addition, the company's definition of net operating income (loss) may differ from the definitions used by other companies.

The table on page 9 of this financial supplement reflects net operating income (loss) as determined in accordance with accounting guidance related to segment reporting, and a reconciliation of net operating income (loss) of the company's segments and Corporate and Other activities to net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders for the periods presented. The financial supplement includes other non-GAAP measures management believes enhances the understanding and comparability of performance by highlighting underlying business activity and profitability drivers. These additional non-GAAP measures are on pages 72 and 73 of this financial supplement.

Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) attributable to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders and net operating income (loss) assume a 35% tax rate and are net of the portion attributable to noncontrolling interests. Net investment gains (losses) are also adjusted for DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves (see page 70).

(1) U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

Selected Operating Performance Measures

This financial supplement contains selected operating performance measures including "sales" and "insurance in-force" or "risk in-force" which are commonly used in the insurance industry as measures of operating performance.

Management regularly monitors and reports sales metrics as a measure of volume of new and renewal business generated in a period. Sales refer to: (1) annualized first-year premiums for term life and long-term care insurance products; (2) annualized first-year deposits plus 5% of excess deposits for universal life insurance products; (3) 10% of premium deposits for linked-benefits products; (4) new and additional premiums/deposits for fixed annuities; (5) new insurance written for mortgage insurance; and (6) net premiums written for the lifestyle protection insurance business. Sales do not include renewal premiums on policies or contracts written during prior periods. The company considers annualized first-year premiums/deposits, premium equivalents, new premiums/deposits, new insurance written and net premiums written to be a measure of the company's operating performance because they represent a measure of new sales of insurance policies or contracts during a specified period, rather than a measure of the company's revenues or profitability during that period.

Management regularly monitors and reports insurance in-force and risk in-force. Insurance in-force for the life, international mortgage and U.S. mortgage insurance businesses is a measure of the aggregate face value of outstanding insurance policies as of the respective reporting date. For risk in-force in the international mortgage insurance business, the company has computed an "effective" risk in-force amount, which recognizes that the loss on any particular loan will be reduced by the net proceeds received upon sale of the property. Effective risk in-force has been calculated by applying to insurance in-force a factor of 35% that represents the highest expected average per-claim payment for any one underwriting year over the life of the company's businesses in Canada and Australia. Risk in-force for the U.S. mortgage insurance business is the obligation that is limited under contractual terms to the amounts less than 100% of the mortgage loan value. The company considers insurance in-force and risk in-force to be measures of the company's operating performance because they represent measures of the size of the business at a specific date which will generate revenues and profits in a future period, rather than measures of the company's revenues or profitability during that period.

This financial supplement also includes information related to loss mitigation activities for the U.S. mortgage insurance business. The company defines loss mitigation activities as rescissions, cancellations, borrower loan modifications, repayment plans, lender- and borrower-titled pre-sales, claims administration and other loan workouts. Estimated savings related to rescissions are the reduction in carried loss reserves, net of premium refunds and reinstatement of prior rescissions. Estimated savings related to loan modifications and other cure-related loss mitigation actions represent the reduction in carried loss reserves. Estimated savings related to claims mitigation activities represent amounts deducted or "curtailed" from claims due to acts or omissions by the insured or the servicer with respect to the servicing of an insured loan that is not in compliance with obligations under the company's master policy. For non-cure related actions, including pre-sales, the estimated savings represent the difference between the full claim obligation and the actual amount paid. Loans subject to the company's reported estimated loss mitigation savings, are subject to re-default and may result in a potential claim in future periods, as well as potential future loss mitigation savings depending on the resolution of the re-defaulted loan. The company believes that this information helps to enhance the understanding of the operating performance of the U.S. mortgage insurance business as loss mitigation activities specifically impact current and future loss reserves and level of claim payments.

Management also regularly monitors and reports a loss ratio for the company's businesses. For the long-term care insurance business, the loss ratio is the ratio of benefits and other changes in reserves less tabular interest on reserves less loss adjustment expenses to net earned premiums. For the mortgage and lifestyle protection insurance businesses, the loss ratio is the ratio of incurred losses and loss adjustment expenses to net earned premiums. The company considers the loss ratio to be a measure of underwriting performance in these businesses and helps to enhance the understanding of the operating performance of the businesses.

These operating performance measures enable the company to compare its operating performance across periods without regard to revenues or profitability related to policies or contracts sold in prior periods or from investments or other sources.

Financial Highlights (amounts in millions, except per share data)

September 30.

June 30.

March 31.

496.6

December 31.

September 30.

496.4

Balance Sheet Data	2014	2014	2014	2013	2013					
Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income	\$ 11,231	\$ 12,070	\$ 12,032	\$ 11,851	\$ 11,665					
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	3,934	4,161	3,483	2,542	2,939					
Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity	\$ 15,165	\$ 16,231	\$ 15,515	\$ 14,393	\$ 14,604					
Book value per common share	\$ 30.54	\$ 32.68	\$ 31.27	\$ 29.08	\$ 29.55					
Book value per common share, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income	\$ 22.62	\$ 24.31	\$ 24.25	\$ 23.95	\$ 23.60					
Common shares outstanding as of the balance sheet date	496.6	496.6	496.2	494.8	494.2					
	Twelve months ended									
	September 30,	June 30,	March 31,	December 31,	September 30,					
Twelve Month Rolling Average ROE	2014	2014	2014	2013	2013					
GAAP Basis ROE	-2.3%	5.7%	5.5%	4.8%	4.6%					
Operating ROE(1)	1.9%	5.8%	5.6%	5.3%	5.1%					
			Three months en	ıded						
	September 30,	June 30,	March 31,	December 31,	September 30,					
Quarterly Average ROE	2014	2014	2014	2013	2013					
GAAP Basis ROE	-29.0%	5.8%	6.2%	7.1%	3.7%					
Operating ROE(1)	-10.9%	5.2%	6.5%	6.6%	4.8%					
					Nine months ended					
Basic and Diluted Shares	\$\struct \struct \stru				September 30, 2014					
Weighted-average shares used in basic earnings per common share calculations					496.4					
Potentially dilutive securities:										

Weighted-average shares used in diluted earnings per common share calculations (2)

(1) See page 72 herein for a reconciliation of GAAP Basis ROE to Operating ROE.

⁽²⁾ Under applicable accounting guidance, companies in a loss position are required to use basic weighted-average common shares outstanding in the calculation of diluted loss per share. Therefore, as a result of the net loss and net operating loss for the three months ended September 30, 2014, the company was required to use basic weighted-average common shares outstanding in the calculation of diluted loss per share for the three months ended September 30, 2014, dilutive potential weighted-average common shares outstanding would have been antidilutive to the calculation. If the company had not incurred a net loss for the three months ended September 30, 2014, dilutive potential weighted-average common shares outstanding would have been 502.0 million. As a result of the net loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, as the inclusion of shares for stock options, restricted stock units and stock appreciation rights of 6.4 million would have been antidilutive to the calculation. If the company had not incurred a net loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, as the inclusion of shares for stock options, restricted stock units and stock appreciation rights of 6.4 million would have been antidilutive to the calculation. If the company had not incurred a net loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, dilutive potential weighted-average common shares outstanding in the calculation of diluted net operating income for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the company used 502.8 million diluted weighted-average common shares outstanding in the calculation of diluted net operating income per common share.

Third Quarter Results

Consolidated Net Income (Loss) by Quarter (amounts in millions, except per share amounts)

REVENUES: Premiums S1,395 S1,343 S1,307 S4,045 S1,310 S1,291 S1,286 S1,216 S5,148 Net investment income 805 813 805 2,423 835 801 821 814 3,271 Net investment product fees and other 231 225 227 683 241 248 243 249 1,021 Total revenues 2,404 2,415 2,322 7,141 2,412 2,317 2,301 2,303 9,403 RENEFITS AND EXPENSES: Benefits and other changes in policy reserves 1,986 1,256 1,194 4,436 1,256 1,169 1,269 1,201 4,895 Renefits and operating expenses, net of deferrals 431 438 435 552 186 184 184 184 738 436 437			20	14				2013		
Premiums S1,395 S1,343 S1,307 S4,045 S1,310 S1,291 S1,286 S1,261 S5,148 Net investment income 805 813 805 2,423 835 801 821 814 3,271 Net investment gains (losses) (27) 34 (17) (10) 26 (23) 21 (61) (37		3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
Net investment income 805 813 805 2,423 835 801 821 814 3,271 Net investment gains (losses) (27) 34 (17) (10) 26 (23) 21 (61) (37) Insurance and investment product fees and other 231 225 227 683 241 248 243 289 1,021 Total revenues 2,404 2,415 2,322 7,141 2,412 2,317 2,371 2,303 9,403 BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:										
Net investment gains (losses)			. ,	. ,	. ,	. ,	. ,	. ,		. ,
Insurance and investment product fees and other 231 225 227 683 241 248 243 289 1,021 2404 2,415 2,322 7,141 2,412 2,317 2,371 2,303 9,403 2405 2,404 2,415 2,322 7,141 2,412 2,317 2,371 2,303 9,403 2406 2,415 2,322 7,141 2,412 2,317 2,371 2,303 9,403 2406 2,415 2,322 7,141 2,412 2,317 2,371 2,303 9,403 2407 2,415 2,322 7,141 2,412 2,317 2,371 2,303 9,403 2408 2,415 2,322 7,141 2,412 2,412 2,317 2,371 2,303 9,403 2409 2,415 2,322 7,141 2,412 2,412 2,317 2,371 2,303 9,403 2409 2,415 2,322 7,141 2,412 2,412 2,317 2,3										,
Total revenues 2,404 2,415 2,322 7,141 2,412 2,317 2,371 2,303 9,403		()		()	()		()			. ,
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES: Benefits and other changes in policy reserves 1,986 1,256 1,194 4,436 1,256 1,169 1,269 1,201 4,895 Interest credited 185 184 183 552 186 184 184 184 738 Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals 398 404 378 1,180 406 407 413 433 1,659 Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles 143 138 134 415 128 182 137 122 569 Goodwill impairment 550 550 Interest expense 114 120 127 361 121 124 121 126 492 Total benefits and expenses 3,376 2,102 2,016 7,494 2,097 2,066 2,124 2,066 8,353 INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES (972) 313 306 (353) 315 251 247 237 1,050 Provision (benefit) for income taxes (185) 85 87 (13) 70 105 73 76 324 INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (787) 228 219 (340) 245 146 174 161 726 Total benefits and expenses (185) 85 87 (13) 70 105 73 76 324 INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (787) 228 219 (340) 245 146 174 161 726 Total benefits and expenses (787) 228 219 (340) 245 146 174 161 726 Total benefits and expenses (787) 228 219 (340) 245 146 174 161 726 Total benefits and expenses (787) 228 219 (340) 245 146 174 161 726 Total benefits and expenses (787) 228 219 (340) 245 146 174 161 726 Total benefits and expenses (787) 228 219 (340) 245 146 174 161 726 Total benefits and expenses (787) 228 219 (340) 245 146 174 161 726 Total benefits and expenses (787) 228 219 (340) 245 146 174 161 726 Total benefits and expenses (787) 228 219 (340) 245 146 174 161 726 Total benefits and expenses (787) (787) (787) (787) (787) (787) (787) (787) (787) (787) (787) (Insurance and investment product fees and other	231	225	227	683	241	248	243	289	1,021
Renefits and other changes in policy reserves 1,986 1,256 1,194 4,436 1,256 1,169 1,269 1,201 4,895	Total revenues	2,404	2,415	2,322	7,141	2,412	2,317	2,371	2,303	9,403
Interest credited Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles Goodwill impairment 143 138 134 415 128 182 137 122 569 From Interest expense 114 120 127 361 121 124 121 126 492 Total benefits and expenses Total benefits and expenses 114 120 127 361 121 124 121 126 492 115 128 182 137 122 569 116 492 117 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128	BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:									
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles I day 138 134 415 128 182 137 122 569 Goodwill impairment Interest expense Total benefits and expenses INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES Provision (benefit) for income taxes INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS TOTAL DESCRIPTIONS (972) 313 306 (353) 315 251 247 237 1,050 Provision (benefit) for income taxes (185) 85 87 (13) 70 105 73 76 324 INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (787) 228 219 (340) 245 146 174 161 726	Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	1,986	1,256	1,194	4,436	1,256	1,169	1,269	1,201	4,895
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles Goodwill impairment 143	Interest credited	185	184	183	552	186	184	184	184	738
Solution	Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	398	404	378	1,180	406	407	413	433	1,659
Interest expense	Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	143	138	134	415	128	182	137	122	569
Total benefits and expenses 3,376 2,102 2,016 7,494 2,097 2,066 2,124 2,066 8,353 INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES (972) 313 306 (353) 315 251 247 237 1,050 (185) 85 87 (13) 70 105 73 76 324 INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (787) 228 219 (340) 245 146 174 161 726	Goodwill impairment	550	_	_	550	_	_	_	_	_
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES (972) 313 306 (353) 315 251 247 237 1,050 Provision (benefit) for income taxes (185) 85 87 (13) 70 105 73 76 324 INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (787) 228 219 (340) 245 146 174 161 726	Interest expense	114	120	127	361	121	124	121	126	492
TAXES (972) 313 306 (353) 315 251 247 237 1,050 Provision (benefit) for income taxes (185) 85 87 (13) 70 105 73 76 324 INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (787) 228 219 (340) 245 146 174 161 726	Total benefits and expenses	3,376	2,102	2,016	7,494	2,097	2,066	2,124	2,066	8,353
TAXES (972) 313 306 (353) 315 251 247 237 1,050 Provision (benefit) for income taxes (185) 85 87 (13) 70 105 73 76 324 INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (787) 228 219 (340) 245 146 174 161 726	INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME									
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (787) 228 219 (340) 245 146 174 161 726		(972)	313	306	(353)	315	251	247	237	1,050
	Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(185)	85	87	(13)	70	105	73	76	324
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	(787)	228	219	(340)	245	146	174	161	726
income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes 1 $ -$	Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes(1)		_	_		_	2	6	(20)	(12)
NET INCOME (LOSS) (787) 228 219 (340) 245 148 180 141 714	NET INCOME (LOSS)	(787)	228	219	(340)	245	148	180	141	714
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interests 57 52 35 144 37 40 39 38 154		57	52	35	144	37	40	39	38	154
NET INCOME (LOSS) AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S	NET INCOME (LOSS) AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S									
COMMON STOCKHOLDERS \$ (844) \$ 176 \$ 184 \$ (484) \$ 208 \$ 108 \$ 141 \$ 103 \$ 560		\$ (844)	\$ 176	\$ 184	\$ (484)	\$ 208	\$ 108	\$ 141	\$ 103	\$ 560
	Family and (Land) Day Chang Date.	LEE_	====	===	====	====		====	===	====
Earnings (Loss) Per Share Data:										
Income (loss) from continuing operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per common share										
Basic \$(1.70) \$ 0.35 \$ 0.37 \$(0.98) \$ 0.42 \$ 0.21 \$ 0.27 \$ 0.25 \$ 1.16		¢ (1.70)	e 0.25	¢ 0.27	¢ (0,00)	e 0.42	¢ 0.21	¢ 0.27	¢ 0.25	¢ 1 16
Diluted \$(1.70) \$ 0.35 \$ 0.37 \$ (0.98) \$ 0.42 \$ 0.21 \$ 0.27 \$ 0.25 \$ 1.15										
Net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per		\$(1.70)	\$ 0.55	\$ 0.57	\$ (0.98)	\$ 0.42	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.23	\$ 1.13
common share										
Basic \$(1.70) \$ 0.35 \$ 0.37 \$(0.98) \$ 0.42 \$ 0.22 \$ 0.29 \$ 0.21 \$ 1.13		\$ (1.70)	¢ 0.25	¢ 0.27	¢ (0,00)	¢ 0.42	¢ 0.22	¢ 0.20	¢ 0.21	¢ 1 12
Diluted \$(1.70) \$ 0.35 \$ 0.37 \$ (0.98) \$ 0.42 \$ 0.22 \$ 0.29 \$ 0.21 \$ 1.13	- 10.17	. ()								
Weighted-average shares outstanding		\$(1.70)	\$ 0.55	φ 0.5/	\$ (U.78)	φ U. + 1	φ 0.22	φ 0.20	ψ 0.21	ψ 1.12
Basic 496.6 496.6 495.8 496.4 494.7 494.0 493.4 492.5 493.6	E E	106.6	106.6	405 Q	196.4	101 7	494 N	103.1	402.5	103.6
Diluted ⁽²⁾ 496.6 503.6 502.7 496.4 501.2 499.3 497.5 496.8 498.7										

Income (loss) from discontinued operations related to the wealth management business, which was sold on August 30, 2013.

Under applicable accounting guidance, companies in a loss position are required to use basic weighted-average common shares outstanding in the calculation of diluted loss per share. Therefore, as a result of the loss from continuing operations and net loss for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, the company was required to use basic weighted-average common shares outstanding in the calculation of diluted loss per share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, as the inclusion of shares for stock options, restricted stock units and stock appreciation rights of 5.4 million and 6.4 million, respectively, would have been antidilutive to the calculation. If the company had not incurred a net loss for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, dilutive potential weighted-average common shares outstanding would have been 502.0 million and 502.8 million, respectively.

Net Operating Income (Loss) by Segment by Quarter (amounts in millions, except per share amounts)

(amounts in minions, except per si	are amounts,	20:	1.4				2013		
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2013 2Q	1Q	Total
U.S. Life Insurance Division	<u> </u>		IŲ	Total	40	<u> </u>	<u> 2Q</u>	IŲ	Total
U.S. Life Insurance segment:									
Life Insurance	\$ 13	\$ 39	\$ 21	\$ 73	\$ 56	\$ 54	\$ 27	\$ 36	\$ 173
Long-Term Care Insurance	(361)	6	46	(309)	42	41	26	20	129
Fixed Annuities	26	24	27	77	21	16	26	29	92
Total U.S. Life Insurance segment	(322)	69	94	(159)	119	111	79	85	394
Total U.S. Life Insurance Division	(322)	69	94	(159)	119	111	79	85	394
Global Mortgage Insurance Division									
International Mortgage Insurance segment:									
Canada	46	47	41	134	44	41	43	42	170
Australia ⁽¹⁾	48	57	62	167	66	61	55	46	228
Other Countries	(7)	(7)	(4)	(18)	(9)	(12)	(9)	(7)	(37)
Total International Mortgage Insurance segment	87	97	99	283	101	90	89	81	361
U.S. Mortgage Insurance segment	(2)	39	33	70	6	(3)	13	21	37
Total Global Mortgage Insurance Division	85	136	132	353	107	87	102	102	398
Corporate and Other Division									
International Protection segment	3	2	7	12	13	4	1	6	24
Runoff segment	5	15	12	32	19	25	6	16	66
Corporate and Other	(88)	(64)	(51)	(203)	(65)	(88)	(55)	(58)	(266)
Total Corporate and Other Division	(80)	(47)	(32)	(159)	(33)	(59)	(48)	(36)	(176)
NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(317)	158	194	35	193	139	133	151	616
ADJUSTMENTS TO NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS):									
Net investment gains (losses), net	(10)	20	(10)	_	15	(13)	15	(28)	(11)
Goodwill impairment, net	(517)	_	_	(517)	_	_	_	_	_
Expenses related to restructuring, net	_	_	_	_	_	_	(13)	_	(13)
Gains (losses) on early extinguishment of debt, net	_	(2)		(2)		(20)			(20)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes						2	6	(20)	(12)
NET INCOME (LOSS) AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	(844)	176	184	(484)	208	108	141	103	560
Add: net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	57	52	35	144	37	40	39	38	154
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$ (787)	\$ 228	\$ 219	\$ (340)	\$ 245	\$ 148	\$ 180	\$ 141	\$ 714
Earnings (Loss) Per Share Data:									
Net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per common share									
Basic	\$ (1.70)	\$ 0.35	\$ 0.37	\$ (0.98)	\$ 0.42	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.21	\$ 1.13
Diluted	\$ (1.70)	\$ 0.35	\$ 0.37	\$ (0.98)	\$ 0.41	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.21	\$ 1.12
Net operating income (loss) per common share									
Basic	\$ (0.64)	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.31	\$ 1.25
Diluted	\$ (0.64)	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.38	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.30	\$ 1.24
Weighted-average shares outstanding									
Basic	496.6	496.6	495.8	496.4	494.7	494.0	493.4	492.5	493.6
Diluted(2)	496.6	503.6	502.7	496.4	501.2	499.3	497.5	496.8	498.7

(1) Adjusted for 33.8% owned by noncontrolling interests after the initial public offering of the Australian mortgage insurance business on May 21, 2014. The following table shows Australia's net operating income assuming 100% ownership and then adjusts for the portion related to noncontrolling interests.

	Till ce illoi	illis ciided	Time mon	itiis ciided
	Septem	ber 30,	Septem	iber 30,
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Australia's Net Operating Income	\$ 71	\$ 61	\$ 201	\$ 162
Less: Net Operating Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests	23		34	
Australia's Net Operating Income Available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s Common Stockholders	\$ 48	\$ 61	\$ 167	\$ 162

⁽²⁾ Under applicable accounting guidance, companies in a loss position are required to use basic weighted-average common shares outstanding in the calculation of diluted loss per share. Therefore, as a result of the net loss and net operating loss for the three months ended September 30, 2014, the company was required to use basic weighted-average common shares outstanding in the calculation of diluted loss per share for the three months ended September 30, 2014, as the inclusion of shares for stock options, restricted stock units and stock appreciation rights of 5.4 million would have been antidilutive to the calculation. If the company had not incurred a net loss for the net loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, dilutive potential weighted-average common shares outstanding would have been 502.0 million. As a result of the net loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, as the inclusion of shares for stock options, restricted stock units and stock appreciation rights of 6.4 million would have been antidilutive to the calculation. If the company had not incurred a net loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, dilutive potential weighted-average common shares outstanding would have been 502.8 million diluted weighted-average common shares outstanding in the calculation of diluted net operating income for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the company used 502.8 million diluted weighted-average common shares outstanding in the calculation of diluted net operating income per common shares.

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT THIRD QUARTER 2014 Consolidated Balance Sheets (amounts in millions)

	September 30, 2014	June 30, 2014	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	September 30, 2013
ASSETS					
Investments:					
Fixed maturity securities available-for-sale, at fair value	\$ 62,317	\$ 62,360	\$ 60,244	\$ 58,629	\$ 59,086
Equity securities available-for-sale, at fair value	313	320	349	341	379
Commercial mortgage loans	6,077	5,986	5,894	5,899	5,858
Restricted commercial mortgage loans related to securitization entities	209	217	227	233	290
Policy loans	1,512	1,514	1,438	1,434	1,668
Other invested assets	2,281	1,963	1,875	1,686	1,826
Restricted other invested assets related to securitization entities	404	404	398	391	392
Total investments	73,113	72,764	70,425	68,613	69,499
Cash and cash equivalents	3,477	4,138	4,360	4,214	3,554
Accrued investment income	719	642	752	678	705
Deferred acquisition costs	5,085	5,085	5,177	5,278	5,256
Intangible assets	300	266	327	399	404
Goodwill	316	867	866	867	867
Reinsurance recoverable	17,374	17,276	17,234	17,219	17,224
Other assets	710	695	691	639	668
Separate account assets	9,420	9,911	9,933	10,138	9,957
Total assets	\$ 110,514	\$111,644	\$109,765	\$ 108,045	\$ 108,134

Consolidated Balance Sheets (amounts in millions)

	September 30, 2014	June 30, 2014	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	September 30, 2013
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Liabilities:					
Future policy benefits	\$ 34,697	\$ 34,497	\$ 34,076	\$ 33,705	\$ 33,612
Policyholder account balances	25,827	25,834	25,881	25,528	25,266
Liability for policy and contract claims	7,987	7,223	7,156	7,204	7,271
Unearned premiums	4,085	4,191	4,075	4,107	4,160
Other liabilities	3,605	3,702	3,777	4,096	4,607
Borrowings related to securitization entities	225 2,010	233	239	242	297
Non-recourse funding obligations		2,024	2,030	2,038	2,046
Long-term borrowings	4,662 875	4,691	5,150	5,161	4,780
Deferred tax liability		1,074	714	206	293
Separate account liabilities		9,911	9,933	10,138	9,957
Total liabilities		93,380	93,031	92,425	92,289
Stockholders' equity:					
Common stock	1	1	1	1	1
Additional paid-in capital	11,991	11,986	12,124	12,127	12,149
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss):					
Net unrealized investment gains (losses):					
Net unrealized gains on securities not other-than-temporarily impaired	2,047	2,109	1,606	914	1,106
Net unrealized gains (losses) on other-than-temporarily impaired securities	20	19	18	12	3
Net unrealized investment gains (losses)	2,067	2,128	1,624	926	1,109
Derivatives qualifying as hedges	1,753	1,652	1,538	1,319	1,442
Foreign currency translation and other adjustments	114	381	321	297	388
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	3,934	4,161	3,483	2,542	2,939
Retained earnings	1,939	2,783	2,607	2,423	2,215
Treasury stock, at cost	(2,700)	(2,700)	(2,700)	(2,700)	(2,700)
Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity	15,165	16,231	15,515	14,393	14,604
Noncontrolling interests	1,956	2,033	1,219	1,227	1,241
Total stockholders' equity	17,121	18,264	16,734	15,620	15,845
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 110,514</u>	\$111,644	\$109,765	\$ 108,045	\$ 108,134

Consolidated Balance Sheet by Segment (amounts in millions)

				Se	eptemb	er 30, 2014			
	U.S. Life Insurance	M	rnational ortgage surance	Mortgage isurance		rnational otection	Runoff	Other (1)	Total
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$59,897	\$	8,897	\$ 2,236	\$	1,520	\$ 2,556	\$ 2,203	\$ 77,309
Deferred acquisition costs and intangible assets	4,913		184	23		238	327	16	5,701
Reinsurance recoverable	16,434		23	28		32	857	_	17,374
Deferred tax and other assets	370		119	35		153	(8)	41	710
Separate account assets				 			9,420	 	9,420
Total assets	\$81,614	\$	9,223	\$ 2,322	\$	1,943	\$13,152	\$ 2,260	\$110,514
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				 				 	
Liabilities:									
Future policy benefits	\$34,693	\$	_	\$ _	\$	_	\$ 4	\$ _	\$ 34,697
Policyholder account balances	22,720		_	_		11	3,096	_	25,827
Liability for policy and contract claims	6,269		355	1,239		107	17	_	7,987
Unearned premiums	624		2,806	159		488	8	_	4,085
Non-recourse funding obligations	2,040		_	_		_	_	(30)	2,010
Deferred tax and other liabilities	4,115		264	(728)		379	(73)	523	4,480
Borrowings and capital securities	_		511	_		_	13	4,363	4,887
Separate account liabilities				 			9,420	 	9,420
Total liabilities	70,461		3,936	 670		985	12,485	 4,856	93,393
Stockholders' equity:									
Allocated equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive									
income (loss)	7,536		3,056	1,633		929	688	(2,611)	11,231
Allocated accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	3,617		275	19		29	(21)	15	3,934
Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity	11,153		3,331	 1,652		958	667	 (2,596)	15,165
Noncontrolling interests	_		1,956	_		_	_	_	1,956
Total stockholders' equity	11,153		5,287	1,652		958	667	(2,596)	17,121
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$81,614	\$	9,223	\$ 2,322	\$	1,943	\$13,152	\$ 2,260	\$110,514

⁽¹⁾ Includes inter-segment eliminations and non-core products.

Consolidated Balance Sheet by Segment (amounts in millions)

					June	30, 2014			
	U.S. Life Insurance	M	ernational ortgage surance	Mortgage surance		rnational otection	Runoff	porate and Other(1)	Total
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$58,873	\$	9,219	\$ 2,215	\$	1,639	\$ 2,759	\$ 2,839	\$ 77,544
Deferred acquisition costs and intangible assets	5,389		190	23		266	331	19	6,218
Reinsurance recoverable	16,319		26	31		39	861	_	17,276
Deferred tax and other assets	335		83	53		172	(6)	58	695
Separate account assets				 			9,911	 	9,911
Total assets	\$80,916	\$	9,518	\$ 2,322	\$	2,116	\$13,856	\$ 2,916	\$111,644
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				 				 	
Liabilities:									
Future policy benefits	\$34,492	\$	_	\$ _	\$	_	\$ 5	\$ _	\$ 34,497
Policyholder account balances	22,667		_	_		15	3,152	_	25,834
Liability for policy and contract claims	5,463		371	1,256		117	16	_	7,223
Unearned premiums	612		2,887	143		541	8	_	4,191
Non-recourse funding obligations	2,054		_	_		_	_	(30)	2,024
Deferred tax and other liabilities	4,510		233	(747)		403	294	83	4,776
Borrowings and capital securities	_		540	_		_	13	4,371	4,924
Separate account liabilities				 			9,911		9,911
Total liabilities	69,798		4,031	 652		1,076	13,399	 4,424	93,380
Stockholders' equity:									
Allocated equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive									
income (loss)	7,547		2,971	1,650		947	479	(1,524)	12,070
Allocated accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	3,571		483	20		93	(22)	16	4,161
Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity	11,118		3,454	 1,670		1,040	457	(1,508)	16,231
Noncontrolling interests			2,033					_	2,033
Total stockholders' equity	11,118		5,487	 1,670		1,040	457	 (1,508)	18,264
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$80,916	\$	9,518	\$ 2,322	\$	2,116	\$13,856	\$ 2,916	\$111,644

⁽¹⁾ Includes inter-segment eliminations and non-core products.

Deferred Acquisition Costs Rollforward (amounts in millions)

	.S. Life urance(1)	Mo	national rtgage urance	Iortgage irance	national tection	Ru	noff(2)	orate and other	Total
Unamortized balance as of June 30, 2014	\$ 4,729	\$	155	\$ 14	\$ 241	\$	317	\$	\$5,456
Costs deferred	77		19	2	18		1	_	117
Amortization, net of interest accretion	(80)		(13)	(1)	(27)		(6)	_	(127)
Impact of foreign currency translation	 		(8)	 	 (17)			 	(25)
Unamortized balance as of September 30, 2014	4,726		153	15	215		312	_	5,421
Effect of accumulated net unrealized investment (gains) losses	 (332)			 	 		(4)	 	(336)
Balance as of September 30, 2014	\$ 4,394	\$	153	\$ 15	\$ 215	\$	308	\$ 	\$5,085

⁽¹⁾ Amortization, net of interest accretion, included \$2 million of amortization related to net investment gains for the policyholder account balances.

Amortization, net of interest accretion, included \$7 million of amortization related to net investment gains for the policyholder account balances.

U.S. Life Insurance Division

Net Operating Income (Loss)—U.S. Life Insurance Division (amounts in millions)

		201	4				2013		
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
REVENUES:									
Premiums	\$ 821	\$ 762	\$ 759	\$2,342	\$ 761	\$ 751	\$ 738	\$ 707	\$2,957
Net investment income	658	671	660	1,989	675	650	658	638	2,621
Net investment gains (losses)	1	25	3	29	(2)	(6)	17	(12)	(3)
Insurance and investment product fees and other	186	175	171	532	185	192	190	188	755
Total revenues	1,666	1,633	1,593	4,892	1,619	1,587	1,603	1,521	6,330
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:									
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	1,722	1,087	1,030	3,839	1,036	924	1,041	974	3,975
Interest credited	155	155	154	464	156	156	155	152	619
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	173	156	161	490	164	154	177	163	658
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	91	81	75	247	78	139	80	87	384
Goodwill impairment	550	_	_	550	_		_	_	_
Interest expense	22	21	21	64	25	25	24	23	97
Total benefits and expenses	2,713	1,500	1,441	5,654	1,459	1,398	1,477	1,399	5,733
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS									
BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(1,047)	133	152	(762)	160	189	126	122	597
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(211)	47	57	(107)	40	82	46	45	213
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	(836)	86	95	(655)	120	107	80	77	384
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:									
Net investment (gains) losses, net	(3)	(17)	(1)	(21)	(1)	4	(10)	8	1
Goodwill impairment, net	517	<u> </u>		517		_	<u> </u>	_	_
Expenses related to restructuring, net	_	_	_	_	_	_	9	_	9
NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ (322)	\$ 69	\$ 94	\$ (159)	\$ 119	\$ 111	\$ 79	\$ 85	\$ 394
Effective tax rate (operating income (loss))(1)	35.8%	35.6%	37.3%	34.9%	25.3%	43.0%	37.1%	36.4%	35.7%

⁽¹⁾ The operating income (loss) effective tax rate for all pages in this financial supplement was calculated using whole dollars. As a result, the percentages shown may differ from an operating income (loss) effective tax rate calculated using the rounded numbers in this financial supplement.

Net Operating Income (Loss)—U.S. Life Insurance Division (amounts in millions)

	U.S. Life Insurance Segment									
Three months ended September 30, 2014	Life In	surance		Гегт Care urance	Fixed .	Annuities		U.S. Life ce Segment	Total	
REVENUES:										
Premiums	\$	193	\$	587	\$	41	\$	821	\$ 821	
Net investment income		123		293		242		658	658	
Net investment gains (losses)		10		(1)		(8)		1	1	
Insurance and investment product fees and other		184		<u> </u>		2		186	186	
Total revenues		510		879		277		1,666	1,666	
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:										
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves		293		1,313		116		1,722	1,722	
Interest credited		67		_		88		155	155	
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals		52		103		18		173	173	
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles		46		25		20		91	91	
Goodwill impairment		350		200		_		550	550	
Interest expense		22		<u> </u>				22	22	
Total benefits and expenses		830		1,641		242		2,713	2,713	
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES		(320)		(762)		35		(1,047)	(1,047)	
Provision (benefit) for income taxes		11		(234)		12		(211)	(211)	
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		(331)		(528)		23		(836)	(836)	
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:										
Net investment (gains) losses, net		(6)		_		3		(3)	(3)	
Goodwill impairment, net		350		167		_		517	517	
NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$	13	\$	(361)	\$	26	\$	(322)	\$ (322)	
Effective tax rate (operating income (loss))		35.2%		35.7%		34.8%		35.8%	35.89	

 Effective tax rate (operating income (loss))
 35.2%
 35.7%
 34.8%
 35.8%
 35.8%

			U.S. Life Insur	ance Segme	nt			
Three months ended September 30, 2013	Life Insura		ong-Term Care Insurance	Fixed .	Annuities	Total U.S Insurance		Total
REVENUES:								
Premiums	\$	66 \$	564	\$	21	\$	751	\$ 751
Net investment income		38	282		230		650	650
Net investment gains (losses)		_	(2)		(4)		(6)	(6)
Insurance and investment product fees and other		88	2		2		192	192
Total revenues		92	846		249	<u> </u>	1,587	1,587
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:								
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves		60	659		105		924	924
Interest credited		68	_		88		156	156
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals		47	90		17		154	154
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles		88	31		20		139	139
Interest expense		25					25	25
Total benefits and expenses	1	88	780		230		1,398	1,398
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES		04	66		19		189	189
Provision for income taxes		50	26		6		82	82
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		54	40		13		107	107
ADJUSTMENT TO INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:								
Net investment (gains) losses, net			1		3		4	4
NET OPERATING INCOME	\$	54 \$	41	\$	16	\$	111	\$ 111
		_						

Effective tax rate (operating income) 47.5% 38.6% 35.4% 43.0% 43.0%

Net Operating Income (Loss)—U.S. Life Insurance Division (amounts in millions)

	U.S. Life Insurance Segment								
Nine months ended September 30, 2014	Life I	nsurance		Term Care surance	Fixed Annuities		Total U.S. Life Insurance Segment		Total
REVENUES:									
Premiums	\$	547	\$	1,729	\$	66	\$	2,342	\$2,342
Net investment income		388		875		726		1,989	1,989
Net investment gains (losses)		34		2		(7)		29	29
Insurance and investment product fees and other		525		1		6		532	532
Total revenues		1,494		2,607		791		4,892	4,892
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:									
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves		831		2,712		296		3,839	3,839
Interest credited		199		_		265		464	464
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals		147		293		50		490	490
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles		104		78		65		247	247
Goodwill impairment		350		200		_		550	550
Interest expense	<u></u>	64						64	64
Total benefits and expenses		1,695		3,283		676		5,654	5,654
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES		(201)		(676)		115		(762)	(762)
Provision (benefit) for income taxes		54		(202)		41		(107)	(107)
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		(255)		(474)		74		(655)	(655)
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:		. ,		, ,					` /
Net investment (gains) losses, net		(22)		(2)		3		(21)	(21)
Goodwill impairment, net		350		167				517	517
NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$	73	\$	(309)	\$	77	\$	(159)	\$ (159)
Effective tax rate (operating income (loss))		36.5%		35.5%		35.5%		34.9%	34.9%

et investment income et investment gains (losses) ssurance and investment product fees and other Total revenues ENEFITS AND EXPENSES: enefits and other changes in policy reserves terest credited cquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals mortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles terest expense Total benefits and expenses NCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES rovision for income taxes NCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS DJUSTMENTS TO INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:	U.S. Life Insurance Segment										
N: 4 110 (1 20 2012				erm Care			Total U				
	Life Iı	isurance	Inst	irance	Fixed A	nnuities	Insurance	Segment	Total		
Premiums	\$	520	\$	1,627	\$	49	\$	2,196	\$2,196		
		402		823		721		1,946	1,946		
		5		(7)		1		(1)	(1)		
Insurance and investment product fees and other		561		4		5		570	570		
Total revenues		1,488		2,447		776		4,711	4,711		
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:											
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves		704		1,950		285		2,939	2,939		
Interest credited		200		_		263		463	463		
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals		147		291		56		494	494		
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles		161		80		65		306	306		
Interest expense		72						72	72		
Total benefits and expenses		1,284		2,321		669		4,274	4,274		
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES		204		126		107		437	437		
Provision for income taxes		86		49		38		173	173		
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		118		77		69		264	264		
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:											
Net investment (gains) losses, net		(3)		4		1		2	2		
Expenses related to restructuring, net		2		6		1		9	9		
NET OPERATING INCOME	\$	117	\$	87	\$	71	\$	275	\$ 275		
Effective tax rate (operating income)		42.0%		38.4%		35.8%		39.4%	39.4%		

U.S. Life Insurance Segment

Net Operating Income and Sales—U.S. Life Insurance Segment—Life Insurance (amounts in millions)

		20	014				2013		
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
REVENUES:									
Premiums	\$ 193	\$ 171	\$ 183	\$ 547	\$ 164	\$ 166	\$ 173	\$ 181	\$ 684
Net investment income	123	137	128	388	139	138	133	131	541
Net investment gains (losses)	10	23	1	34	8	_	9	(4)	13
Insurance and investment product fees and other	184	173	168	525	183	188	187	186	744
Total revenues	510	504	480	1,494	494	492	502	494	1,982
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:									
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	293	257	281	831	241	160	280	264	945
Interest credited	67	66	66	199	66	68	68	64	266
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	52	45	50	147	47	47	50	50	194
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	46	32	26	104	31	88	33	40	192
Goodwill impairment	350	_	_	350	_	_		_	_
Interest expense	22	21	21	64	25	25	24	23	97
Total benefits and expenses	830	421	444	1,695	410	388	455	441	1,694
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(320)	83	36	(201)	84	104	47	53	288
Provision for income taxes	11	29	14	54	22	50	16	20	108
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	(331)	54	22	(255)	62	54	31	33	180
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:									
Net investment (gains) losses, net	(6)	(15)	(1)	(22)	(6)	_	(6)	3	(9)
Goodwill impairment, net	350	_	_	350	_	_	_	_	_
Expenses related to restructuring, net	<u> </u>						2		2
NET OPERATING INCOME	\$ 13	\$ 39	\$ 21	\$ 73	\$ 56	\$ 54	\$ 27	\$ 36	\$ 173
Effective tax rate (operating income)	35.2%	35.4%	39.3%	36.5%	25.6%	47.5%	34.4%	37.6%	37.6%
SALES:									
Sales by Product:									
Term Life	\$ 13	\$ 14	\$ 13	\$ 40	\$ 9	\$ 5	\$ 4	\$ 4	\$ 22
Term Universal Life	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	1
Universal Life	11	7	6	24	5	5	5	9	24
Linked-Benefits	4	5	2	11	3	2	3	2	10
Total Sales	\$ 28	\$ 26	\$ 21	\$ 75	\$ 17	\$ 12	\$ 12	\$ 16	\$ 57

Life Insurance In-Force (amounts in millions)

		2014			20	13	
	3Q	2Q	1Q	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q
Term and Whole Life Insurance							
Life insurance in-force, net of reinsurance	\$350,946	\$341,383	\$338,372	\$336,015	\$335,039	\$336,008	\$338,014
Life insurance in-force before reinsurance	\$523,784	\$524,743	\$523,925	\$523,694	\$525,171	\$528,874	\$534,194
Term Universal Life Insurance							
Life insurance in-force, net of reinsurance	\$129,268	\$130,270	\$131,256	\$132,293	\$133,500	\$134,868	\$136,222
Life insurance in-force before reinsurance	\$130,285	\$131,296	\$132,294	\$133,348	\$134,555	\$135,937	\$137,297
Universal Life Insurance							
Life insurance in-force, net of reinsurance	\$ 42,119	\$ 42,454	\$ 42,814	\$ 43,150	\$ 43,447	\$ 43,773	\$ 44,051
Life insurance in-force before reinsurance	\$ 48,821	\$ 49,004	\$ 49,418	\$ 49,790	\$ 50,203	\$ 50,558	\$ 50,906
Total Life Insurance							
Life insurance in-force, net of reinsurance	\$522,333	\$514,107	\$512,442	\$511,458	\$511,986	\$514,649	\$518,287
Life insurance in-force before reinsurance	\$702,890	\$705,043	\$705,637	\$706,832	\$709,929	\$715,369	\$722,397

$Net\ Operating\ Income\ (Loss)\ and\ Sales-U.S.\ Life\ Insurance\ Segment-Long-Term\ Care\ Insurance$ (amounts in millions)

		20	14				2013		
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
REVENUES:									
Premiums	\$ 587	\$ 577	\$ 565	\$1,729	\$ 582	\$ 564	\$ 550	\$ 513	\$2,209
Net investment income	293	292	290	875	291	282	277	264	1,114
Net investment gains (losses)	(1)	3	_	2	(4)	(2)	(2)	(3)	(11)
Insurance and investment product fees and other			1	1		2	1	1	4
Total revenues	879	872	856	2,607	869	846	826	775	3,316
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:									
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	1,313	735	664	2,712	701	659	663	628	2,651
Interest credited	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	103	97	93	293	94	90	107	94	385
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	25	27	26	78	27	31	24	25	107
Goodwill impairment	200	_		200			_		_
Interest expense									
Total benefits and expenses	1,641	859	783	3,283	822	780	794	747	3,143
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(762)	13	73	(676)	47	66	32	28	173
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(234)	5	27	(202)	- 8	26	13	10	57
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	(528)	8	46	(474)	39	40	19	18	116
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:									
Net investment (gains) losses, net	_	(2)	_	(2)	3	1	1	2	7
Goodwill impairment, net	167	_	_	167	_	_	_	_	_
Expenses related to restructuring, net							6		6
NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ (361)	\$ 6	\$ 46	\$ (309)	\$ 42	\$ 41	\$ 26	\$ 20	\$ 129
Effective tax rate (operating income (loss))	35.7%	37.1%	37.0%	35.5%	19.8%	38.6%	40.2%	35.4%	33.3%
SALES:									
Individual Long-Term Care Insurance	\$ 28	\$ 24	\$ 21	\$ 73	\$ 24	\$ 37	\$ 38	\$ 35	\$ 134
Group Long-Term Care Insurance	1	2	1	4	2	3	5	5	15
Total Sales	\$ 29	\$ 26	\$ 22	\$ 77	\$ 26	\$ 40	\$ 43	\$ 40	\$ 149
RATIOS:									
Loss Ratio(1)	173.0%	73.2%	63.3%	103.8%	68.2%	63.7%	66.6%	66.2%	66.2%
Gross Benefits Ratio ⁽²⁾	224.1%	127.3%	117.5%	156.9%	120.4%	116.8%	120.3%	122.8%	120.0%

The loss ratio was calculated by dividing benefits and other changes in policy reserves less tabular interest on reserves less loss adjustment expenses by net earned premiums. The gross benefits ratio was calculated by dividing the benefits and other changes in policy reserves by net earned premiums.

Net Operating Income and Sales—U.S. Life Insurance Segment—Fixed Annuities (amounts in millions)

		20	14				2013		
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
REVENUES:									
Premiums	\$ 41	\$ 14	\$ 11	\$ 66	\$ 15	\$ 21	\$ 15	\$ 13	\$ 64
Net investment income	242	242	242	726	245	230	248	243	966
Net investment gains (losses)	(8)	(1)	2	(7)	(6)	(4)	10	(5)	(5)
Insurance and investment product fees and other	2	2	2	6	2	2	2	1	7
Total revenues	277	257	257	791	256	249	275	252	1,032
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:									
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	116	95	85	296	94	105	98	82	379
Interest credited	88	89	88	265	90	88	87	88	353
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	18	14	18	50	23	17	20	19	79
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	20	22	23	65	20	20	23	22	85
Interest expense									
Total benefits and expenses	242	220	214	676	227	230	228	211	896
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME									
TAXES	35	37	43	115	29	19	47	41	136
Provision for income taxes	12	13	16	41	10	6	17	15	48
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	23	24	27	74	19	13	30	26	88
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:									
Net investment (gains) losses, net	3	_	_	3	2	3	(5)	3	3
Expenses related to restructuring, net							1		1
NET OPERATING INCOME	\$ 26	\$ 24	\$ 27	<u>\$ 77</u>	\$ 21	\$ 16	\$ 26	\$ 29	\$ 92
Effective tax rate (operating income)	34.8%	35.5%	36.2%	35.5%	33.6%	35.4%	36.3%	35.5%	35.3%
SALES:									
Sales by Product:		_							
Single Premium Immediate Annuities	\$ 49	\$ 29	\$ 28	\$ 106	\$ 52	\$ 53	\$ 48	\$ 40	\$ 193
Single Premium Deferred Annuities	322	400	492	1,214	678	707	164	67	1,616
Total Sales	\$ 371	\$ 429	\$ 520	\$1,320	\$ 730	\$ 760	\$ 212	\$ 107	\$1,809

Selected Operating Performance Measures—U.S. Life Insurance Segment—Fixed Annuities (amounts in millions)

		20	14				2013		
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
Single Premium Deferred Annuities									
Account value, beginning of the period	\$12,233	\$12,070	\$11,807	\$11,807	\$11,341	\$10,842	\$10,881	\$11,038	\$11,038
Deposits	324	404	496	1,224	686	714	166	68	1,634
Surrenders, benefits and product charges	(344)	(320)	(312)	(976)	(300)	(293)	(281)	(302)	(1,176)
Net flows	(20)	84	184	248	386	421	(115)	(234)	458
Interest credited	79	79	79	237	80	78	76	77	311
Account value, end of the period	12,292	12,233	12,070	12,292	11,807	11,341	10,842	10,881	11,807
Single Premium Immediate Annuities									
Account value, beginning of the period	5,891	5,875	5,837	5,837	5,931	6,010	6,319	6,442	6,442
Premiums and deposits	83	59	49	191	91	80	71	65	307
Surrenders, benefits and product charges	(209)	(213)	(215)	(637)	(221)	(214)	(228)	(235)	(898)
Net flows	(126)	(154)	(166)	(446)	(130)	(134)	(157)	(170)	(591)
Interest credited	66	67	68	201	69	71	72	73	285
Effect of accumulated net unrealized investment gains (losses)	(49)	103	136	190	(33)	(16)	(224)	(26)	(299)
Account value, end of the period	5,782	5,891	5,875	5,782	5,837	5,931	6,010	6,319	5,837
Structured Settlements									
Account value, net of reinsurance, beginning of the period	1,085	1,092	1,093	1,093	1,095	1,097	1,101	1,101	1,101
Surrenders, benefits and product charges	(18)	(21)	(15)	(54)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(15)	(66)
Net flows	(18)	(21)	(15)	(54)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(15)	(66)
Interest credited	15	14	14	43	14	15	14	15	58
Account value, net of reinsurance, end of the period	1,082	1,085	1,092	1,082	1,093	1,095	1,097	1,101	1,093
Total Fixed Annuities	\$19,156	<u>\$19,209</u>	\$19,037	\$19,156	\$18,737	\$18,367	\$17,949	\$18,301	<u>\$18,737</u>

Global Mortgage Insurance Division

Net Operating Income—Global Mortgage Insurance Division (amounts in millions)

		20					2013		
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
REVENUES:									
Premiums	\$ 388	\$ 381	\$ 372	\$1,141	\$ 390	\$ 380	\$ 392	\$ 388	\$1,550
Net investment income	97	86	92	275	93	98	95	107	393
Net investment gains (losses)	(4)	12	(3)	5	9	7	13	3	32
Insurance and investment product fees and other	(7)	(3)	2	(8)	1			1	2
Total revenues	474	476	463	1,413	493	485	500	499	1,977
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:									
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	199	107	110	416	172	196	177	184	729
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	87	93	82	262	107	91	96	91	385
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	16	17	17	50	15	15	19	17	66
Interest expense	8	8	8	24	7	9	8	9	33
Total benefits and expenses	310	225	217	752	301	311	300	301	1,213
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME									
TAXES	164	251	246	661	192	174	200	198	764
Provision for income taxes	24	61	80	165	44	45	55	57	201
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	140	190	166	496	148	129	145	141	563
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	57	52	35	144	37	40	39	38	154
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO									
GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	83	138	131	352	111	89	106	103	409
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS:									
Net investment (gains) losses, net	2	(4)	1	(1)	(4)	(2)	(5)	(1)	(12)
(Gains) losses on early extinguishment of debt, net	_	2	_	2	_	_	_	_	_
Expenses related to restructuring, net							1		1
NET OPERATING INCOME(1)	\$ 85	\$ 136	\$ 132	\$ 353	\$ 107	\$ 87	\$ 102	\$ 102	\$ 398
Effective tax rate (operating income)	11.3%	23.3%	33.9%	25.4%	20.7%	25.3%	27.2%	30.0%	25.9%

⁽¹⁾ Net operating income adjusted for foreign exchange as compared to the prior year period for the Global Mortgage Insurance Division was \$86 million and \$381 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively.

Net Operating Income (Loss)—Global Mortgage Insurance Division (amounts in millions)

	1	nternational N	Iortgage Insura	nce Segment		
Three months ended September 30, 2014	Canada	Australia	Other Countries	Total International Mortgage Insurance Segment	U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment	Total
REVENUES:						
Premiums	\$ 130	\$ 105	\$ 7	\$ 242	\$ 146	\$ 388
Net investment income	39	38	1	78	19	97
Net investment gains (losses)	(4)	_	_	(4)	_	(4)
Insurance and investment product fees and other	(2)	(7)	2	(7)		(7)
Total revenues	163	136	10	309	165	474
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:						
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	28	22	8	58	141	199
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	18	25	9	52	35	87
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	10	5	_	15	1	16
Interest expense	5	3		8		8
Total benefits and expenses	61	55	17	133	177	310
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	102	81	(7)	176	(12)	164
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	24	10		34	(10)	24
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	78	71	(7)	142	(2)	140
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	34	23		57		57
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	44	48	(7)	85	(2)	83
ADJUSTMENT TO INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS:						
Net investment (gains) losses, net	2			2		2
NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 46	\$ 48	\$ (7)	\$ 87	\$ (2)	\$ 85
Effective tax rate (operating income (loss))	21.2%	14.2%	-2.2%	19.0%	80.1%	11.3%

	I	nternational M	ortgage Insura	nce Segment		
Three months ended September 30, 2013	Consta	A	Other	Total International Mortgage Insurance	U.S. Mortgage Insurance	T-4-1
REVENUES:	Canada	Australia	Countries	Segment	Segment	Total
REVENUES. Premiums	\$ 138	s 98	s 7	\$ 243	\$ 137	\$ 380
Net investment income	43	36	1	80	18	98
Net investment gains (losses)	9	(2)	_	7	_	7
Insurance and investment product fees and other	_	(1)		(1)	1	_
Total revenues	190	131	8	329	156	485
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:						
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	30	29	14	73	123	196
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	23	25	8	56	35	91
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	9	5	(1)	13	2	15
Interest expense	6	3		9		9
Total benefits and expenses	68	62	21	151	160	311
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	122	69	(13)	178	(4)	174
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	38	9	(1)	46	(1)	45
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	84	60	(12)	132	(3)	129
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	40			40		40
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S						
COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	44	60	(12)	92	(3)	89
ADJUSTMENT TO INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS:						
Net investment (gains) losses, net	(3)	1		(2)		(2)
NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 41	\$ 61	\$ (12)	\$ 90	\$ (3)	\$ 87
Effective tax rate (operating income (loss))	35.0%	13.7%	11.2%	25.0%	14.0%	25.3%

Net Operating Income (Loss)—Global Mortgage Insurance Division (amounts in millions)

	1	nternational M	ortgage Insurar	ice Segment		
Nine months ended September 30, 2014	Canada	Australia	Other Countries	Total International Mortgage Insurance Segment	U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment	Total
REVENUES:						
Premiums	\$ 388	\$ 304	\$ 22	\$ 714	\$ 427	\$1,141
Net investment income	117	108	2	227	48	275
Net investment gains (losses)	5	_	_	5	_	5
Insurance and investment product fees and other	1	(11)	1	(9)	1	(8)
Total revenues	511	401	25	937	476	1,413
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:						
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	69	63	18	150	266	416
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	67	67	26	160	102	262
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	29	16	_	45	5	50
Interest expense	16	8		24		24
Total benefits and expenses	181	154	44	379	373	752
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	330	247	(19)	558	103	661
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	87	46	(1)	132	33	165
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	243	201	(18)	426	70	496
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	110	34		144	_	144
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	133	167	(18)	282	70	352
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS:						
Net investment (gains) losses, net	(1)	_	_	(1)	_	(1)
(Gains) losses on early extinguishment of debt, net	2			2		2
NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 134	\$ 167	\$ (18)	\$ 283	\$ 70	\$ 353
Effective tax rate (operating income (loss))	26.4%	19.3%	6.4%	23.5%	32.1%	25.49

]	International M	Iortgage Insura	nce Segment		
Nine months ended September 30, 2013	Canada	Australia	Other Countries	Total International Mortgage Insurance Segment	U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment	Total
REVENUES:		,				
Premiums	\$ 423	\$ 300	\$ 25	\$ 748	\$ 412	\$1,160
Net investment income	129	121	3	253	47	300
Net investment gains (losses)	25	(2)	_	23	_	23
Insurance and investment product fees and other	(1)	(1)	1	(1)	2	1
Total revenues	576	418	29	1,023	461	1,484
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:						
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	109	113	31	253	304	557
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	64	76	29	169	109	278
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	29	17	_	46	5	51
Interest expense	17	9	_	26	_	26
Total benefits and expenses	219	215	60	494	418	912
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	357	203	(31)	529	43	572
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	105	42	(2)	145	12	157
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	252	161	(29)	384	31	415
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	117			117		117
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	135	161	(29)	267	31	298
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS:						
Net investment (gains) losses, net	(9)	1	_	(8)	_	(8)
Expenses related to restructuring, net			1	1		1
NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 126	\$ 162	\$ (28)	\$ 260	\$ 31	\$ 291
Effective tax rate (operating income (loss))	31.6%	21.1%	7.8%	27.69	% 28.5%	27.7%

International Mortgage Insurance Segment

Net Operating Income—International Mortgage Insurance Segment (amounts in millions)

	2014				2013					
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	
REVENUES:										
Premiums	\$ 242	\$ 237	\$ 235	\$ 714	\$ 248	\$ 243	\$ 251	\$ 254	\$ 996	
Net investment income	78	75	74	227	80	80	85	88	333	
Net investment gains (losses)	(4)	12	(3)	5	9	7	13	3	32	
Insurance and investment product fees and other	(7)	(4)	2	(9)	1	(1)				
Total revenues	309	320	308	937	338	329	349	345	1,361	
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:										
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	58	45	47	150	64	73	80	100	317	
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	52	59	49	160	72	56	61	52	241	
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	15	15	15	45	14	13	17	16	60	
Interest expense	8	8	8	24	7	9	8	9	33	
Total benefits and expenses	133	127	119	379	157	151	166	177	651	
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	176	193	189	558	181	178	183	168	710	
Provision for income taxes	34	42	56	132	39	46	51	48	184	
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	142	151	133	426	142	132	132	120	526	
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	57	52	35	144	37	40	39	38	154	
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON										
STOCKHOLDERS	85	99	98	282	105	92	93	82	372	
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS:										
Net investment (gains) losses, net	2	(4)	1	(1)	(4)	(2)	(5)	(1)	(12)	
(Gains) losses on early extinguishment of debt, net	_	2	_	2	_	_	_	_		
Expenses related to restructuring, net							1		1	
NET OPERATING INCOME(I)	<u>\$ 87</u>	\$ 97	\$ 99	\$ 283	\$ 101	\$ 90	\$ 89	\$ 81	\$ 361	
Effective tax rate (operating income)	19.0%	18.8%	30.7%	23.5%	18.8%	25.0%	27.8%	29.9%	25.3%	

⁽¹⁾ Net operating income adjusted for foreign exchange as compared to the prior year period for the International Mortgage Insurance segment was \$88 million and \$311 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively.

Net Operating Income and Sales—International Mortgage Insurance Segment—Canada (amounts in millions)

		201	4				2013		
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
REVENUES:									
Premiums	\$ 130	\$ 128	\$ 130	\$ 388	\$ 137	\$ 138	\$ 141	\$ 144	\$ 560
Net investment income	39	39	39	117	41	43	42	44	170
Net investment gains (losses)	(4)	12	(3)	5	6	9	12	4	31
Insurance and investment product fees and other	(2)	1	2	1			(1)		(1)
Total revenues	163	180	168	511	184	190	194	192	760
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:									
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	28	15	26	69	30	30	35	44	139
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	18	28	21	67	29	23	22	19	93
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	10	9	10	29	8	9	10	10	37
Interest expense	5	6	5	16	5	6	5	6	22
Total benefits and expenses	61	58	62	181	72	68	72	79	291
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	102	122	106	330	112	122	122	113	469
Provision for income taxes	24	32	31	87	28	38	35	32	133
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	78	90	75	243	84	84	87	81	336
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	34	41	35	110	37	40	39	38	154
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL,									
INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	44	49	40	133	47	44	48	43	182
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS:									
Net investment (gains) losses, net	2	(4)	1	(1)	(3)	(3)	(5)	(1)	(12)
(Gains) losses on early extinguishment of debt, net	_	2	_	2	_	_	_	_	_
NET OPERATING INCOME(1)	\$ 46	\$ 47	\$ 41	\$ 134	\$ 44	\$ 41	\$ 43	\$ 42	\$ 170
Effective tax rate (operating income)	21.2%		31.6%	26.4%	22.9%	35.0%	29.3%	30.2%	29.5%
SALES:									
New Insurance Written (NIW)									
Flow	\$ 6,800	\$ 5,000	\$2,900	\$14,700	\$5,000	\$6,000	\$ 4,700	\$3,300	\$19,000
Bulk	5,600	7,500	2,900	16,000	2,400	3,900	6,400	2,400	15,100
Total Canada NIW(2)	\$12,400	\$12,500	\$5,800	\$30,700	\$7,400	\$9,900	\$11,100	\$5,700	\$34,100

Net operating income for the Canadian platform adjusted for foreign exchange as compared to the prior year period was \$48 million and \$144 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively. New insurance written for the Canadian platform adjusted for foreign exchange as compared to the prior year period was \$13,000 million and \$32,700 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014,

respectively.

Net Operating Income and Sales—International Mortgage Insurance Segment—Australia (amounts in millions)

		20	14		2013				
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
REVENUES:									
Premiums	\$ 105	\$ 102	\$ 97	\$ 304	\$ 98	\$ 98	\$ 101	\$ 101	\$ 398
Net investment income	38	36	34	108	38	36	42	43	159
Net investment gains (losses)	_	_	_	_	_	(2)	1	(1)	(2)
Insurance and investment product fees and other	(7)	(4)		(11)	1	(1)			
Total revenues	136	134	131	401	137	131	144	143	555
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:									
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	22	24	17	63	21	29	36	48	134
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	25	23	19	67	34	25	27	24	110
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	5	6	5	16	5	5	6	6	22
Interest expense	3	2	3	- 8	2	3	3	3	11
Total benefits and expenses	55	55	44	154	62	62	72	81	277
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	81	79	87	247	75	69	72	62	278
Provision for income taxes	10	11	25	46	9	9	17	16	51
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	71	68	62	201	66	60	55	46	227
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	23	11		34					
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S									
COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	48	57	62	167	66	60	55	46	227
ADJUSTMENT TO INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS:									
Net investment (gains) losses, net	_	_	_	_	_	1	_	_	1
NET OPERATING INCOME(1)	\$ 48	\$ 57	\$ 62	\$ 167	\$ 66	\$ 61	\$ 55	\$ 46	\$ 228
Effective tax rate (operating income)	14.2%	10.4%	29.0%	19.3%	12.0%	13.7%	23.5%	26.7%	18.6%
SALES:									
New Insurance Written (NIW)									
Flow	\$8,100	\$7,900	\$7,800	\$23,800	\$9,000	\$8,000	\$8,700	\$7,900	\$33,600
Bulk	1,000	_	_	1,000	_	100	900	_	1,000
Total Australia NIW (2)	\$9,100	\$7,900	\$7,800	\$24,800	\$9,000	\$8,100	\$9,600	\$7,900	\$34,600

⁽¹⁾ Net operating income for the Australian platform adjusted for foreign exchange as compared to the prior year period was \$47 million and \$184 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively.

New insurance written for the Australian platform adjusted for foreign exchange as compared to the prior year period was \$9,000 million and \$26,800 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively.

Net Operating Loss and Sales—International Mortgage Insurance Segment—Other Countries (amounts in millions)

	2014				2013					
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	
REVENUES:										
Premiums	\$ 7	\$ 7	\$ 8	\$ 22	\$ 13	\$ 7	\$ 9	\$ 9	\$ 38	
Net investment income	1	_	1	2	1	1	1	1	4	
Net investment gains (losses)	_	_	_	_	3	_	_	_	3	
Insurance and investment product fees and other	2	(1)		1			1		1	
Total revenues	10	6	9	25	17	8	11	10	46	
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:										
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	8	6	4	18	13	14	9	8	44	
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	9	8	9	26	9	8	12	9	38	
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	_	_	_	_	1	(1)	1	_	1	
Interest expense										
Total benefits and expenses	17	14	13	44	23	21	22	17	83	
LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(7)	(8)	(4)	(19)	(6)	(13)	(11)	(7)	(37)	
Provision (benefit) for income taxes		(1)		(1)	2	(1)	(1)			
LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	(7)	(7)	(4)	(18)	(8)	(12)	(10)	(7)	(37)	
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interests										
LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON										
STOCKHOLDERS	(7)	(7)	(4)	(18)	(8)	(12)	(10)	(7)	(37)	
ADJUSTMENTS TO LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS:										
Net investment (gains) losses, net	_	_	_	_	(1)	_	_	_	(1)	
Expenses related to restructuring, net							1		1	
NET OPERATING LOSS (1)	\$ (7)	\$ (7)	\$ (4)	\$ (18)	\$ (9)	\$ (12)	\$ (9)	\$ (7)	\$ (37)	
Effective tax rate (operating loss)	L==_	l ——								
W	2.2%	11.3%	10.3%	6.4%	-15.3%	11.2%	5.7%	4.9%	3.1%	
SALES:										
New Insurance Written (NIW)										
Flow	\$400	\$ 500	\$ 400	\$1,300	\$ 500	\$ 500	\$400	\$400	\$1,800	
Bulk					600				600	
Total Other Countries NIW (2)	\$400	\$ 500	\$ 400	\$1,300	\$1,100	\$ 500	\$400	\$400	\$2,400	

⁽¹⁾ Net operating loss for the Other Countries platform adjusted for foreign exchange as compared to the prior year period was \$(7) million and \$(17) million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively.

⁽²⁾ New insurance written for the Other Countries platform adjusted for foreign exchange as compared to the prior year period was \$300 million and \$1,200 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively.

Selected Key Performance Measures—International Mortgage Insurance Segment (amounts in millions)

		2014				2013					
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total		
Net Premiums Written											
Canada	\$200	\$146	\$ 77	\$423	\$125	\$156	\$134	\$ 84	\$ 499		
Australia	130	125	126	381	147	123	132	117	519		
Other Countries(1)	6	1	6	13	6	6	7	5	24		
Total Net Premiums Written	\$336	\$272	\$209	\$817	\$278	\$285	\$273	\$206	\$1,042		
Loss Ratio ⁽²⁾											
Canada	21%	12%	20%	18%	22%	22%	25%	31%	25%		
Australia	21%	23%	17%	21%	21%	31%	35%	47%	34%		
Other Countries	105%	90%	55%	83%	102%	170%	110%	90%	115%		
Total Loss Ratio	24%	19%	20%	21%	25%	31%	32%	39%	32%		
GAAP Basis Expense Ratio(3)											
Canada ⁽⁴⁾	22%	29%	23%	25%	27%	23%	22%	20%	23%		
Australia	28%	28%	25%	27%	39%	30%	32%	31%	33%		
Other Countries(1)	126%	131%	107%	121%	69%	106%	129%	113%	101%		
Total GAAP Basis Expense Ratio	28%	32%	27%	29%	34%	29%	30%	27%	30%		
Adjusted Expense Ratio(5)											
Canada ⁽⁶⁾	14%	26%	39%	23%	30%	20%	23%	35%	26%		
Australia	23%	23%	20%	22%	26%	24%	25%	27%	25%		
Other Countries(1)	150%	NM(7)	142%	NM(7)	146%	136%	177%	174%	158%		
Total Adjusted Expense Ratio	20%	28%	30%	25%	31%	24%	28%	34%	29%		

The loss and expense ratios included above were calculated using whole dollars and may be different than the ratios calculated using the rounded numbers included herein.

- (1) Includes the impact of settlements and cancelled insurance contracts, primarily with lenders in Europe. Primary flow risk in-force excludes \$290 million, \$289 million, \$282 million, \$316 million, \$285 million, \$250 million and \$225 million of risk in-force in Europe ceded under quota share reinsurance agreements as of September 30, 2014, June 30, 2014, March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013, September 30, 2013, June 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013, respectively.
- The ratio of incurred losses and loss adjustment expense to net earned premiums. In determining the pricing of the mortgage insurance products, the company develops a pricing loss ratio which uses industry and company loss experience over a number of years, which incorporate both favorable and unfavorable economic environments, differing coverage levels and varying capital requirements. Actual results may vary from pricing loss ratios for a number of reasons, which include differing economic conditions and actual individual product and lender performance.
- (3) The ratio of an insurer's general expenses to net earned premiums. In the business, general expenses consist of acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals, and amortization of DAC and intangibles.
- (4) Excluding the impact of debt early redemption payment of \$6 million in the second quarter of 2014, the adjusted GAAP basis expense ratio was 24% and 23% for the three months ended June 30, 2014 and the nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively.
- (5) The ratio of an insurer's general expenses to net premiums written. In the business, general expenses consist of acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals, and amortization of DAC and intangibles.
- Excluding the impact of debt early redemption payment of \$6 million in the second quarter of 2014, the adjusted expense ratio was 21% for both the three months ended June 30, 2014 and the nine months ended September 30, 2014.
- (7) "NM" is defined as not meaningful for percentages greater than 200%.

Selected Key Performance Measures—International Mortgage Insurance Segment (amounts in millions)

		13					
	3Q	2Q	1Q	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q
Primary Insurance In-Force							
Canada ⁽¹⁾	\$310,800	\$314,500	\$291,900	\$298,000	\$300,700	\$285,200	\$284,700
Australia	271,100	288,500	281,000	267,900	275,500	266,500	299,000
Other Countries	23,900	26,000	26,200	26,300	32,500	31,300	31,400
Total Primary Insurance In-Force	\$605,800	\$629,000	\$599,100	\$592,200	\$608,700	\$583,000	\$615,100
Primary Risk In-Force(2)							
Canada							
Flow	\$ 82,600	\$ 84,500	\$ 80,100	\$ 82,300	\$ 83,400	\$ 79,700	\$ 80,900
Bulk	26,200	25,600	22,100	22,000	21,900	20,100	18,800
Total Canada	108,800	110,100	102,200	104,300	105,300	99,800	99,700
Australia							
Flow	88,100	93,800	91,100	86,700	88,800	85,700	96,100
Bulk	6,800	7,200	7,200	7,100	7,600	7,600	8,500
Total Australia	94,900	101,000	98,300	93,800	96,400	93,300	104,600
Other Countries							
Flow(3)	3,000	3,200	3,300	3,200	4,000	3,900	3,900
Bulk	300	400	400	400	300	300	300
Total Other Countries	3,300	3,600	3,700	3,600	4,300	4,200	4,200
Total Primary Risk In-Force	\$207,000	\$214,700	\$204,200	\$201,700	\$206,000	\$197,300	\$208,500

As part of an ongoing effort to improve the estimate of outstanding insurance exposure, the company surveyed its largest customers and obtained updated outstanding balances in Canada. As a result, the company estimates that the outstanding balance of insured mortgages was approximately \$152.0 billion as of June 30, 2014, \$141.0 billion as of March 31, 2014, \$152.0 billion as of December 31, 2013, \$155.0 billion as of September 30, 2013 and \$150.0 billion as of June 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013. This is based on the extrapolation of the amounts reported by lenders surveyed to the entire insured population.

The businesses in Australia and Canada currently provide 100% coverage on the majority of the loans the company insures in those markets. For the purpose of representing the risk in-force, the company has computed an "effective risk in-force" amount which recognizes that the loss on any particular loan will be reduced by the net proceeds received upon sale of the property. Effective risk in-force has been calculated by applying to insurance in-force a factor that represents the highest expected average per-claim payment for any one underwriting year over the life of the businessed a Australia and Canada. This factor was 35% for all periods presented.

(3) Includes the impact of settlements and cancelled insurance contracts, primarily with lenders in Europe. Primary flow risk in-force excludes \$290 million, \$298 million, \$282 million, \$316 million, \$285 million, \$250 million and \$225 million of risk in-force in Europe ceded under quota share reinsurance agreements as of September 30, 2014, June 30, 2014, March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013, September 30, 2013, June 30, 2013 and March 31, 2013, respectively.

$Selected\ Key\ Performance\ Measures-International\ Mortgage\ Insurance\ Segment-Canada$ (dollar amounts in millions)

Primary Insurance	September 30, 2014	June 30, 2014	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	September 30, 2013
Insured loans in-force (1)	1,646,223	1,602,928	1,549,650	1,527,554	1,501,139
Insured delinquent loans	1,708	1,703	1,860	1,830	1,778
Insured delinquency rate (2)	0.10%	0.11%	0.12%	0.12%	0.12%
Flow loans in-force (1)	1,236,206	1,213,846	1,197,083	1,187,753	1,171,486
Flow delinquent loans	1,477	1,493	1,634	1,591	1,566
Flow delinquency rate (2)	0.12%	0.12%	0.14%	0.13%	0.13%
Bulk loans in-force(1)	410,017	389,082	352,567	339,801	329,653
Bulk delinquent loans	231	210	226	239	212
Bulk delinquency rate(2)	0.06%	0.05%	0.06%	0.07%	0.06%

			Jun	e 30,	Mai	ch 31,					
Loss Metrics	September	30, 2014	20	014	2	014	Decembe	er 31, 2013	Septemb	er 30, 2013	
Beginning Reserves	\$	90	\$	97	\$	102	\$	108	\$	112	
Paid claims ⁽³⁾		(24)		(26)		(27)		(33)		(33)	
Increase in reserves		27		16		26		30		27	
Impact of changes in foreign exchange rates		(4)		3		(4)		(3)		2	
Ending Reserves	\$	89	\$	90	\$	97	\$	102	\$	108	

	September 30	, 2014	June :	30, 2014	September 30, 2013			
Province and Territory	% of Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate	% of Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate	% of Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate		
Ontario	46%	0.06%	47%	0.06%	47%	0.07%		
Alberta	17	0.09%	16	0.10%	16	0.14%		
British Columbia	14	0.15%	15	0.14%	15	0.18%		
Quebec	14	0.18%	14	0.18%	14	0.17%		
Nova Scotia	2	0.21%	2	0.23%	2	0.21%		
Saskatchewan	3	0.12%	2	0.11%	2	0.12%		
Manitoba	2	0.04%	2	0.06%	2	0.08%		
New Brunswick	1	0.22%	1	0.21%	1	0.21%		
All Other	1	0.11%	1	0.12%	1	0.12%		
Total	100%	0.10%	100%	0.11%	100%	0.12%		
By Policy Year								
2006 and prior	31%	0.03%	33%	0.03%	35%	0.05%		
2007	9	0.17%	9	0.18%	10	0.24%		
2008	7	0.21%	8	0.22%	8	0.28%		
2009	5	0.23%	5	0.22%	6	0.23%		
2010	8	0.25%	8	0.26%	9	0.24%		
2011	8	0.25%	8	0.25%	9	0.25%		
2012	11	0.16%	12	0.14%	13	0.07%		
2013	11	0.06%	11	0.05%	10	0.01%		
2014	10	0.01%	6	— %		— %		
Total	100%	0.10%	100%	0.11%	100%	0.12%		

Insured loans in-force represent the original number of loans insured for which the coverage term has not expired, and for which no policy level cancellation or termination has been received. Delinquent rates are based on insured loans in-force.

⁽²⁾ Paid claims exclude adjustments for expected recoveries related to loss reserves.

Selected Key Performance Measures—International Mortgage Insurance Segment—Canada (Canadian dollar amounts in millions)

		2014	4			2013				
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	
Paid Claims(1)										
Flow	\$ 25	\$ 28	\$ 28	\$ 81	\$ 32	\$ 32	\$ 39	\$ 51	\$154	
Bulk	<u> </u>		1	2	2	2	<u>l</u>	2	7	
Total Paid Claims	<u>\$ 26</u>	\$ 28	\$ 29	<u>\$ 83</u>	\$ 34	\$ 34	\$ 40	\$ 53	<u>\$161</u>	
Average Paid Claim (in thousands)	\$63.9	\$63.4	\$66.4		\$72.2	\$69.4	\$73.1	\$84.9		
Average Reserve Per Delinquency (in thousands)	\$58.4	\$56.4	\$57.5		\$59.0	\$62.5	\$66.1	\$61.3		
Loss Metrics										
Beginning Reserves	\$ 96	\$ 107	\$ 108		\$ 111	\$ 118	\$ 120	\$ 129		
Paid claims	(26)	(28)	(29)		(34)	(34)	(40)	(53)		
Increase in reserves	30	17	28		31	27	38	44		
Ending Reserves	\$ 100	\$ 96	\$ 107		\$ 108	\$ 111	\$ 118	\$ 120		
Loan Amount										
Over \$550K	6%	5%	5%		5%	5%	5%	5%		
\$400K to \$550K	11	11	11		10	10	10	10		
\$250K to \$400K	32	32	32		32	32	32	31		
\$100K to \$250K	46	47	47		48	48	48	49		
\$100K or Less	5	5	5		5	5	5	5		
Total	100%	100%	100%		100%	100%	100%	100%		
Average Primary Loan Size (in thousands)	\$ 212	\$ 209	\$ 208		\$ 207	\$ 206	\$ 205	\$ 203		
Average Effective Loan-To-Value Ratios By Policy Year ²⁾										
2006 and prior	38%	39%	39%		39%	36%	38%	39%		
2007	64%	64%	65%		65%	64%	66%	68%		
2008	71%	71%	71%		72%	69%	71%	72%		
2009	69%	70%	70%		70%	71%	73%	74%		
2010	76%	77%	77%		77%	77%	80%	81%		
2011	80%	81%	81%		82%	83%	86%	87%		
2012	86%	86%	87%		87%	87%	90%	91%		
2013	90%	91%	91%		92%	91%	92%	- %		
2014	93%	93%	— %		— %	— %	— %	- %		
Total Flow	57%	57%	57%		57%	55%	56%	56%		
Total Bulk	42%	41%	41%		41%	34%	31%	31%		
Total	53%	54%	54%		53%	51%	50%	50%		

All amounts presented in Canadian dollars.

⁽¹⁾ Paid claims exclude adjustments for expected recoveries related to loss reserves.

⁽²⁾ Loan amounts (including capitalized premiums) reflect interest rates at time of loan origination and estimated scheduled principal repayments since loan origination. Home price estimates based on regional home price appreciation/depreciation data from the Canadian Real Estate Association. All data used in the effective loan-to-value ratio calculation reflects conditions as of the end of the previous quarter.

Selected Key Performance Measures—International Mortgage Insurance Segment—Australia (dollar amounts in millions)

Primary Insurance	September 30, 2014	June 30, 2014	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	September 30, 2013	
Insured loans in-force	1,490,221	1,481,201	1,477,063	1,474,181	1,463,148	
Insured delinquent loans	5,300	5,405	5,070	4,980	5,454	
Insured delinquency rate	0.36%	0.36%	0.34%	0.34%	0.37%	
Flow loans in-force	1,370,136	1,362,236	1,355,635	1,350,571	1,336,901	
Flow delinquent loans	5,031	5,125	4,813	4,760	5,192	
Flow delinquency rate	0.37%	0.38%	0.36%	0.35%	0.39%	
Bulk loans in-force	120,085	118,965	121,428	123,610	126,247	
Bulk delinquent loans	269	280	257	220	262	
Bulk delinquency rate	0.22%	0.24%	0.21%	0.18%	0.21%	
Loss Metrics	September 30, 2014	June 30, 2014	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	September 30, 2013	
Beginning Reserves	\$ 171	\$ 168	\$ 172	\$ 198	\$ 200	
Paid claims	(19)	(24)	(27)	(39)	(37)	
Increase in reserves	22	24	17	20	30	
Impact of changes in foreign exchange rates	(13)	3	6	(7)	5	
Ending Reserves	\$ 161	\$ 171	\$ 168	\$ 172	\$ 198	
Ending Reserves	\$ 161	\$ 1/1	5 108	\$ 1/2	\$ 198	
	September 3	30, 2014	June 3	30, 2014	September 30.	. 2013
				Primary		
	% of Primary	Primary	% of Primary	Primary	% of Primary	Delinquency
State and Territory	Risk In-Force	Delinquency Rate	Risk In-Force	Delinquency Rate	Risk In-Force	Rate
New South Wales	29%	0.30%	29%	0.33%	30%	0.35%
Victoria	23	0.32%	23	0.34%	23	0.31%
Queensland	23	0.49%	23	0.48%	22	0.52%
Western Australia	11	0.34%	11	0.34%	11	0.32%
South Australia	6	0.43%	6	0.43%	6	0.45%
New Zealand	2	0.26%				
			2	0.34%	2	0.50%
Australian Capital Territory	3	0.13%	3	0.13%	3	0.09%
Tasmania	2	0.13% 0.31%		0.13% 0.30%	3 2	0.09% 0.32%
Tasmania Northern Territory	2 1	0.13% 0.31% 0.21%	3 2 1	0.13% 0.30% 0.20%	3 2 1	0.09% 0.32% 0.16%
Tasmania	2	0.13% 0.31%	3	0.13% 0.30%	3 2	0.09% 0.32%
Tasmania Northern Territory	2 1	0.13% 0.31% 0.21%	3 2 1 100%	0.13% 0.30% 0.20%	3 2 1	0.09% 0.32% 0.16% 0.37%
Tasmania Northern Territory Total By Policy Year 2006 and prior	2 1	0.13% 0.31% 0.21%	3 2 1 100%	0.13% 0.30% 0.20%	3 2 1	0.09% 0.32% 0.16% 0.37%
Tasmania Northern Territory Total By Policy Year	2 1 100% 32% 8	0.13% 0.31% 0.21% 0.36%	3 2 1 100%	0.13% 0.30% 0.20% 0.36%	3 2 1 100%	0.09% 0.32% 0.16% 0.37% 0.24% 0.76%
Tasmania Northern Territory Total By Policy Year 2006 and prior 2007	2 1 100%	0.13% 0.31% 0.21% 0.36%	3 2 1 100%	0.13% 0.30% 0.20% 0.36%	3 2 1 100%	0.09% 0.32% 0.16% 0.37% 0.24% 0.76% 0.93%
Tasmania Northern Territory Total By Policy Year 2006 and prior 2007 2008 2008	2 1 100% 32% 8 8 9	0.13% 0.31% 0.21% 0.36% 0.22% 0.68% 0.93% 0.70%	3 2 1 100% 33% 8 8 8	0.13% 0.30% 0.20% 0.36% 0.23% 0.72% 0.95% 0.66%	3 2 1 100% 36% 9 9	0.09% 0.32% 0.16% 0.37% 0.24% 0.76% 0.93% 0.67%
Tasmania Northern Territory Total By Policy Year 2006 and prior 2007 2008 2009 2010	2 1 100% 32% 8 8 9	0.13% 0.31% 0.21% 0.36% 0.22% 0.68% 0.93% 0.70% 0.38%	3 2 1 100% 33% 8 8 9 7	0.13% 0.30% 0.20% 0.36% 0.23% 0.72% 0.95% 0.66% 0.40%	3 2 1 100% 36% 9 9 9 11	0.09% 0.32% 0.16% 0.37% 0.24% 0.76% 0.93% 0.67% 0.35%
Tasmania Northern Territory Total By Policy Year 2006 and prior 2008 2009 2010 2011	2 1 100% 32% 8 8 8 9 7	0.13% 0.31% 0.21% 0.36% 0.22% 0.68% 0.93% 0.70% 0.38% 0.41%	3 2 1 100% 33% 8 8 9 7	0.13% 0.30% 0.20% 0.36% 0.23% 0.72% 0.95% 0.66% 0.40%	3 2 1 100% 36% 9 9 9 11 8 8	0.09% 0.32% 0.16% 0.37% 0.24% 0.76% 0.93% 0.67% 0.35% 0.29%
Tasmania Northern Territory Total By Policy Year 2006 and prior 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012	2 1 100% 32% 8 8 9 7 7	0.13% 0.31% 0.21% 0.36% 0.22% 0.68% 0.93% 0.70% 0.38% 0.41% 0.33%	3 2 1 100% 33% 8 8 9 7 8 8 10	0.13% 0.30% 0.20% 0.36% 0.23% 0.72% 0.95% 0.66% 0.40% 0.39% 0.29%	3 2 1 100% 36% 9 9 11 8 8	0.09% 0.32% 0.16% 0.37% 0.24% 0.76% 0.93% 0.67% 0.35% 0.29% 0.16%
Tasmania Northern Territory Total Policy Year 2006 and prior 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013	2 1 100% 32% 8 8 9 7 7 7 10	0.13% 0.31% 0.21% 0.36% 0.22% 0.68% 0.93% 0.70% 0.38% 0.41% 0.33% 0.15%	3 2 1 100% 33% 8 8 9 7 8 10	0.13% 0.30% 0.20% 0.36% 0.23% 0.72% 0.95% 0.66% 0.40% 0.39% 0.29% 0.10%	3 2 1 100% 36% 9 9 11 8 8 11	0.09% 0.32% 0.16% 0.37% 0.24% 0.76% 0.93% 0.67% 0.35% 0.16% 0.11%
Tasmania Northern Territory Total By Policy Year 2006 and prior 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012	2 1 100% 32% 8 8 9 7 7	0.13% 0.31% 0.21% 0.36% 0.22% 0.68% 0.93% 0.70% 0.38% 0.41% 0.33%	3 2 1 100% 33% 8 8 9 7 8 8 10	0.13% 0.30% 0.20% 0.36% 0.23% 0.72% 0.95% 0.66% 0.40% 0.39% 0.29%	3 2 1 100% 36% 9 9 11 8 8	0.09% 0.32% 0.16% 0.37% 0.24% 0.76% 0.93% 0.67% 0.35% 0.29% 0.16%

Selected Key Performance Measures—International Mortgage Insurance Segment—Australia (Australian dollar amounts in millions)

		20	14		2013					
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	
Paid Claims										
Flow	\$ 20	\$ 25	\$ 30	\$ 75	\$ 41	\$ 39	\$ 44	\$ 59	\$ 183	
Bulk	1			1		2			2	
Total Paid Claims	\$ 21	\$ 25	\$ 30	\$ 76	\$ 41	\$ 41	\$ 44	\$ 59	\$ 185	
Average Paid Claim (in thousands)	\$58.6	\$60.5	\$65.1		\$71.5	\$79.9	\$80.3	\$81.4		
Average Reserve Per Delinquency (in thousands)	\$34.8	\$33.6	\$35.7		\$38.6	\$38.8	\$37.7	\$38.9		
Loss Metrics										
Beginning Reserves	\$ 181	\$ 181	\$ 192		\$ 212	\$ 220	\$ 228	\$ 241		
Paid claims	(21)	(25)	(30)		(41)	(41)	(44)	(59)		
Increase in reserves	24	25	19		21	33	36	46		
Ending Reserves	\$ 184	\$ 181	\$ 181		\$ 192	\$ 212	\$ 220	\$ 228		
Loan Amount										
Over \$550K	13%	12%	12%		12%	12%	12%	12%		
\$400K to \$550K	18	18	18		17	17	17	16		
\$250K to \$400K	37	37	37		37	37	37	37		
\$100K to \$250K	26	27	27		28	28	28	29		
\$100K or Less	6	6	6		6	6	6	6		
Total	<u>100</u> %	<u>100</u> %	100%		100%	100%	100%	100%		
Average Primary Loan Size (in thousands)	\$ 208	\$ 207	\$ 205		\$ 203	\$ 202	\$ 200	\$ 198		
Average Effective Loan-To-Value Ratios By Policy Year 1).(2)	<u>-</u>									
2006 and prior	38%	38%	40%		41%	43%	47%	48%		
2007	60%	61%	63%		64%	66%	67%	68%		
2008	67%	68%	70%		72%	74%	74%	76%		
2009	69%	70%	73%		75%	77%	77%	79%		
2010	74%	76%	78%		80%	83%	83%	85%		
2011	76%	77%	80%		82%	85%	85%	87%		
2012	77%	78%	80%		82%	85%	85%	86%		
2013	81%	82%	84%		85%	87%	87%	— %		
2014	87%	87%	— %		— %	— %	— %	— %		
Total Flow	61%	61%	62%		64%	65%	68%	69%		
Total Bulk	28%	29%	30%		31%	32%	37%	38%		
Total	58%	58%	59%		60%	61%	65%	66%		

All amounts presented in Australian dollars.

⁽¹⁾ Loan amounts (including capitalized premiums) reflect interest rates at time of loan origination and estimated scheduled principal repayments since loan origination. Home price estimates based on regional home price appreciation/depreciation data from RP Data. All data used in the effective loan-to-value ratio calculation reflects conditions as of the end of the previous quarter. Effective loan-to-value ratios exclude New Zealand and inward reinsurance policies.

⁽²⁾ Beginning in the third quarter of 2013, data from RP Data extended back to 1999. Previously, the data extended back to 2002. Previous periods were not re-presented for this change.

Selected Key Performance Measures—International Mortgage Insurance Segment (amounts in millions)

Risk In-Force by Loan-To-Value Ratio (1)	Sep	tember 30, 20	14	June 30, 2014			
<u> </u>	Primary	Flow	Bulk	Primary	Flow	Bulk	
Canada							
95.01% and above	\$ 38,286	\$38,286	\$ —	\$ 38,802	\$38,802	\$ —	
90.01% to 95.00%	25,343	25,341	2	26,086	26,084	2	
80.01% to 90.00%	19,866	15,892	3,974	20,188	16,450	3,738	
80.00% and below	25,297	3,094	22,203	25,013	3,188	21,825	
Total Canada	\$108,792	\$82,613	\$26,179	\$110,089	\$84,524	\$25,565	
Australia							
95.01% and above	\$ 18,199	\$18,199	\$ —	\$ 19,438	\$19,437	\$ 1	
90.01% to 95.00%	23,213	23,206	7	24,467	24,459	8	
80.01% to 90.00%	24,707	24,625	82	26,248	26,157	91	
80.00% and below	28,761	22,037	6,724	30,816	23,756	7,060	
Total Australia	<u>\$ 94,880</u>	\$88,067	\$ 6,813	\$100,969	\$93,809	\$ 7,160	
Other Countries ⁽²⁾							
95.01% and above	\$ 566	\$ 566	\$ —	\$ 618	\$ 618	\$ —	
90.01% to 95.00%	1,623	1,565	58	1,757	1,695	62	
80.01% to 90.00%	946	694	252	1,028	757	271	
80.00% and below	203	166	37	222	181	41	
Total Other Countries	\$ 3,338	\$ 2,991	\$ 347	\$ 3,625	\$ 3,251	\$ 374	

Amounts may not total due to rounding.

Loan amount in loan-to-value ratio calculation includes capitalized premiums, where applicable.

Other Countries flow and primary risk in-force exclude \$290 million and \$298 million, respectively, of risk in-force in Europe ceded under quota share reinsurance agreements as of September 30, 2014 and June 30, 2014.

U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment

Net Operating Income (Loss) and Sales—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment (amounts in millions)

		20	14				2013		
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
REVENUES:									
Premiums	\$ 146	\$ 144	\$ 137	\$ 427	\$ 142	\$ 137	\$ 141	\$ 134	\$ 554
Net investment income	19	11	18	48	13	18	10	19	60
Net investment gains (losses)	_								
Insurance and investment product fees and other		1		1		1		1	2
Total revenues	165	156	155	476	155	156	151	154	616
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:									
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	141	62	63	266	108	123	97	84	412
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	35	34	33	102	35	35	35	39	144
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	1	2	2	5	1	2	2	1	6
Total benefits and expenses	177	98	98	373	144	160	134	124	562
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS									
BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(12)	58	57	103	11	(4)	17	30	54
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(10)	19	24	33	5	(1)	4	9	17
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	(2)	39	33	70	6	(3)	13	21	37
ADJUSTMENT TO INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING									
OPERATIONS:									
Net investment (gains) losses, net									
NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ (2)	\$ 39	\$ 33	\$ 70	\$ 6	\$ (3)	\$ 13	\$ 21	\$ 37
Effective tax rate (operating income (loss))	80.1%	32.4%	42.0%	32.1%	45.0%	14.0%	22.9%	30.1%	31.6%
SALES:									
New Insurance Written (NIW)									
Flow	\$7,500	\$6,100	\$3,900	\$17,500	\$4,900	\$6,400	\$6,300	\$4,700	\$22,300
Bulk									
Total U.S. Mortgage Insurance NIW	<u>\$7,500</u>	\$6,100	\$3,900	\$17,500	\$4,900	\$6,400	\$6,300	\$4,700	\$22,300

Flow New Insurance Written Metrics—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment (amounts in millions)

		2014					2013								
		3Q		2Q		1Q		4Q		3Q		2Q		1Q	
	Flow	Premium													
	NIW	Rate (bps)													
<u>Product</u>															
Monthly(1)	\$6,100	59	\$5,300	59	\$3,400	58	\$4,300	62	\$5,800	60	\$5,600	58	\$4,300	56	
Single	1,400	194	800	197	500	200	600	207	600	210	700	205	400	201	
Total Flow	\$7,500		\$6,100		\$3,900		\$4,900		\$6,400		\$6,300		\$4,700		
	Flow NIW	% of Flow NIW													
FICO Scores				·				·							
Over 735	\$4,400	59%	\$3,600	59%	\$2,400	61%	\$3,100	63%	\$4,400	69%	\$4,500	72%	\$3,400	72%	
680 - 735	2,400	32	2,000	33	1,200	31	1,500	31	1,900	29	1,600	25	1,200	26	
660 - 679(2)	400	5	300	5	200	5	200	4	100	2	200	3	100	2	
620 - 659	300	4	200	3	100	3	100	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	
<620															
Total Flow	\$7,500	100%	\$6,100	100%	\$3,900	100%	\$4,900	100%	\$6,400	100%	\$6,300	100%	\$4,700	100%	
Loan-To-Value Ratio															
95.01% and above	\$ 200	3%	\$ 100	2%	\$ 100	3%	\$ 200	4%	\$ 200	3%	\$ 200	3%	\$ 100	2%	
90.01% to 95.00%	3,900	52	3,300	54	1,900	49	2,300	47	3,000	47	2,700	43	1,900	41	
85.01% to 90.00%	2,400	32	1,900	31	1,300	33	1,600	33	2,200	34	2,300	37	1,700	36	
85.00% and below	1,000	13	800	13	600	15	800	16	1,000	16	1,100	17	1,000	21	
Total Flow	\$7,500	100%	\$6,100	100%	\$3,900	100%	\$4,900	100%	\$6,400	100%	\$6,300	100%	\$4,700	100%	
Origination				· <u></u> -			· <u>-</u>	<u> </u>							
Purchase	\$6,400	85%	\$5,100	84%	\$3,000	77%	\$3,800	78%	\$4,600	72%	\$3,800	60%	\$2,200	47%	
Refinance	1,100	15	1,000	16	900	23	1,100	22	1,800	28	2,500	40	2,500	53	
Total Flow	\$7,500	100%	\$6,100	100%	\$3,900	100%	\$4,900	100%	\$6,400	100%	\$6,300	100%	\$4,700	100%	

⁽¹⁾

Includes loans with annual and split payment types. Loans with unknown FICO scores are included in the 660-679 category. (2)

Other Metrics—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment (dollar amounts in millions)

		201	4		2013						
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total		
Net Premiums Written	\$ 162	\$ 151	\$ 144	\$ 457	\$ 148	\$ 140	\$ 144	\$ 135	\$ 567		
New Risk Written											
Flow	\$ 1,878	\$ 1,521	\$ 960	\$4,359	\$ 1,196	\$ 1,577	\$ 1,478	\$ 1,091	\$5,342		
Bulk											
Total Primary	1,878	1,521	960	4,359	1,196	1,577	1,478	1,091	5,342		
Pool											
Total New Risk Written	\$ 1,878	\$ 1,521	\$ 960	\$4,359	\$ 1,196	\$ 1,577	\$ 1,478	\$ 1,091	\$5,342		
Primary Insurance In-Force	\$112,400	\$110,500	\$109,100		\$109,300	\$109,000	\$108,800	\$109,300			
Risk In-Force											
Flow	\$ 27,507	\$ 26,880	\$ 26,405		\$ 26,327	\$ 26,194	\$ 25,957	\$ 25,626			
Bulk ⁽¹⁾	419	434	442		448	456	463	485			
Total Primary	27,926	27,314	26,847		26,775	26,650	26,420	26,111			
Pool	159	163	171		177	187	196	205			
Total Risk In-Force	\$ 28,085	\$ 27,477	\$ 27,018		\$ 26,952	\$ 26,837	\$ 26,616	\$ 26,316			
Primary Risk In-Force Subject To Captives	7%	7%	8%		9%	10%	11%	12%			
Primary Risk In-Force That Is GSE Conforming	97%	97%	97%		97%	97%	97%	97%			
GAAP Basis Expense Ratio (2)	25%	25%	25%	25%	26%	26%	26%	30%	27%		
Adjusted Expense Ratio (3)	23%	23%	24%	23%	25%	26%	25%	30%	27%		
Flow Persistency	80%	83%	85%		83%	79%	81%	80%			
Gross Written Premiums Ceded To Captives/Total Direct Written Premiums	2%	3%	3%		3%	4%	4%	4%			
Risk To Capital Ratio (4)	15:4:1	14.6:1	18.7:1		19.5:1	22.4:1	22.4:1	24.2:1			
Average Primary Loan Size (in thousands)	\$ 180	\$ 178	\$ 176		\$ 175	\$ 174	\$ 172	\$ 168			
Estimated Savings For Loss Mitigation Activities (5)	\$ 67	\$ 102	\$ 114	\$ 283	\$ 124	\$ 136	\$ 144	\$ 159	\$ 563		

The expense ratios included above were calculated using whole dollars and may be different than the ratios calculated using the rounded numbers included herein.

- (1) As of September 30, 2014, 84% of our bulk risk in-force was related to loans financed by lenders who participated in the mortgage programs sponsored by the Federal Home Loan Banks.
- (2) The ratio of an insurer's general expenses to net earned premiums. In the business, general expenses consist of acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals, and amortization of DAC and intangibles.
- The ratio of an insurer's general expenses to net written premiums. In the business, general expenses consist of acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals, and amortization of DAC and intangibles.
 Certain states limit a private mortgage insurer's risk in-force to 25 times the total of the insurer's policyholders' surplus plus the statutory contingency reserve, commonly known as the "risk to capital" requirement. The current period risk to capital ratio is an estimate due to the timing of the filing of statutory statements and is prepared consistent with the presentation of the statutory financial statements in the combined annual statement of the U.S. mortgage insurance business.
- (5) Loss mitigation activities are defined as rescissions, cancellations, borrower loan modifications, repayment plans, lender- and borrower-titled pre-sales, claims administration and other loan workouts. Estimated savings related to rescissions are the reduction in carried loss reserves, net of premium refunds and reinstatement of prior rescissions. Estimated savings related to loan modifications and other cure related loss mitigation actions represent the reduction in carried loss reserves. Estimated savings related to claims mitigation activities represent amounts deducted or "curtailed" from claims due to acts or omissions by the servicing of an insured loan that is not in compliance with obligations under our master policy. For non-cure related actions, including pre-sales, the estimated savings represent the difference between the full claim obligation and the actual amount paid. Loans subject to our loss mitigation actions, the results of which have been included in our reported estimated loss mitigations savings, are subject to re-default and may result in a potential claim in future periods as well as potential future loss mitigation savings depending on the resolution of the re-defaulted loan.

Loss Metrics—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment (dollar amounts in millions)

	2014				2013				
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
Paid Claims									
Flow									
Direct	\$ 148	\$ 148	\$ 178	\$ 474	\$ 198	\$ 216	\$ 197	\$ 253	\$ 864
Assumed ⁽¹⁾	4	6	6	16	8	9	12	13	42
Ceded	(3)	(4)	(15)	(22)	(8)	(9)	(11)	(17)	(45)
Loss adjustment expenses	4	4	5	13	6	6	6	6	24
Total Flow	153	154	174	481	204	222	204	255	885
Bulk	2	2	2	6	2	3	6	3	14
Total Primary	155	156	176	487	206	225	210	258	899
Pool	1	1	1	3	1	1	2	1	5
Total Paid Claims	\$ 156	\$ 157	\$ 177	\$ 490	\$ 207	\$ 226	\$ 212	\$ 259	\$ 904
Average Paid Claim (in thousands)	\$ 47.6	\$ 47.2	\$ 43.6		\$ 45.3	\$ 45.3	\$ 45.0	\$ 44.2	
Average Direct Paid Claim (in thousands) (2)	\$ 46.0	\$ 45.6	\$ 44.5		\$ 43.5	\$ 43.5	\$ 42.3	\$ 43.5	
Average Reserve Per Delinquency (in thousands)									
Flow	\$ 30.7	\$ 30.0	\$ 30.3		\$ 29.4	\$ 29.6	\$ 30.0	\$ 29.8	
Bulk loans with established reserve	20.5	22.5	19.2		19.7	20.0	20.8	21.9	
Bulk loans with no reserve (3)	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	
Reserves:									
Flow direct case	\$1,122	\$1,083	\$1,172		\$1,277	\$1,377	\$1,471	\$1,566	
Bulk direct case	22	24	25		27	28	29	33	
Assumed ⁽¹⁾	21	24	29		35	39	51	57	
All other ⁽⁴⁾	74	125	129		143	143	145	164	
Total Reserves	\$1,239	\$1,256	\$1,355		\$1,482	\$1,587	\$1,696	\$1,820	
Beginning Reserves	\$1,256	\$1,355	\$1,482	\$1,482	\$1,587	\$1,696	\$1,820	\$2,009	\$2,009
Paid claims	(158)	(162)	(192)	(512)	(215)	(235)	(223)	(276)	(949)
Increase in reserves	141	63	65	269	110	126	99	87	422
Ending Reserves	\$1,239	\$1,256	\$1,355	\$1,239	\$1,482	\$1,587	\$1,696	\$1,820	\$1,482
Beginning Reinsurance Recoverable(5)	s 27	\$ 31	\$ 44	\$ 44	\$ 50	\$ 56	\$ 66	\$ 80	\$ 80
Ceded paid claims	(2)	(5)	(15)	(22)	(8)	(9)	(11)	(17)	(45)
Increase in recoverable		1	2	3	2	3	1	3	9
Ending Reinsurance Recoverable	\$ 25	\$ 27	\$ 31	\$ 25	\$ 44	\$ 50	\$ 56	\$ 66	\$ 44
· ·									
Loss Ratio(6)	97%	43%	46%	62%	76%	90%	70%	62%	74%

The loss ratio included above was calculated using whole dollars and may be different than the ratio calculated using the rounded numbers included herein.

- Assumed is comprised of reinsurance arrangements with state governmental housing finance agencies.

 Average direct paid claim excludes loss adjustment expenses, the impact of reinsurance and a negotiated servicer settlement.

 Reserves were not established on loans where the company was in a secondary loss position due to an existing deductible and the company believes currently have no risk for claim. (3)
- (4)
- (5)
- Other includes loss adjustment expenses, pool and incurred but not reported reserves.

 Reinsurance recoverable excludes ceded unearned premium recoveries and amounts for which cash proceeds have not yet been received.

 The ratio of incurred losses to net earned premiums. Lender settlements of \$53 million in the third quarter of 2014 increased the loss ratio by 37 percentage points and 12 percentage points for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively.

Delinquency Metrics—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment (dollar amounts in millions)

	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
Number of Primary Delinquencies									
Flow	39,485	40,897	43,733		49,255	52,509	55,413	59,789	
Bulk loans with an established reserve	1,147	1,147	1,434		1,491	1,509	1,526	1,603	
Bulk loans with no reserve (1)	515	561	694		713	726	1,260	1,412	
Total Number of Primary Delinquencies	41,147	42,605	45,861		51,459	54,744	58,199	62,804	
Beginning Number of Primary Delinquencies	42,605	45,861	51,459	51,459	54,744	58,199	62,804	69,239	69,239
New delinquencies	11,574	10,568	12,100	34,242	13,205	14,105	13,192	15,060	55,562
Delinquency cures	(9,790)	(10,545)	(13,678)	(34,013)	(11,974)	(12,603)	(13,127)	(15,677)	(53,381)
Paid claims	(3,242)	(3,279)	(4,020)	(10,541)	(4,516)	(4,957)	(4,670)	(5,818)	(19,961)
Ending Number of Primary Delinquencies	41,147	42,605	45,861	41,147	51,459	54,744	58,199	62,804	51,459
Composition of Cures									
Reported delinquent and cured-intraquarter	2,093	1,993	3,141		2,107	2,488	2,447	3,519	
Number of missed payments delinquent prior to cure:									
3 payments or less	5,202	5,335	7,252		6,253	6,291	6,748	8,125	
4 - 11 payments	1,772	2,253	2,391		2,385	2,387	2,737	2,856	
12 payments or more	723	964	894		1,229	1,437	1,195	1,177	
Total	9,790	10,545	13,678		11,974	12,603	13,127	15,677	
Primary Delinquencies by Missed Payment Status									
3 payments or less	11,478	11,228	11,351		13,992	14,078	13,871	14,674	
4 - 11 payments	9,610	9,913	11,463		12,410	13,134	14,503	16,804	
12 payments or more	20,059	21,464	23,047		25,057	27,532	29,825	31,326	
Primary Delinquencies	41,147	42,605	45,861		51,459	54,744	58,199	62,804	
		Santam	ber 30, 2014	_					
Flow Delinquencies and Percentage	-	Direct Case	20, 20, 2017	Reserves as % of					
Reserved by Payment Status	Delinquencies	Reserves(2)	Risk In-Force	Risk In-Force					
3 payments or less in default	10,996	\$ 77	\$ 434	18%					
4 - 11 payments in default	9,316	241	383	63%					
12 payments or more in default	19,173	804	951	85%					
Total	39,485	\$ 1,122	\$ 1,768	63%					
Total	39,483	3 1,122	3 1,708	0376					
		Decem	ber 31, 2013	<u> </u>					
				Reserves as %					
Flow Delinquencies and Percentage	D. II.	Direct Case	D: 1 T E	of					

Delinquencies

13,436

11,854 23,965

49,255

Reserved by Payment Status

3 payments or less in default

4 - 11 payments in default 12 payments or more in default

Total

 $\boldsymbol{Reserves}(2)$

121

305

851

1,277

\$ 523

486

1,178

2,187

Risk In-Force

63% 72%

58%

Reserves were not established on loans where the company was in a secondary loss position due to an existing deductible and the company believes currently have no risk for claim.

⁽²⁾ Direct flow case reserves exclude loss adjustment expenses, incurred but not reported and reinsurance reserves.

Portfolio Quality Metrics—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment

		2014	2014 2013				
	3Q	2Q	1Q	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q
Risk In-Force by Credit Quality (1)							
Primary by FICO Scores >679	81%	81%	80%	79%	79%	78%	76%
Primary by FICO Scores 620-679	15%	15%	16%	17%	17%	18%	19%
Primary by FICO Scores 575-619	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	4%
Primary by FICO Scores <575	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
Flow by FICO Scores >679	81%	81%	80%	79%	79%	77%	76%
Flow by FICO Scores 620-679	15%	15%	16%	17%	17%	19%	19%
Flow by FICO Scores 575-619	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	4%
Flow by FICO Scores <575	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
Bulk by FICO Scores >679	89%	89%	89%	89%	89%	89%	89%
Bulk by FICO Scores 620-679	9%	9%	9%	9%	9%	9%	9%
Bulk by FICO Scores 575-619	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
Bulk by FICO Scores <575	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
Primary A minus	2%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	4%
Primary sub-prime ⁽²⁾	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	3%	3%
Primary Loans							
Primary loans in-force	624,850	620,415	618,442	624,236	627,536	633,685	649,570
Primary delinquent loans	41,147	42,605	45,861	51,459	54,744	58,199	62,804
Primary delinquency rate	6.59%	6.87%	7.42%	8.24%	8.72%	9.18%	9.67%
Flow loans in-force	591,823	585,719	582,553	586,546	589,703	590,949	590,051
Flow delinquent loans	39,485	40,897	43,733	49,255	52,509	55,413	59,789
Flow delinquency rate	6.67%	6.98%	7.51%	8.40%	8.90%	9.38%	10.13%
Bulk loans in-force	33,027	34,696	35,889	37,690	37,833	42,736	59,519
Bulk delinquent loans	1,662	1,708	2,128	2,204	2,235	2,786	3,015
Bulk delinquency rate	5.03%	4.92%	5.93%	5.85%	5.91%	6.52%	5.07%
A minus and sub-prime loans in-force	34,825	36,219	37,714	39,307	41,081	42,993	44,873
A minus and sub-prime delinquent loans	8,017	8,238	8,789	10,023	10,548	10,803	11,484
A minus and sub-prime delinquency rate	23.02%	22.74%	23.30%	25.50%	25.68%	25.13%	25.59%
Pool Loans							
Pool loans in-force	10,125	10,336	10,710	11,354	11,657	12,063	12,558
Pool delinquent loans	549	546	575	628	670	634	674
Pool delinquency rate	5.42%	5.28%	5.37%	5.53%	5.75%	5.26%	5.37%

Loans with unknown FICO scores are included in the 620-679 category. Excludes loans classified as A minus. (1)

⁽²⁾

Portfolio Quality Metrics—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment

		September 30, 2014			June 30, 2014		September 30, 2013				
	% of Total Reserves(1)	% of Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate	% of Total Reserves(1)	% of Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate	% of Total Reserves(1)	% of Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate		
By Region	<u></u>		·						·		
Southeast(2)	29%	20%	8.46%	30%	20%	9.01%	33%	20%	11.87%		
South Central(3)	8	16	4.63%	7	16	4.73%	8	16	6.03%		
Northeast(4)	26	15	11.03%	25	15	11.17%	19	15	12.52%		
Pacific(5)	10	12	4.87%	10	12	5.28%	11	12	7.11%		
North Central ⁽⁶⁾	9	12	5.64%	10	11	5.89%	11	11	8.00%		
Great Lakes(7)	6	10	4.64%	6	10	4.90%	6	10	6.46%		
New England(8)	5	6	6.47%	5	6	6.69%	4	6	8.19%		
Mid-Atlantic(9)	5	5	6.50%	5	5	6.79%	5	5	8.47%		
Plains(10)	2	4	4.44%	2	5	4.50%	3	5	5.70%		
Total	100%	100%	6.59%	100%	100%	6.87%	100%	100%	8.72%		
By State											
California	4%	7%	3.29%	4%	7%	3.42%	4%	7%	4.72%		
Texas	3%	7%	4.57%	3%	7%	4.66%	3%	7%	5.68%		
New York	12%	6%	11.14%	11%	6%	11.11%	8%	7%	11.81%		
Florida	20%	6%	14.03%	21%	6%	15.71%	22%	6%	21.13%		
Illinois	6%	5%	7.20%	6%	5%	7.82%	7%	5%	10.81%		
New Jersey	10%	4%	15.12%	10%	4%	15.45%	8%	4%	17.66%		
Pennsylvania	4%	4%	8.02%	4%	4%	8.25%	3%	4%	9.91%		
Georgia	3%	4%	6.67%	3%	4%	6.76%	3%	4%	9.24%		
Ohio	2%	4%	5.20%	2%	4%	5.44%	2%	4%	7.09%		
North Carolina	2%	4%	5.97%	2%	4%	6.04%	3%	4%	8.06%		

- (1) Total reserves were \$1,239 million, \$1,256 million and \$1,587 million as of September 30, 2014, June 30, 2014, and September 30, 2013, respectively.
- Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina and Tennessee. Arizona, Colorado, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas and Utah. (2)
- (3)
- (4) New Jersey, New York and Pennsylvania.
- (5) Alaska, California, Hawaii, Nevada, Oregon and Washington.
- (6) Illinois, Minnesota, Missouri and Wisconsin.
- (7) Indiana, Kentucky, Michigan and Ohio.
- (8) Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island and Vermont.
- (9) Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, Washington D.C. and West Virginia.
- (10) Idaho, Iowa, Kansas, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota and Wyoming.

Portfolio Quality Metrics—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment (amounts in millions)

	Septer	iber 30, 2014	June 3	0, 2014	Septembe	r 30, 2013
	Primary Ris In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate	Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate	Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate
Lender concentration (by original applicant)	\$ 27,92	6.59%	\$ 27,314	6.87%	\$ 26,650	8.72%
Top 10 lenders	12,33		12,393	7.96%	12,736	9.87%
Top 20 lenders	14,30	7.63%	14,328	7.88%	14,524	9.84%
Loan-to-value ratio						
95.01% and above	\$ 6,91	9.02%	\$ 7,107	8.91%	\$ 7,444	10.75%
90.01% to 95.00%	11,41	5.36%	10,738	5.86%	9,747	8.00%
80.01% to 90.00%	9,23	6.40%	9,081	6.73%	9,052	8.53%
80.00% and below	37	2 3.51%	388	3.45%	407	3.66%
Total	\$ 27,92	6.59%	\$ 27,314	6.87%	\$ 26,650	8.72%
Loan grade						
Prime	\$ 26,62	5.62%	\$ 25,965	5.88%	\$ 25,135	7.54%
A minus and sub-prime	1,29	23.02%	1,349	22.74%	1,515	25.68%
Total	\$ 27,92	6.59%	\$ 27,314	6.87%	\$ 26,650	8.72%
Loan type(1)			====			
First mortgages						
Fixed rate mortgage						
Flow	\$ 27,22	6.49%	\$ 26,581	6.79%	\$ 25,843	8.68%
Bulk	40	4.80%	419	4.72%	440	5.64%
Adjustable rate mortgage						
Flow	27		299	27.80%	351	28.82%
Bulk	1		15	11.09%	16	14.24%
Second mortgages		- %		— %		— %
Total	\$ 27,92	6.59%	\$ 27,314	6.87%	\$ 26,650	8.72%
Type of documentation		='				
Alt-A						
Flow	\$ 41		\$ 432	29.50%	\$ 501	31.50%
Bulk	3	12.17%	29	11.53%	30	12.61%
Standard(2)						
Flow	27,09		26,448	6.65%	25,693	8.51%
Bulk	38	9 4.64%	405	4.51%	426	5.48%
Total	\$ 27,92	6.59%	\$ 27,314	6.87%	\$ 26,650	8.72%
Mortgage term		•				
15 years and under	\$ 1,09	0.82%	\$ 1,115	0.80%	\$ 1,077	0.91%
More than 15 years	26,82	7.00%	26,199	7.31%	25,573	9.30%
Total	\$ 27,92	6.59%	\$ 27,314	6.87%	\$ 26,650	8.72%
* ****	27,52	0.55770	27,511	0.0770	20,050	0.7270

For loan type in this table, any loan with an interest rate that is fixed for an initial term of five years or more is categorized as a fixed rate mortgage.

Standard also includes loans with reduced or different documentation requirements that meet specifications of GSE approved underwriting systems with historical and expected delinquency rates consistent with our standard

Portfolio Quality Metrics—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment (dollar amounts in millions)

	September 30, 2014											
Policy Year	Average Rate ⁽¹⁾	% of Total Reserves ⁽²⁾	Insu	Primary rance In-Force	% of Total		rimary K In-Force	% of Total	Deliquency Rate			
2003 and prior	6.33%	7.4%	\$	3,510	3.1%	\$	792	2.8%	16.27%			
2004	5.74%	5.1		2,426	2.2		577	2.1	12.71%			
2005	5.69%	12.3		4,859	4.3		1,294	4.6	14.42%			
2006	5.94%	17.6		7,516	6.7		1,909	6.8	14.02%			
2007	5.87%	37.5		17,908	15.9		4,490	16.1	13.36%			
2008	5.39%	17.7		15,805	14.1		3,991	14.3	7.40%			
2009	4.98%	0.7		2,768	2.5		627	2.3	1.85%			
2010	4.69%	0.6		3,624	3.2		855	3.1	1.31%			
2011	4.50%	0.5		4,892	4.4		1,216	4.4	1.00%			
2012	3.78%	0.3		12,042	10.7		2,997	10.7	0.36%			
2013	3.96%	0.3		19,955	17.7		4,894	17.5	0.23%			
2014	4.43%			17,145	15.2		4,284	15.3	0.06%			
Total	5.02%	100.0%	\$	112,450	100.0%	\$	27,926	100.0%	6.59%			

	September 3	0, 2014	June 30, 201	4
Occupancy and Property Type	% of Primary Risk In-Force	Deliquency Rate	% of Primary Risk In-Force	Deliquency Rate
Occupancy Status				
Primary residence	95.0%	6.51%	94.8%	6.79%
Second home	2.6	7.00%	2.7	7.6%
Non-owner occupied	2.4	8.13%	2.5	8.14%
Total	100.0%	6.59%	100.0%	6.87%
Property Type				
Single family detached	88.8%	6.35%	88.5%	6.61%
Condominium and co-operative	9.7	7.39%	9.9	7.86%
Multi-family and other	1.5	13.69%	1.6	13.86%
Total	100.0%	6.59%	100.0%	6.87%

⁽¹⁾

Average Annual Mortgage Interest Rate. Total reserves were \$1,239 million as of September 30, 2014. (2)

Corporate and Other Division

Net Operating Loss—Corporate and Other Division (amounts in millions)

		201	14		2013					
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	
REVENUES:										
Premiums	\$ 186	\$ 200	\$ 176	\$ 562	\$ 159	\$ 160	\$ 156	\$ 166	\$ 641	
Net investment income	50	56	53	159	67	53	68	69	257	
Net investment gains (losses)	(24)	(3)	(17)	(44)	19	(24)	(9)	(52)	(66)	
Insurance and investment product fees and other	52	53	54	159	55	56	53	100	264	
Total revenues	264	306	266	836	300	245	268	283	1,096	
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:										
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	65	62	54	181	48	49	51	43	191	
Interest credited	30	29	29	88	30	28	29	32	119	
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	138	155	135	428	135	162	140	179	616	
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	36	40	42	118	35	28	38	18	119	
Interest expense	84	91	98	273	89	90	89	94	362	
Total benefits and expenses	353	377	358	1,088	337	357	347	366	1,407	
LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME										
TAXES	(89)	(71)	(92)	(252)	(37)	(112)	(79)	(83)	(311)	
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	2	(23)	(50)	(71)	(14)	(22)	(28)	(26)	(90)	
LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	(91)	(48)	(42)	(181)	(23)	(90)	(51)	(57)	(221)	
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes						2	6	(20)	(12)	
NET LOSS	(91)	(48)	(42)	(181)	(23)	(88)	(45)	(77)	(233)	
ADJUSTMENTS TO NET LOSS:	i i	, í								
Net investment (gains) losses, net	11	1	10	22	(10)	11	_	21	22	
(Gains) losses on early extinguishment of debt, net	_	_	_	_	_	20	_	_	20	
Expenses related to restructuring, net		_	_	_	_	_	3	_	3	
(Income) loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes						(2)	(6)	20	12	
NET OPERATING LOSS	\$ (80)	<u>\$ (47)</u>	\$ (32)	<u>\$ (159</u>)	\$ (33)	\$ (59)	\$ (48)	\$ (36)	<u>\$ (176)</u>	
Effective tax rate (operating loss)	-10.5%	33.0%	57.5%	27.2%	37.5%	8.1%	35.9%	28.2%	27.4%	

Net Operating Income (Loss)—Corporate and Other Division (amounts in millions)

Three months ended September 30, 2014	International Protection Segment	Runoff Segment	Corporate and Other ⁽¹⁾	Total
REVENUES:	<u> </u>			
Premiums	\$ 185	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ 186
Net investment income	27	32	(9)	50
Net investment gains (losses)	_	(33)	9	(24)
Insurance and investment product fees and other	2	53	(3)	52
Total revenues	214	53	(3)	264
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	52	13	_	65
Interest credited		30	_	30
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	117	22	(1)	138
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	30	5	1	36
Interest expense	10	_	74	84
Total benefits and expenses	209	70	74	353
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	5	(17)	(77)	(89)
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	3	(5)	4	2
` '				
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	2	(12)	(81)	(91)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	2	(12)	(81)	(91)
ADJUSTMENT TO NET INCOME (LOSS):				
Net investment (gains) losses, net	1	17	(7)	11
	\$ 3	\$ 5		
NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 3	\$ 5	\$ (88)	\$ (80)
Effective tax rate (operating income (loss))	47.7%	48.2%	-0.9%	-10.5%
Three months ended	International		Corporate and	
September 30, 2013	Protection Segment	Runoff Segment	Other(1)	Total
REVENUES:				
REVENUES: Premiums	\$ 159	\$ 1	s —	\$ 160
Premiums		\$ 1 33		\$ 160 53
Premiums Net investment income	\$ 159		s —	
Premiums Net investment income Net investment gains (losses)	\$ 159 26	33	\$ — (6)	53
	\$ 159 26 1	33 (14) 53	\$ — (6) (11) 2	53 (24) 56
Premiums Net investment income Net investment gains (losses) Insurance and investment product fees and other Total revenues	\$ 159 26	33 (14)	\$ — (6) (11)	53 (24)
Premiums Net investment income Net investment gains (losses) Insurance and investment product fees and other Total revenues BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:	\$ 159 26 1 1 187	33 (14) 53 73	\$ — (6) (11) 2 (15)	53 (24) 56 245
Premiums Net investment income Net investment gains (losses) Insurance and investment product fees and other Total revenues BENEFITS AND EXPENSES: Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	\$ 159 26 1	33 (14) 53 73	\$ — (6) (11) 2	53 (24) 56 245
Premiums Net investment income Net investment gains (losses) Insurance and investment product fees and other Total revenues BENEFITS AND EXPENSES: Benefits and other changes in policy reserves Interest credited	\$ 159 26 1 1 1 187	33 (14) 53 73 9 28	s — (6) (11) 2 (15) — —	53 (24) 56 245 49 28
Premiums Net investment income Net investment gains (losses) Insurance and investment product fees and other Total revenues BENEFITS AND EXPENSES: Benefits and other changes in policy reserves Interest credited Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	\$ 159 26 1 1 187 40	33 (14) 53 73 9 28 18	\$ — (6) (11) 2 (15)	53 (24) 56 245 49 28 162
Premiums Net investment income Net investment gains (losses) Insurance and investment product fees and other Total revenues BENEFITS AND EXPENSES: Benefits and other changes in policy reserves Interest credited Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	\$ 159 26 1 1 187 40 - 106 25	33 (14) 53 73 9 28	\$ — (6) (11) 2 (15) — — 38	53 (24) 56 245 49 28 162 28
Premiums Net investment income Net investment gains (losses) Insurance and investment product fees and other Total revenues BENEFITS AND EXPENSES: Benefits and other changes in policy reserves Interest credited Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles Interest expense	\$ 159 26 1 1 187 40 	33 (14) 53 73 9 28 18 2	\$ — (6) (11) 2 (15) — — 38 1 81	53 (24) 56 245 49 28 162 28 90
Premiums Net investment income Net investment gains (losses) Insurance and investment product fees and other Total revenues BENEFITS AND EXPENSES: Benefits and other changes in policy reserves Interest credited Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles Interest expense Total benefits and expenses	\$ 159 26 1 1 187 40 106 25 9 180	33 (14) 53 73 9 28 18 2 ———————————————————————————————	\$ — (6) (11) 2 (15) — — 38 1 81 120	53 (24) 56 245 49 28 162 28 90
Premiums Net investment income Net investment gains (losses) Insurance and investment product fees and other Total revenues BENEFITS AND EXPENSES: Benefits and other changes in policy reserves Interest credited Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles Interest expense Total benefits and expenses INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	\$ 159 26 1 1 1 187 40 	33 (14) 53 73 9 28 18 2 ———————————————————————————————	\$ — (6) (11) 2 (15) — 38 1 81 120 (135)	53 (24) 56 245 49 28 162 28 90 357 (112)
Premiums Net investment income Net investment gains (losses) Insurance and investment product fees and other Total revenues BENEFITS AND EXPENSES: Benefits and other changes in policy reserves Interest credited Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles Interest expense Total benefits and expenses INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES Provision (benefit) for income taxes	\$ 159 26 1 1 187 40 106 25 9 180	33 (14) 53 73 9 28 18 2 ———————————————————————————————	\$ — (6) (11) 2 (15) — 38 1 81 120 (135) (20)	53 (24) 56 245 49 28 162 28 90 357 (112) (22)
Premiums Net investment income Net investment gains (losses) Insurance and investment product fees and other Total revenues BENEFITS AND EXPENSES: Benefits and other changes in policy reserves Interest credited Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles Interest expense Total benefits and expenses INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	\$ 159 26 1 1 1 187 40 	33 (14) 53 73 9 28 18 2 ———————————————————————————————	\$ — (6) (11) 2 (15) — 38 1 81 120 (135)	53 (24) 56 245 49 28 162 28 90 357 (112)
Premiums Net investment income Net investment gains (losses) Insurance and investment product fees and other Total revenues BENEFITS AND EXPENSES: Benefits and other changes in policy reserves Interest credited Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles Interest expense Total benefits and expenses INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES Provision (benefit) for income taxes INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	\$ 159 26 1 1 187 40 106 25 9 180 7	33 (14) 53 73 9 28 18 2 ———————————————————————————————	\$ — (6) (11) 2 (15) — 38 1 81 120 (135) (20)	53 (24) 56 245 49 28 162 28 90 357 (112) (22)
Premiums Net investment income Net investment gains (losses) Insurance and investment product fees and other Total revenues BENEFITS AND EXPENSES: Benefits and other changes in policy reserves Interest credited Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles Interest expense Total benefits and expenses INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES Provision (benefit) for income taxes INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS Loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes	\$ 159 26 1 1 187 40 106 25 9 180 7	33 (14) 53 73 9 28 18 2 ———————————————————————————————	\$ — (6) (11) 2 (15) — 38 1 120 (135) (20) (115)	53 (24) 56 245 49 28 162 28 90 357 (112) (22) (90)
Premiums Net investment income Net investment gains (losses) Insurance and investment product fees and other Total revenues BENEFITS AND EXPENSES: Benefits and other changes in policy reserves Interest credited Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles Interest expense Total benefits and expenses INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES Provision (benefit) for income taxes INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS Loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 159 26 1 1 1187 40	33 (14) 53 73 9 28 18 2 57 16 (5) 21	\$ — (6) (11) 2 (15) — 38 1 81 120 (135) (20) (115) 2	53 (24) 56 245 49 28 162 28 90 357 (112) (22) (90) 2
Premiums Net investment income Net investment gains (losses) Insurance and investment product fees and other Total revenues BENEFITS AND EXPENSES: Benefits and other changes in policy reserves Interest credited Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles Interest expense Total benefits and expenses INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES Provision (benefit) for income taxes INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS Loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes NET INCOME (LOSS) ADJUSTMENTS TO NET INCOME (LOSS):	\$ 159 26 1 1 1187 40	33 (14) 53 73 9 28 18 2 57 16 (5) 21	\$ — (6) (11) 2 (15) — 38 1 81 120 (135) (20) (115) 2	53 (24) 56 245 49 28 162 28 90 357 (112) (22) (90) 2
Premiums Net investment income Net investment gains (losses) Insurance and investment product fees and other Total revenues BENEFITS AND EXPENSES: Benefits and other changes in policy reserves Interest credited Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles Interest expense Total benefits and expenses INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES Provision (benefit) for income taxes INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS Loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes NET INCOME (LOSS) ADJUSTMENTS TO NET INCOME (LOSS): Net investment (gains) losses, net	\$ 159 26 1 1 1187 40	33 (14) 53 73 9 28 18 2 ———————————————————————————————	\$ — (6) (11) 2 (15) — 38 1 81 120 (135) (20) (115) 2 (113)	53 (24) 56 245 49 28 162 28 90 357 (112) (22) (90) 2 (88)
Premiums Net investment income Net investment gains (losses) Insurance and investment product fees and other Total revenues BENEFITS AND EXPENSES: Benefits and other changes in policy reserves Interest credited Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles Interest expense Total benefits and expenses INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES Provision (benefit) for income taxes INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS Loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes NET INCOME (LOSS) ADJUSTMENTS TO NET INCOME (LOSS): Net investment (gains) losses, net (Gains) losses on early extinguishment of debt, net	\$ 159 26 1 1 1187 40	33 (14) 53 73 9 28 18 2 ———————————————————————————————	\$ — (6) (11) 2 (15) — — 38 1 81 120 (135) (20) (115) 2 (113)	53 (24) 56 245 49 28 162 28 90 357 (112) (22) (90) 2 (88)
Premiums Net investment income Net investment gains (losses) Insurance and investment product fees and other Total revenues BENEFITS AND EXPENSES: Benefits and other changes in policy reserves Interest credited Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles Interest expense Total benefits and expenses INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES Provision (benefit) for income taxes INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS Loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes NET INCOME (LOSS) ADJUSTMENTS TO NET INCOME (LOSS): Net investment (gains) losses, net (Gains) losses on early extinguishment of debt, net (Income) loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes	\$ 159 26 1 1 11 187 40	33 (14) 53 73 9 28 18 2 — 57 16 (5) 21 — 21	\$ — (6) (11) 2 (15) — 38 1 120 (135) (20) (115) 2 (113) 7 20 (2) (2)	53 (24) 56 245 49 28 162 28 90 357 (112) (22) (90) 2 (88)
Premiums Net investment income Net investment gains (losses) Insurance and investment product fees and other Total revenues BENEFITS AND EXPENSES: Benefits and other changes in policy reserves Interest credited Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles Interest expense Total benefits and expenses INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES Provision (benefit) for income taxes INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS Loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes NET INCOME (LOSS) ADJUSTMENTS TO NET INCOME (LOSS): Net investment (gains) losses, net (Gains) losses on early extinguishment of debt, net	\$ 159 26 1 1 1187 40	33 (14) 53 73 9 28 18 2 ———————————————————————————————	\$ — (6) (11) 2 (15) — — 38 1 81 120 (135) (20) (115) 2 (113)	53 (24) 56 245 49 28 162 28 90 357 (112) (22) (90) 2 (88)

Includes inter-segment eliminations and non-core products.

Net Operating Income (Loss)—Corporate and Other Division (amounts in millions)

REVENUES: Premiums \$ Net investment income		moff Segment	Other ⁽¹⁾	Total
	559 \$	3	\$ <u> </u>	Ψ 502
	79	97		17) 159
Net investment gains (losses)	1	(43)		(2) (44)
Insurance and investment product fees and other	5	158		<u>(4)</u> <u>159</u>
Total revenues	644	215	(2	23) 836
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:				
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	154	27	_	101
Interest credited		88	_	- 88
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	352	62		14 428
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	90	26		2 118
Interest expense	34	1	23	
Total benefits and expenses	630	204	25	1,088
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	14	11	(27	77) (252)
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	2	_	(7	73) (71)
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	12	11	(20	04) (181)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	12	11	(20	
The free state (2009)	12	11	(20	(101)
ADJUSTMENT TO NET INCOME (LOSS):				
Net investment (gains) losses, net	_	21		1 22
NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	12 \$	32	\$ (20	3) \$ (159)
Effective tax rate (operating income (loss))	10.6%	26.1%	26.	.2% 27.2%
Nine months ended Internation:	al		Corporate an	
September 30, 2013 Protection Seg	ment Ru	moff Segment	Other(1)	Total
REVENUES:				
Premiums \$	478 \$	4	\$ —	↓ 102
Net investment income	90	101		(1) 190
Net investment gains (losses)	23	(82)		26) (85)
Insurance and investment product fees and other	3	162	4	14 209
Total revenues	594	185	1	796
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:				
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	120	23	_	- 143
Interest credited	_	89	_	- 89
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	326	60		95 481
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	79	(3)		8 84
Interest expense	34	1	23	38 273
Total benefits and expenses	559	170	34	1,070
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	35	15	(32	24) (274)
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	12	(2)		36) (76)
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	23	17	(23	
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes	_			12) (12)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	23	17	(25	
ADJUSTMENTS TO NET INCOME (LOSS):				
	(15)	30		17 32
Net investment (gains) losses, net		_	2	20 20
	_			
(Gains) losses on early extinguishment of debt, net Expenses related to restructuring, net		_	_	,
Net investment (gains) losses, net (Gains) losses on early extinguishment of debt, net Expenses related to restructuring, net (Income) loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes				- 3 12 12
(Gains) losses on early extinguishment of debt, net Expenses related to restructuring, net				12 12

⁽¹⁾ Includes inter-segment eliminations and non-core products.

International Protection Segment

Net Operating Income and Sales—International Protection Segment (amounts in millions)

		20	14				2013		
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
REVENUES:									
Premiums	\$ 185	\$ 199	\$ 175	\$ 559	\$ 158	\$ 159	\$ 154	\$ 165	\$ 636
Net investment income	27	22	30	79	29	26	31	33	119
Net investment gains (losses)	_	_	1	1	4	1	16	6	27
Insurance and investment product fees and other	2	2	1	5	1	1	1	1	4
Total revenues	214	223	207	644	192	187	202	205	786
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:									
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	52	56	46	154	39	40	41	39	159
Interest credited	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	117	126	109	352	107	106	110	110	433
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	30	30	30	90	27	25	26	28	106
Interest expense	10	9	15	34	- 8	9	11	14	42
Total benefits and expenses	209	221	200	630	181	180	188	191	740
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	5	2	7	14	11	7	14	14	46
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	3		(1)	2	(5)	3	5	4	7
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	2	2	8	12	16	4	9	10	39
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:									
Net investment (gains) losses, net	1	_	(1)	_	(3)	_	(11)	(4)	(18)
Expenses related to restructuring, net	_	_	_	_	_	_	3	_	3
NET OPERATING INCOME(1)	\$ 3	\$ 2	\$ 7	\$ 12	\$ 13	\$ 4	\$ 1	\$ 6	\$ 24
Effective tax rate (operating income)			=		-				
	47.7%	6.8%	22.3%	10.6%	95.6%	36.7%	38.7%	26.1%	-5.1%
Net Premiums Written									
Northern Europe	\$ 94	\$ 104	\$ 115	\$ 313	\$ 104	\$ 113	\$ 106	\$ 106	\$ 429
Southern Europe	76	86	108	270	72	71	74	78	295
Structured Deals(2),(3)	5	_	1	6	7	8	(10)	28	33
New Markets ⁽²⁾	7	15	11	33	9	9	14	21	53
Pre-Deposit Accounting Basis(2),(4)	182	205	235	622	192	201	184	233	810
Deposit Accounting Adjustments (2)	17	6	39	62	40	47	35	80	202
Total ⁽⁵⁾	\$ 165	\$ 199	\$ 196	\$ 560	\$ 152	\$ 154	\$ 149	\$ 153	\$ 608
Loss Ratio	28%	28%	26%	28%	25%	25%	26%	24%	25%

The loss ratio included above was calculated using whole dollars and may be different than the ratio calculated using the rounded numbers included herein.

- (1) Net operating income adjusted for foreign exchange as compared to the prior year period for the International Protection segment was \$3 million and \$12 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively.
- (2) Amounts for prior periods have been re-presented as a result of classification differences between pre-deposit accounting amounts and deposit accounting adjustments. There was no impact on total net premiums written or other pre-deposit or deposit accounting amounts presented elsewhere herein from the classification changes.
- (3) Structured deals represent in-force blocks of business acquired through reinsurance arrangements and ongoing reciprocal arrangements in place with certain clients.
- (4) This business has reinsurance agreements that do not qualify for risk transfer under GAAP. This analysis shows the net premiums written activity as if these reinsurance agreements, except for the reciprocal arrangements, were accounted for as reinsurance accounting ("pre-deposit accounting basis") and not as deposit accounting. While this is a non-GAAP measure, management believes that "net premiums written on a pre-deposit accounting basis" represent an economic view of written premiums and enhances the understanding of the underlying performance of the business. However, net premiums written on a pre-deposit accounting basis is not a substitute for net premiums written determined in accordance with GAAP.
- (5) Net premiums written adjusted for foreign exchange as compared to the prior year period for the International Protection segment were \$161 million and \$542 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively.

Net Operating Income (Pre-Deposit Accounting Basis)—International Protection Segment (amounts in millions)

			3Q	2014					2Q 20	014				1Q	2014					Tota	1 2014		
	Repo	rted	Dep Accou Adjust	nting	Acco	Deposit unting asis	Rep	orted	Depo Accoun Adjustn	ting	Pre-Depos Accountin Basis		Reported	Accou	osit inting tments	Acco	Deposit unting asis	Rep	orted	Acco	oosit unting tments	Pre-Depos Accountin Basis	
REVENUES:															,						,		
Premiums	\$	185	\$	34	\$	219	\$	199	\$	41			\$ 175	\$	43	\$	218	\$	559	\$	118		
Net investment income		27		(10)		17		22		(7)		.5	30		(10)		20		79		(27)	5	52
Net investment gains (losses)		_		_				_		_	_	-	1		_		1		1		_		1
Insurance and investment product fees and other		2				2		2				2							5				-
		2										_	- 1				1				_		5
Total revenues		214		24		238		223		34	25	57	207		33		240		644		91	73	35
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:																							
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves		52		9		61		56		20		6	46		20		66		154		49	20	
Interest credited		_		_		_		_		_	_	-	_		_		_		_		_	_	-
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of													400										=0
deferrals		117		9		126		126		8	13	14	109		9		118		352		26	37	78
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs		30		8		38		30		9	-	19	30		10		40		90		27	1.1	17
and intangibles		10				8		9				6					9				(11)		
Interest expense		_		(2)						(3)		_	15		(6)				34				23
Total benefits and expenses		209		24		233		221		34	25	5	200		33		233		630		91	72	21
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME																							
TAXES		5		_		5		2		_		2	7		_		7		14		_		14
Provision (benefit) for income taxes		3				3				_		-	(1)				(1)		2				2
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		2		_		2		2		_		2	8		_		8		12		_	1	12
ADJUSTMENT TO INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:																							
Net investment (gains) losses, net		1		_		1		_		_	_	-	(1)		_		(1)		_		_	_	_
NET OPERATING INCOME(1)	\$	3	\$	_	\$	3	\$	2	\$	_	\$	2	\$ 7	\$	_	\$	7	\$	12	\$	_	\$ 1	12
Effective tax rate (operating income)		47.7%				47.7%	, = =	6.8%			6.	.8%	-22.3%	<u> </u>			-22.3%		10.6%			10.	0.6%
Other Metrics:																							
Premiums	\$	185	\$	34	\$	219	\$	199	\$	41			\$ 175	\$	43	\$	218	\$	559	\$	118		77
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves		52		9		61		56		20		6	46		20		66		154		49		03
Commissions(2)		87		6		93		96		8	10)4	81		9		90		264		23	28	87
Margin before profit sharing		46		19		65		47		13	ϵ	50	48		14		62		141		46	18	87
Profit share(2)		22		10		32		18		10	2	28	19		9		28		59		29	8	88
Underwriting profit(3)	\$	24	\$	9	\$	33	\$	29	\$	3	\$ 3	32	\$ 29	\$	5	\$	34	\$	82	\$	17	\$ 9	99
Loss Ratio		28%				28%	,	28%			3	32%	26%	0			30%		28%			3	30%
Underwriting Margin ⁽³⁾		13%				15%)	15%			1	3%	17%	0			16%		15%			1	15%
Combined Ratio(4)		108%				103%	,	107%			10)4%	106%	0			103%		107%			10	03%

This page is provided as supplemental analysis related to the lifestyle protection insurance business. This business has reinsurance agreements that do not qualify for risk transfer under GAAP. This analysis shows the income statement activity as if these reinsurance agreements, except for the reciprocal arrangements, were accounted for as reinsurance accounting ("pre-deposit accounting basis") and not as deposit accounting. There is no impact on net income available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders or to segment net operating income. While "pre-deposit accounting basis" is a non-GAAP measure, management believes that it represents an economic view of the underlying performance of the business. However, pre-deposit accounting basis is not a substitute for income statement activity determined in accordance with GAAP.

The ratios included above were calculated using whole dollars and may be different than the ratio calculated using the rounded numbers included herein.

⁽¹⁾ Net operating income adjusted for foreign exchange as compared to the prior year period for the International Protection segment was \$3 million and \$12 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively.

⁽²⁾ Commissions include commissions which are included above in acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals, and amortization of DAC.

⁽³⁾ The underwriting margin is calculated as underwriting profit divided by net earned premiums.

⁽⁴⁾ The combined ratio is calculated as benefits and other changes in policy reserves, commissions (including amortization of DAC), profit share and other operating expenses divided by net earned premiums.

Net Operating Income (Pre-Deposit Accounting Basis)—International Protection Segment (amounts in millions)

		4Q 2013			3Q 2013			2Q 2013			1Q 2013			Total 2013	
		Deposit Accounting	Pre-Deposit Accounting		Deposit Accounting	Pre-Deposit Accounting		Accounting			Accounting	Pre-Deposit Accounting		Accounting	Pre-Deposit Accounting
REVENUES:	Reported	Adjustments	Basis	Reported	Adjustments	Basis	Reported	Adjustments	Basis	Reported	Adjustments	Basis	Reported	Adjustments	Basis
Premiums	\$ 158	\$ 43	\$ 201	\$ 159	\$ 47	\$ 206	\$ 154	\$ 52	\$ 206	\$ 165	\$ 62	\$ 227	\$ 636	\$ 204	\$ 840
Net investment income	29	(8)	21	26	(6)	20	31	(9)	22	33	(11)	22	119	(34)	85
Net investment gains (losses)	4	_	4	1	_	1	16	_	16	6	_	6	27	_	27
Insurance and investment product fees and															
other Total	1	<u> </u>	1	1	<u>–</u>	1	1		1	1		1	4	<u> </u>	4
revenues	192	35	227	187	41	228	202	43	245	205	51	256	786	170	956
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES: Benefits and other															
changes in policy reserves	39	15	54	40	22	62	41	21	62	39	33	72	159	91	250
Interest credited	_	—	_	_	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	—	_	_
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of															
deferrals	107	11	118	106	6	112	110	13	123	110	9	119	433	39	472
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs															
and intangibles	27	8	35	25	13	38	26	11	37	28	14	42	106	46	152
Interest expense Total benefits	8	1	9	9		9	11	(2)	9	14	(5)	9	42	(6)	36
and expenses	181	35	216	180	41	221	188	43	231	191	51	242	740	170	910
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME															
TAXES Provision (benefit) for	11	_	11	7	_	7	14	_	14	14	_	14	46	_	46
income taxes	(5)		(5)	3		3	5		5	4		4	7		7
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	16	_	16	4	_	4	9	_	9	10	_	10	39	_	39
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS: Net investment (gains)															
losses, net	(3)	_	(3)	_	_	_	(11)	_	(11)	(4)	_	(4)	(18)	_	(18)
Expenses related to restructuring, net	_	_	_	_	_	_	3	_	3	_	_	_	3	_	3
NET OPERATING INCOME	\$ 13	<u>\$—</u>	\$ 13	\$ 4	<u>\$—</u>	\$ 4	\$ 1	<u>\$—</u>	\$ 1	\$ 6	<u>\$—</u>	\$ 6	\$ 24	<u>\$ —</u>	\$ 24
Effective tax rate (operating income)	95.6%		95.6%	36.7%		36.7%	38.7%		38.7%	26.1%		26.1%	-5.1%		-5.1%
Other Metrics:															21270
Premiums Benefits and other changes in policy	\$ 158	\$ 43	\$ 201	\$ 159	\$ 47	\$ 206	\$ 154	\$ 52	\$ 206	\$ 165	\$ 62	\$ 227	\$ 636	\$ 204	\$ 840
reserves	39	15	54	40	22	62	41	21	62	39	33	72	159	91	250
Commissions ⁽¹⁾ Margin before profit	<u>74</u>	10	84	<u>75</u>	12	87	75	11	86	80	12	92	304	45	349
sharing Profit share(1)	45 20	18 10	63 30	44 18	13 8	57 26	38 18	20 13	58 31	46 18	17 11	63 29	173 74	68 42	241 116
Underwriting profit(2)	\$ 25	\$ 8	\$ 33	\$ 26	\$ 5	\$ 31	\$ 20	\$ 7	\$ 27	\$ 28	\$ 6	\$ 34	\$ 99	\$ 26	\$ 125
Loss Ratio	25%		27%	25%		30%	26%		30%	24%		32%	25%		30%
Underwriting Margin ⁽²⁾	16%		16%	16%		15%	13%		13%	17%		15%	16%		15%
Combined Ratio(3)	109%		103%	108%		103%	115%		108%	107%		103%	110%		104%

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The ratios included above were calculated using whole dollars and may be different than the ratio calculated using the rounded numbers included herein.

⁽¹⁾ Commissions include commissions which are included above in acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals, and amortization of DAC.

⁽²⁾ The underwriting margin is calculated as underwriting profit divided by net earned premiums.

⁽³⁾ The combined ratio is calculated as benefits and other changes in policy reserves, commissions (including amortization of DAC), profit share and other operating expenses divided by net earned premiums

Runoff Segment

Net Operating Income—Runoff Segment (amounts in millions)

		201	4				2013		
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
REVENUES:									
Premiums	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 3	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 2	\$ 1	\$ 5
Net investment income	32	33	32	97	38	33	34	34	139
Net investment gains (losses)	(33)	3	(13)	(43)	24	(14)	(20)	(48)	(58)
Insurance and investment product fees and other	53	52	53	158	54	53	53	56	216
Total revenues	53	89	73	215	117	73	69	43	302
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:									
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	13	6	8	27	9	9	10	4	32
Interest credited	30	29	29	88	30	28	29	32	119
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	22	20	20	62	21	18	22	20	81
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	5	10	11	26	9	2	8	(13)	6
Interest expense		1		1	1		1		2
Total benefits and expenses	70	66	68	204	70	57	70	43	240
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE									
INCOME TAXES	(17)	23	5	11	47	16	(1)	_	62
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(5)	5			15	(5)		3	13
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	(12)	18	5	11	32	21	(1)	(3)	49
ADJUSTMENT TO INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:									
Net investment (gains) losses, net	17	(3)	7	21	(13)	4	7	19	17
NET OPERATING INCOME	\$ 5	\$ 15	\$ 12	\$ 32	\$ 19	\$ 25	\$ 6	\$ 16	\$ 66
Effective tax rate (operating income)	48.2%	16.1%	25.1%	26.1%	28.1%	-6.9%	40.9%	44.8%	25.5%

Selected Operating Performance Measures—Runoff Segment (amounts in millions)

		20					2013		
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
Variable Annuities—Income Distribution Series									
Account value, beginning of the period	\$5,984	\$5,990	\$6,061	\$6,061	\$6,044	\$5,983	\$6,202	\$6,141	\$ 6,141
Deposits	12	13	16	41	19	19	18	20	76
Surrenders, benefits and product charges	(204)	(210)	(198)	(612)	(212)	(186)	(183)	(173)	(754)
Net flows	(192)	(197)	(182)	(571)	(193)	(167)	(165)	(153)	(678)
Interest credited and investment performance	(29)	191	111	273	210	228	(54)	214	598
Account value, end of the period	5,763	5,984	5,990	5,763	6,061	6,044	5,983	6,202	6,061
Traditional Variable Annuities									
Account value, net of reinsurance, beginning of the period	1,583	1,598	1,643	1,643	1,620	1,601	1,674	1,662	1,662
Deposits	2	4	3	9	4	4	2	3	13
Surrenders, benefits and product charges	(81)	(80)	(78)	(239)	(71)	(67)	(80)	(81)	(299)
Net flows	(79)	(76)	(75)	(230)	(67)	(63)	(78)	(78)	(286)
Interest credited and investment performance	(12)	61	30	79	90	82	5	90	267
Account value, net of reinsurance, end of the period	1,492	1,583	1,598	1,492	1,643	1,620	1,601	1,674	1,643
Variable Life Insurance									
Account value, beginning of the period	317	313	316	316	302	293	301	292	292
Deposits	2	2	2	6	3	2	2	2	9
Surrenders, benefits and product charges	(10)	(8)	(11)	(29)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(9)	(39)
Net flows	(8)	(6)	(9)	(23)	(6)	(8)	(9)	(7)	(30)
Interest credited and investment performance	2	10	6	18	20	17	1	16	54
Account value, end of the period	311	317	313	311	316	302	293	301	316
Total	<u>\$7,566</u>	\$7,884	<u>\$7,901</u>	<u>\$7,566</u>	\$8,020	\$7,966	<u>\$7,877</u>	<u>\$8,177</u>	\$ 8,020
Guaranteed Investment Contracts, Funding Agreements Backing Notes and	L	ı							
Funding Agreements									
Account value, beginning of the period	\$ 667	\$ 891	\$ 896	\$ 896	\$1,036	\$1,077	\$1,970	\$2,153	\$ 2,153
Surrenders and benefits	(142)	(225)	(7)	(374)	(142)	(43)	(900)	(167)	(1,252)
Net flows	(142)	(225)	(7)	(374)	(142)	(43)	(900)	(167)	(1,252)
Interest credited	1	1	2	4	2	2	7	15	26
Foreign currency translation								(31)	(31)
Account value, end of the period	\$ 526	\$ 667	\$ 891	\$ 526	\$ 896	\$1,036	\$1,077	\$1,970	\$ 896

Corporate and Other

(amounts in millions)

		201	14				2013		
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
REVENUES:									
Premiums	\$	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Net investment income	(9)	1	(9)	(17)	_	(6)	3	2	(1)
Net investment gains (losses)	9	(6)	(5)	(2)	(9)	(11)	(5)	(10)	(35)
Insurance and investment product fees and other	(3)	(1)		(4)		2	(1)	43	44
Total revenues	(3)	(6)	(14)	(23)	(9)	(15)	(3)	35	8
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:									
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Interest credited	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	(1)	9	6	14	7	38	8	49	102
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	1	_	1	2	(1)	1	4	3	7
Interest expense	74	81	83	238	80	81	77	80	318
Total benefits and expenses	74	90	90	254	86	120	89	132	427
LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(77)	(96)	(104)	(277)	(95)	(135)	(92)	(97)	(419)
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	4	(28)	(49)	(73)	(24)	(20)	(33)	(33)	(110)
LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	(81)	(68)	(55)	(204)	(71)	(115)	(59)	(64)	(309)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes (2)						2	6	(20)	(12)
NET LOSS	(81)	(68)	(55)	(204)	(71)	(113)	(53)	(84)	(321)
ADJUSTMENTS TO NET LOSS:									
Net investment (gains) losses, net	(7)	4	4	1	6	7	4	6	23
(Gains) losses on early extinguishment of debt, net	_	_	_	_	_	20	_	_	20
(Income) loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes						(2)	(6)	20	12
NET OPERATING LOSS	\$ (88)	\$ (64)	\$ (51)	\$(203)	\$ (65)	\$ (88)	\$ (55)	\$ (58)	\$(266)
Effective tax rate (operating loss)	-0.9%	28.8%	47.8%	26.2%	24.8%	6.3%	36.7%	33.5%	24.9%

Includes inter-segment eliminations and non-core products.

Operating results associated with discontinued operations related to the wealth management business prior to the sale on August 30, 2013.

Additional Financial Data

Investments Summary (amounts in millions)

Properties		Sej	ptember	30, 2014	June 30,	2014	March 31	, 2014	December 3	31, 2013	September	30, 2013
Composition of Investment profile Face of Institute o		C	arrying	% of	Carrying	% of	Carrying	% of	Carrying		Carrying	% of
Floor miner Product		A	mount	Total	Amount	Total	Amount	Total	Amount	Total	Amount	Total
Public fixed muturity securities Public fixed muturity securities Public fixed muturity securities 11,403 15 11,608 15 11,108 15 11,108 17 15,003 15 10,277 14 16 16 10,277 14 16 16 16 16 16 16 16												
Public Fixed muturity securities \$ 36,587 48% \$ 36,726 48% \$ 36,666 48% \$ 35,503 49% Private Fixed muturity securities \$ 11,493 \$ 11,005 \$ 10,053 \$ 10,077 \$ 14 \$ Residential murange-backed securities \$ 5003 7 \$ 5,057 7 \$ 4,015 \$ 7 \$ 5,009 7 \$ 5,187 7 \$ 1 \$												
Private fixed maturity securities												
Residential mortgage-backed securities 5,003 7 5,007 7 4,45 7 5,006 7 5,187 7		\$										
Commercial mortgage-backed securities												
Other assert backed securities 3,770 5 3,700 5 3,343 4 3,119 4 2,902 4 Tarse-cempt 356 − 3,535 − 3,317 − 2,055 − 2,03 − 2,03 Equity securities − 2,091 − 4 − 2,256 − 3 − 3,03 − 1 Equity securities − 2,091 − 4 − 2,257 − 2,60 − 2,58 − 3,03 − 1 Preferred such mutual funds − 2,27 − 2,00 − 2,58 − 3,03 − 1 Preferred such mutual funds − 2,27 − 2,00 − 2,58 − 3,03 − 1 Preferred such mutual general continues − 2,27 − 2,00 − 2,58 − 3,03 − 1 Preferred such mutual general continues − 2,27 − 2,27 − 2,00 − 2,28 − 3,03 − 3 Preferred such mutual general continues − 3,05 − 2,27 − 2,20 − 2,28 − 3,03 − 2,20 Preferred such continues − 3,05 − 2,27 − 2,20 − 2,28 − 3,23 − 2,20 − 2,20 Cab. cah quivalents and bort-arm investments − 3,05 − 2,20												
Tace-exempt Some investment pade face maturity securities 2,99 4 2,236 3 2,312 3 2,278 3 2,344 3 3												
Non-investment Securities												4
Page Securities Common stocks and mutual funds Securities Se												
Common stocks and mutal funds			2,591	4	2,286	3	2,332	3	2,278	3	2,344	3
Preferred stocks												
Commercial mortgage loans Solution Sol				_								1
Restricted commercial mortgrage loans related to securitization entities 209 - 217 - 227 - 233 - 290 - 206 -												
				8		8						8
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments 3,655 5 4,202 5 4,492 6 4,434 6 3,767 5												
Securities lending												
Cheer invested assets: Limited partnerships Cheer cash flow						5						5
Derivatives:				_		_		_		_		_
Long-term care (LTC) forward starting swap—cash flow 10 - 20 - 30 - 46 - 3 - - 14 - - 15 - 1			262	_	263	1	267	_	282	1	297	1
Other cash flow												
Fair value				_		_		_				_
Equity index options—non-qualified 11			10	_	20	_	30	_				_
Other non-qualified 391	Fair value			_	_	_	_	_		_	1	_
Trading portfolio 226						_		_		_		
Counterparty collateral Restricted other invested assets related to securitization entities 404 1 404 1 355 1 199 272 272 273 Other 274 274 275 Other 275												1
Restricted other invested assets related to securitization entitites						_		_		_		_
Other 91												
Total invested assets and cash \$\frac{5}{100} \frac{100}{5} \frac{7}{6}.902 \frac{100}{5} \frac{7}{6}.785 \frac{100}{5} \frac{7}{6}.785 \frac{100}{5} \frac{5}{2}.305 \frac{100}{5} \frac{100}{5} \frac{7}{6}.785 \frac{100}{5} \frac{5}{2}.305 \frac{100}{5} \frac{5}{2}.305 \frac{100}{5} \frac{5}{2}.305 \frac{100}{5} \frac{5}{2}.305 \frac{100}{5} \frac{5}{2}.305 \f	Restricted other invested assets related to securitization entities			1	404	1	398	1		1	392	1
Public Fixed Maturity Securities—Credit Quality: NRSRO(2) Designation	Other		91		82		83		88		85	
Public Fixed Maturity Securities - Credit Quality: NRSRO(2) Designation	Total invested assets and cash	\$	76,590	100%	\$ 76,902	100%	\$ 74,785	100%	\$ 72,827	100%	\$ 73,053	100%
AAA	Public Fixed Maturity Securities—Credit Quality:											
AAA	NRSRO(2) Designation											
AA		S	15.459	33%	\$ 15.552	33%	\$ 15.338	34%	\$ 15.148	34%	\$ 15.859	35%
A 13,823 30 13,470 29 12,920 29 12,488 28 12,674 28 BBB 10,753 23 11,162 24 10,847 24 10,720 24 10,426 23 BB 1,388 3 1,232 3 1,211 3 1,148 3 1,134 3 B 78 -		-	.,						,			
BBB 10,753 23 11,162 24 10,847 24 10,720 24 10,426 23 BB 1,388 3 1,232 3 1,251 3 1,148 3 1,134 3 B 78 82 87 132 13												
BB												
B Total public fixed maturity securities S 46,571 100% \$46,667 100% \$45,16 100% \$44,375 100% \$45,127 100%												
CCC and lower 113												
Total public fixed maturity securities				_		_		_		_		_
Private Fixed Maturity Securities—Credit Quality: NRSRO(2) Designation \$ 1,585 10% \$ 1,636 10% \$ 1,554 10% \$ 1,483 11% \$ 1,453 10% 10% 1,483 11% 1,453 10% 1,483 11% 1,453 10% 1,483 11% 1,453 10% 1,483		\$		100%		100%		100%				100%
NRSRO(2) Designation	•	==										
AAA \$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc												
AA		\$	1 585	10%	\$ 1.636	10%	\$ 1554	10%	\$ 1.483	11%	\$ 1.453	10%
A 5,034 32 5,027 32 4,593 31 4,331 30 4,247 31 BBB 6,213 39 6,371 40 6,240 42 5,984 42 5,756 41 BB 838 5 723 5 740 5 736 5 798 6 B 95 1 57 - 57 - 56 - 63 - CCC and lower 79 1 79 1 83 1 94 1 91 1 Total private fixed maturity securities 5 15,746 100% \$ 15,693 100% \$ 14,228 100% \$ 14,254 100% \$ 13,959 100%		Ψ			. ,				, , , , , ,			
BBB 6,213 39 6,371 40 6,240 42 5,984 42 5,756 41 BB 838 5 723 5 740 5 736 5 798 6 B 95 1 57 — 57 — 56 — 63 — CCC and lower 79 1 79 1 83 1 94 1 91 1 Total private fixed maturity securities 5 15,746 100% \$ 15,693 100% \$ 14,228 100% \$ 14,254 100% \$ 13,959 100%												
BB												
B 95 1 57 — 57 — 56 — 63 — CCC and lower 79 1 79 1 83 1 94 1 91 1 Total private fixed maturity securities \$ 15.746 100% \$ 15.693 100% \$ 14.254 100% \$ 13.959 100%												
CCC and lower 79 1 79 1 83 1 94 1 91 1 Total private fixed maturity securities \$ 15.746 100% \$ 15.693 100% \$ 14.28 100% \$ 14.254 100% \$ 13.959 100%												
Total private fixed maturity securities \$ 15.746 100% \$ 15.693 100% \$ 14.28 100% \$ 14.254 100% \$ 13.959 100%				1								1
Total private fixed maturity securities \[\frac{\sigma 15,746}{200} \] \[\frac{\sigma 100\%}{200} \frac{\sigma 14,928}{200} \] \[\frac{\sigma 14,254}{200} \] \[\frac{\sigma 13,959}{200} \] \[\frac{100\%}{200} \]				100								
	Total private fixed maturity securities	\$	15,/46	100%	\$ 15,693	100%	\$ 14,928	100%	\$ 14,254	100%	\$ 13,959	100%

The company does not have any material exposure to residential mortgage-backed securities collateralized debt obligations (CDOs).
 Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations.

Fixed Maturity Securities Summary (amounts in millions)

	Septembe	r 30, 2014	June 3	0, 2014	March	31, 2014	Decembe	r 31, 2013	Septembe	r 30, 2013
	Fair Value	% of Total								
Fixed Maturity Securities—Security Sector:										
U.S. government, agencies and government-sponsored										
enterprises	\$ 5,642	9%	\$ 5,483	9%	\$ 5,214	9%	\$ 4,810	8%	\$ 5,325	9%
Tax-exempt	356	1	353	1	317	_	295	_	263	_
Foreign government	2,035	3	2,132	3	2,153	4	2,146	4	2,232	4
U.S. corporate	26,956	43	26,847	43	26,060	43	25,035	43	24,782	42
Foreign corporate	15,637	25	15,749	25	15,141	25	15,071	26	15,276	26
Residential mortgage-backed securities	5,155	8	5,212	8	5,102	8	5,225	9	5,397	9
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	2,728	5	2,845	5	2,881	5	2,898	5	2,790	5
Other asset-backed securities	3,808	6	3,739	6	3,376	6	3,149	5	3,021	5
Total fixed maturity securities	\$ 62,317	100%	\$ 62,360	100%	\$ 60,244	100%	\$ 58,629	100%	\$ 59,086	100%
Corporate Bond Holdings—Industry Sector:										
Investment Grade:										
Finance and insurance	\$ 7,771	19%	\$ 7,908	19%	\$ 7,506	19%	\$ 7,382	19%	\$ 7,344	19%
Utilities and energy	9,901	25	9,890	24	9,494	24	9,213	24	9,084	24
Consumer—non-cyclical	4,778	12	4,825	12	4,837	12	4,669	12	4,722	12
Consumer—cyclical	2,425	6	2,408	6	2,337	6	2,282	6	2,185	6
Capital goods	2,364	6	2,402	6	2,335	6	2,238	6	2,276	6
Industrial	2,948	7	2,885	7	2,734	7	2,595	7	2,592	7
Technology and communications	3,142	8	3,066	8	2,978	8	2,867	8	2,928	8
Transportation	1,729	4	1,702	4	1,653	4	1,595	4	1,593	4
Other	5,411	13	5,699	14	5,469	14	5,471	14	5,534	14
Subtotal	40,469	100%	40,785	100%	39,343	100%	38,312	100%	38,258	100%
Non-Investment Grade:										
Finance and insurance	483	23%	306	17%	332	18%	337	19%	376	21%
Utilities and energy	389	18	338	19	335	18	297	16	338	19
Consumer—non-cyclical	211	10	217	12	229	12	194	11	170	9
Consumer—cyclical	64	3	55	3	60	3	71	4	107	6
Capital goods	291	14	297	16	291	15	295	16	272	15
Industrial	265	12	252	14	254	14	267	15	243	14
Technology and communications	358	17	318	17	330	18	316	18	257	14
Transportation	20	1	16	1	15	1	5	_	26	1
Other	43	2	12	1	12	1	12	1	11	1
Subtotal	2,124	100%	1,811	100%	1,858	100%	1,794	100%	1,800	100%
Total	\$ 42,593	100%	\$ 42,596	100%	\$ 41,201	100%	\$ 40,106	100%	\$ 40,058	100%
Fixed Maturity Securities—Contractual Maturity Dates:										
Due in one year or less	\$ 2,640	4%	\$ 2,784	4%	\$ 3,118	5%	\$ 2,974	5%	\$ 2,772	5%
Due after one year through five years	11,009	18	10,701	17	10,257	17	10,187	17	10,563	18
Due after five years through ten years	13,113	21	13,401	22	12,915	21	12,526	22	12,570	21
Due after ten years	23,864	38	23,678	38	22,595	38	21,670	37	21,973	37
Subtotal	50,626	81	50,564	81	48,885	81	47,357	81	47,878	81
Mortgage and asset-backed securities	11,691	19	11,796	19	11,359	19	11,272	19	11,208	19
		100%						100%		100%
Total fixed maturity securities	\$ 62,317	100%	\$ 62,360	100%	\$ 60,244	100%	\$ 58,629	100%	\$ 59,086	100%

Commercial Mortgage Loans Summary (amounts in millions)

	September Carrying	% of	June 30, Carrying	% of	March 31, Carrying	% of	December 3 Carrying	% of	September 3 Carrying	% of
C II D I	Amount	Total	Amount	Total	Amount	Total	Amount	Total	Amount	Total
Geographic Region	0 1 651	270/	0.1.565	260/	O 1 506	260/	Ф 1 525	260/	A 1.550	260/
South Atlantic	\$ 1,651	27%	\$ 1,565	26%	\$ 1,526	26%	\$ 1,535	26%	\$ 1,558	26%
Pacific	1,646	27	1,607	27	1,601	27	1,590	27	1,624	28
Middle Atlantic	835	14	812	13	823	14	828	14	792	13
Mountain	531	9	514	9	494	8	478	8	462	8
East North Central	392	6	409	7	399	7	404	7	384	7
West North Central	374	6	366	6	370	6	377	6	366	6
West South Central	267	5	254	4	238	4	241	4	237	4
New England	265	4	350	6	335	6	337	6	327	6
East South Central	140	2	136	2	138	2	142	2	143	2
Subtotal	6,101	100%	6,013	100%	5,924	100%	5,932	100%	5,893	100%
Allowance for losses	(24)		(27)	<u></u>	(30)		(33)	<u> </u>	(36)	
Unamortized fees and costs	_		_		_		_		1	
Total	\$ 6,077		\$ 5,986		\$ 5,894		\$ 5,899		\$ 5,858	
Property Type										
Retail	\$ 2,147	35%	\$ 2,162	36%	\$ 2,103	36%	\$ 2,073	35%	\$ 2,005	34%
Office	1,642	27	1,533	26	1,509	25	1,558	26	1,610	27
Industrial	1,606	26	1,585	26	1,580	27	1,581	27	1,571	27
Apartments	499	8	480	8	493	8	491	8	473	8
Mixed use/other	207	4	253	4	239	4	229	4	234	4
Subtotal	6,101	100%	6,013	100%	5,924	100%	5,932	100%	5,893	100%
Allowance for losses	(24)	=	(27)	====	(30)	====	(33)	====	(36)	===
Unamortized fees and costs			<u> </u>		<u> </u>				1	
Total	\$ 6,077		\$ 5,986		\$ 5,894		\$ 5,899		\$ 5,858	
Allowance for Losses on Commercial Mortgage Loans										
Beginning balance	\$ 27		\$ 30		\$ 33		\$ 36		\$ 38	
Release	(3)		(3)		(3)		(3)		(2)	
Ending balance	\$ 24		\$ 27		\$ 30		\$ 33		\$ 36	

Commercial Mortgage Loans Summary (amounts in millions)

	September	30, 2014	June 30,	2014	March 31	, 2014	December 3	31, 2013	September 3	30, 2013
	Principal	% of	Principal	% of	Principal	% of	Principal	% of	Principal	% of
Loan Size	Balance	Total	Balance	Total	Balance	Total	Balance	Total	Balance	Total
Under \$5 million	\$ 2,445	40%	\$ 2,415	40%	\$ 2,405	41%	\$ 2,435	41%	\$ 2,393	41%
\$5 million but less than \$10 million	1,704	28	1,687	28	1,645	28	1,638	28	1,594	27
\$10 million but less than \$20 million	1,498	25	1,380	23	1,376	23	1,358	23	1,315	22
\$20 million but less than \$30 million	256	4	232	4	204	3	205	3	227	4
\$30 million and over	198	3	299	5	294	5	296	5	364	6
Total	\$ 6,101	100%	\$ 6,013	100%	\$ 5,924	100%	\$ 5,932	100%	\$ 5,893	100%

Commercial Mortgage Loan Information by Vintage as of September 30, 2014 (loan amounts in millions)

Loan Year	Total Recorded Investment(1)	Number of Loans	ě .		Loan-To-Value(2)	Delinquent Principal Balance	Number of Delinquent Loans	Bal	Average Balance Per Delinquent Loan	
2004 and prior	\$ 794	414	\$	2	40%	<u> </u>		\$		
2005	960	240	\$	4	54%	_	_	\$	_	
2006	844	225	\$	4	61%	24	4	\$	6	
2007	669	148	\$	5	69%	_	_	\$	_	
2008	232	51	\$	5	64%	6	1	\$	6	
2009	_	_	\$	_	— %	_	_	\$	_	
2010	129	59	\$	2	43%	_	_	\$	_	
2011	266	53	\$	5	56%	_	_	\$	_	
2012	652	95	\$	7	61%	_	_	\$	_	
2013	850	138	\$	6	64%	_	_	\$	_	
2014	705	113	\$	_	69%			\$	_	
Total	\$ 6,101	1,536	\$	4	59%	\$ 30	5	\$	6	

Total recorded investment reflects the balance sheet carrying value gross of related allowance and the unamortized balance of loan origination fees and costs.

⁽²⁾ Represents weighted-average loan-to-value as of September 30, 2014.

General Account GAAP Net Investment Income Yields (amounts in millions)

		201	14		2013					
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	
GAAP Net Investment Income										
Fixed maturity securities—taxable	\$ 651	\$ 666	\$ 648	\$1,965	\$ 663	\$ 651	\$ 672	\$ 656	\$2,642	
Fixed maturity securities—non-taxable	3	3	3	9	2	3	2	2	9	
Commercial mortgage loans	82	81	83	246	91	81	81	82	335	
Restricted commercial mortgage loans related to securitization entities	3	4	4	11	1	8	7	7	23	
Equity securities	3	4	4	11	4	3	6	4	17	
Other invested assets	36	26	39	101	33	33	33	46	145	
Limited partnerships	10	13	11	34	24	8	6	2	40	
Restricted other invested assets related to securitization entities	1	1	1	3	4	_	_	_	4	
Policy loans	32	32	31	95	32	33	32	32	129	
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments	7	7	5	19	4	4	5	7	20	
Gross investment income before expenses and fees	828	837	829	2,494	858	824	844	838	3,364	
Expenses and fees	(23)	(24)	(24)	(71)	(23)	(23)	(23)	(24)	(93)	
Net investment income	\$ 805	\$ 813	\$ 805	\$2,423	\$ 835	\$ 801	\$ 821	\$ 814	\$3,271	
Annualized Yields										
Fixed maturity securities—taxable	4.6%	4.7%	4.6%	4.6%	4.7%	4.7%	4.9%	4.7%	4.8%	
Fixed maturity securities—non-taxable	3.4%	3.5%	3.7%	3.6%	2.6%	4.2%	2.9%	2.7%	3.1%	
Commercial mortgage loans	5.4%	5.5%	5.6%	5.5%	6.2%	5.5%	5.5%	5.6%	5.7%	
Restricted commercial mortgage loans related to securitization entities	6.6%	6.7%	7.0%	6.6%	1.5%	10.5%	8.6%	8.4%	7.6%	
Equity securities	4.2%	5.3%	5.1%	4.9%	4.7%	3.2%	5.7%	3.4%	4.2%	
Other invested assets	58.6%	40.5%	56.9%	51.8%	44.9%	42.1%	29.4%	28.3%	32.8%	
Limited partnerships(1)	15.3%	19.6%	16.1%	16.9%	33.2%	10.4%	7.5%	2.4%	12.8%	
Restricted other invested assets related to securitization entities	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	4.2%	— %	— %	— %	1.1%	
Policy loans	8.5%	8.7%	8.6%	8.6%	8.3%	7.9%	7.8%	8.0%	8.1%	
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments	0.7%	0.6%	0.4%	0.6%	0.4%	0.4%	0.5%	0.7%	0.5%	
Gross investment income before expenses and fees	4.7%	4.7%	4.7%	4.7%	4.9%	4.8%	4.9%	4.8%	4.8%	
Expenses and fees	-0.1%	-0.1%	-0.1%	-0.1%	-0.1%	-0.1%	-0.1%	-0.1%	-0.1%	
Net investment income	4.6%	4.6%	4.6%	4.6%	4.8%	4.7%	4.8%	4.7%	4.7%	

Yields are based on net investment income as reported under GAAP and are consistent with how the company measures its investment performance for management purposes. Yields are annualized, for interim periods, and are calculated as net investment income as a percentage of average quarterly asset carrying values except for fixed maturity and equity securities, derivatives and derivative counterparty collateral, which exclude unrealized fair value adjustments and securities lending activity, which is included in other invested assets and is calculated net of the corresponding securities lending liability. See page 73 herein for average invested assets and cash used in the yield calculation.

Limited partnership investments are equity-based and do not have fixed returns by period.

Net Investment Gains (Losses), Net—Detail¹⁾ (amounts in millions)

		201	14				2013		
	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
Net realized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities:									
Fixed maturity securities:									
U.S. corporate	\$ 5	\$ (6)	\$ (9)	\$ (10)	\$ (5)	\$ 1	\$ 22	\$ 4	\$ 22
U.S. government, agencies and government-sponsored enterprises	_	2	_	2	5	2	1	_	8
Foreign corporate	2	13	(2)	13	1	—	8	1	10
Foreign government	_	_	_	_	2	(2)	8	4	12
Tax-exempt	_	_	(1)	(1)	_	_	_	(2)	(2)
Mortgage-backed securities	(1)	_	_	(1)	(2)	(9)	(15)	(20)	(46)
Asset-backed securities	_	_	_	_	(6)	(5)	(11)	(8)	(30)
Equity securities	2	6	1	9	5	6	8	3	22
Foreign exchange		1		1					
Total net realized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities	8	16	(11)	13		<u>(7</u>)	21	(18)	(4)
Impairments:									
Sub-prime residential mortgage-backed securities	_	_	_	_	(1)	(1)	_	(2)	(4)
Alt-A residential mortgage-backed securities	(1)			(1)					
Total sub-prime and Alt-A residential mortgage-backed securities	(1)			(1)	(1)	(1)		(2)	(4)
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	_	_	_	_	(2)	(1)	(2)	(1)	(6)
Corporate fixed maturity securities	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(4)	(4)
Financial hybrid securities	(3)	_	_	(3)	_	_	_	—	_
Commercial mortgage loans		(1)	(1)	(2)		(1)	(2)		(3)
Total impairments	(4)	(1)	(1)	(6)	(3)	(3)	(4)	(7)	(17)
Net unrealized gains (losses) on trading securities	3	5	8	16	(5)	(5)	(11)	6	(15)
Derivative instruments	(25)	(4)	(14)	(43)	9	(12)	(2)	(27)	(32)
Limited partnerships	_	(1)	_	(1)	_	(2)	_	_	(2)
Commercial mortgage loans held-for-sale market valuation allowance	2	2	2	6	(1)	2	1	1	3
Contingent purchase price valuation change	(1)	_	_	(1)	_	_	(1)	1	_
Net gains (losses) related to securitization entities	(1)	6	4	9	17	13	9	6	45
Other								(1)	(1)
Net investment gains (losses), net of taxes	(18)	23	(12)	(7)	17	(14)	13	(39)	(23)
Adjustment for DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves, net of taxes	6	1	1	8	_	4	5	12	21
Adjustment for net investment (gains) losses attributable to noncontrolling interests, net of taxes	2	(4)	1	(1)	(2)	(3)	(3)	(1)	(9)
Net investment gains (losses), net	\$ (10)	\$ 20	\$ (10)	\$ <u></u>	\$ 15	\$ (13)	\$ 15	\$ (28)	\$ (11)

⁽¹⁾ All adjustments for income taxes assume a 35% tax rate.

Reconciliations of Non-GAAP Measures

Reconciliation of Operating ROE (amounts in millions)

Twelve Month Rolling Average ROE	Twelve months ended								
	Sept	ember 30,	June 30,	M	arch 31,	Dec	ember 31,	Sept	tember 30,
		2014	2014		2014		2013		2013
GAAP Basis ROE									
Net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders for the twelve months ended (1)	\$	(276)	\$ 676	\$	641	\$	560	\$	520
Quarterly average Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income									
$(loss)^{(2)}$	\$	11,770	\$ 11,833	\$	11,699	\$	11,550	\$	11,412
GAAP Basis ROE (1)/(2)		-2.3%	5.7%		5.5%		4.8%		4.6%
Operating ROE									
Net operating income for the twelve months ended (1)	\$	228	\$ 684	\$	659	\$	616	\$	584
Quarterly average Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income									
(loss)(2)	\$	11,770	\$ 11,833	\$	11,699	\$	11,550	\$	11,412
Operating ROE(1)/(2)		1.9%	5.8%		5.6%		5.3%		5.1%

Quarterly Average ROE Three months ended									
	Sept	ember 30,	June 30,	M	arch 31,	Dec	ember 31,	Sept	ember 30,
		2014	2014		2014		2013		2013
GAAP Basis ROE									
Net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders for the period ended (3)	\$	(844)	\$ 176	\$	184	\$	208	\$	108
Average Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity for the period, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income									
$(loss)^{(4)}$	\$	11,651	\$ 12,051	\$	11,942	\$	11,758	\$	11,606
Annualized GAAP Quarterly Basis ROE (3)/(4)		-29.0%	5.8%		6.2%		7.1%		3.7%
Operating ROE									
Net operating income (loss) for the period ended ⁽³⁾	\$	(317)	\$ 158	\$	194	\$	193	\$	139
Quarterly average Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity for the period, excluding accumulated other comprehensive									
income (loss)(4)	\$	11,651	\$ 12,051	\$	11,942	\$	11,758	\$	11,606
Annualized Operating Quarterly Basis ROE (3)/(4)		-10.9%	5.2%		6.5%		6.6%		4.8%

Non-GAAP Definition for Operating ROE

The company references the non-GAAP financial measure entitled "operating return on equity" or "operating ROE." The company defines operating ROE as net operating income (loss) divided by average ending Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in average ending Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders equity. Management believes that analysis of operating ROE enhances understanding of the efficiency with which the company deploys its capital. However, operating ROE is not a substitute for net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders divided by average ending Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity determined in accordance with GAAP.

- The twelve months ended information is derived by adding the four quarters of net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders and net operating income (loss) from page 9 herein.
- (2) Quarterly average Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), is derived by averaging ending Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), but including equity related to discontinued operations for the most recent five quarters.

 Net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders and net operating income (loss) from page 9 herein.
- Quarterly average Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), is derived by averaging ending Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss).

Reconciliation of Core Yield

		2014 2013								
	(Assets—amounts in billions)	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
	Reported—Total Invested Assets and Cash	\$76.6	2Q \$76.9	\$74.8	\$ 76.6	\$72.8	\$73.1	\$72.2	\$76.5	\$ 72.8
	Subtract:									
	Securities lending	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
	Unrealized gains (losses)	5.4	5.6	4.3	5.4	2.8	3.3	3.7	6.7	2.8
	Derivative counterparty collateral	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.2
	Adjusted end of period invested assets and cash	\$70.4	\$70.6	\$69.8	\$ 70.4	\$69.6	\$69.3	\$67.9	\$69.0	\$ 69.6
(A)	Average Invested Assets And Cash Used in Reported Yield Calculation	\$70.5	\$70.2	\$69.7	\$ 70.1	\$69.5	\$68.6	\$68.5	\$69.4	\$ 69.0
	Subtract:									
	Restricted commercial mortgage loans and other invested assets related to securitization entities (1)	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3
(B)	Average Invested Assets And Cash Used in Core Yield Calculation	70.3	70.0	69.5	69.9	69.2	68.3	68.3	69.1	68.7
	Subtract:									
	Portfolios supporting floating products and non-recourse funding obligations (2)	4.0	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.4	4.6	5.2	5.7	5.0
(C)	Average Invested Assets And Cash Used in Core Yield (excl. Floating and Non-Recourse Funding) Calculation	\$66.3	\$65.8	\$65.2	\$ 65.7	\$64.8	\$63.7	\$63.1	\$63.4	\$ 63.7
	(Income—amounts in millions)									
(D)	Reported—Net Investment Income	\$ 805	\$ 813	\$ 805	\$2,423	\$ 835	\$ 801	\$ 821	\$ 814	\$3,271
	Subtract:									
	Bond calls and commercial mortgage loan prepayments	17	7	10	34	8	15	14	10	47
	Reinsurance ⁽³⁾	19	13	22	54	20	17	21	22	80
	Other non-core items (4)	(18)	12	5	(1)	17	4	19	2	42
	Restricted commercial mortgage loans and other invested assets related to securitization entities (1)	3	3	3	9	3	4	4	4	15
(E)	Core Net Investment Income	784	778	765	2,327	787	761	763	776	3,087
	Subtract:									
	Investment income from portfolios supporting floating products and non-recourse funding obligations (2)	22	23	21	66	27	24	25	25	101
(F)	Core Net Investment Income (excl. Floating and Non-Recourse Funding)	\$ 762	\$ 755	\$ 744	\$2,261	\$ 760	\$ 737	\$ 738	\$ 751	\$2,986
(D) / (A)	Reported Yield	4.57%	4.63%	4.62%	4.61%	4.81%	4.67%	4.79%	4.69%	4.74%
(E) / (B)	Core Yield	4.46%	4.45%	4.40%	4.44%	4.55%	4.46%	4.47%	4.49%	4.49%
(F) / (C)	Core Yield (excl. Floating and Non-Recourse Funding)	4.60%	4.59%	4.56%	4.58%	4.69%	4.63%	4.68%	4.74%	4.68%
			1							

Notes: Columns may not add due to rounding. Yields have been annualized.

Non-GAAP Definition for Core Yield

The company references the non-GAAP financial measure entitled "core yield" as a measure of investment yield. The company defines core yield as the investment yield adjusted for items that do not reflect the underlying performance of the investment portfolio. Management believes that analysis of core yield enhances understanding of the investment yield of the company. However, core yield is not a substitute for investment yield determined in accordance with GAAP.

- (1) Represents the incremental assets and investment income related to restricted commercial mortgage loans and other invested assets.
- (2) Floating products refer to institutional products and the non-recourse funding obligations that support certain term and universal life insurance reserves in the company's life insurance business.
- (3) Represents imputed investment income related to reinsurance agreements in the lifestyle protection insurance business.
- (4) Includes cost basis adjustments on structured securities, preferred stock income and various other immaterial items.

Corporate Information

Financial Strength Ratings

The company's principal life insurance subsidiaries are rated in terms of financial strength by Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC (S&P), Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's) and A.M. Best Company, Inc. (A.M. Best) as follows:

Company	S&P	Moody's	A.M. Best
Genworth Life Insurance Company	A-	A3	A
Genworth Life and Annuity Insurance Company	A-	A3	A
Genworth Life Insurance Company of New York	A-	A3	A

The company's principal mortgage insurance subsidiaries are rated in terms of financial strength by S&P and Moody's as follows:

Company	S&P	Moody's
Genworth Mortgage Insurance Corporation	BB-	Bal
Genworth Residential Mortgage Insurance Corporation of NC	BB-	Ba1
Genworth Financial Mortgage Insurance Pty. Limited (Australia)	AA-	A3
Genworth Financial Mortgage Insurance Limited (Europe)	BBB-	Not rated
Genworth Financial Mortgage Insurance Company Canada(1)	AA-	Not rated
Genworth Seguros de Credito a la Vivienda S.A. de C.V(2)	Not rated	Aa3.mx

- (1) Genworth Financial Mortgage Insurance Company Canada is also rated "AA" by Dominion Bond Rating Service (DBRS).
- (2) Genworth Seguros de Credito a la Vivienda S.A. de C.V. is also rated "Baa3" by Moody's on a Global Scale Insurance financial strength basis.

The company's principal lifestyle protection insurance subsidiaries are rated in terms of financial strength by S&P as follows:

Company	S&P
Financial Assurance Company Limited	
Financial Insurance Company Limited	Α-

The S&P, Moody's, A.M. Best and DBRS ratings included are not designed to be, and do not serve as, measures of protection or valuation offered to investors. These financial strength ratings should not be relied on with respect to making an investment in the company's securities.

Financial Strength Ratings (continued)

S&P states that an insurer rated "AA" (Very Strong) has very strong financial security characteristics that outweigh any vulnerabilities, and is highly likely to have the ability to meet financial commitments. Insurers rated "AA" (Very Strong), "A" (Strong), "BBB" (Good) or "BB" (Marginal) have very strong, strong, good, or marginal financial security characteristics, respectively. The "AA," "BBB" and "BB" ranges are the second-, third-, fourth- and fifth-highest of nine financial strength rating ranges assigned by S&P, which range from "AAA" to "R." A plus (+) or minus (-) shows relative standing in a rating category. These suffixes are not added to ratings in the "AAA" category or to ratings below the "CCC" category. Accordingly, the "AA-," "A-," "BBB-" and "BB-" ratings are the fourth-, seventh-, tenth- and thirteenth-highest of S&P's 21 ratings categories.

Moody's states that insurance companies rated "A" (Good) offer good financial security and that insurance companies rated "Ba" (Questionable) offer questionable financial security. The "A" (Good) and "Ba" (Questionable) ranges are the third- and fifth-highest, respectively, of nine financial strength rating ranges assigned by Moody's, which range from "Aaa" to "C." Numeric modifiers are used to refer to the ranking within the groups, with 1 being the highest and 3 being the lowest. These modifiers are not added to ratings in the "Aaa" category or to ratings below the "Caa" category. Accordingly, the "A3" and "Ba1" ratings are the seventh- and eleventh-highest, respectively, of Moody's 21 ratings categories. Issuers or issues rated "Aa.mx" demonstrate very strong creditworthiness relative to other issuers in Mexico.

A.M. Best states that the "A" (Excellent) rating is assigned to those companies that have, in its opinion, an excellent ability to meet their ongoing insurance obligations. The "A" (Excellent) rating is the third-highest of 15 ratings assigned by A.M. Best, which range from "A++" to "F."

DBRS states that long-term obligations rated "AA" are of superior credit quality. The capacity for the payment of financial obligations is considered high and unlikely to be significantly vulnerable to future events. Credit quality differs from "AAA" only to a small degree.

S&P, Moody's, A.M. Best and DBRS review their ratings periodically and the company cannot assure you that it will maintain the current ratings in the future. Other agencies may also rate the company or its insurance subsidiaries on a solicited or an unsolicited basis.

About Genworth Financial

Genworth is a leading financial services company meeting the retirement, longevity and lifestyle protection, investment and mortgage insurance needs of its customers, with a presence in more than 25 countries. For more information, visit www.genworth.com.

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